The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

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THOMAS TIGAR,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE—*Over P. P. Bailey's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets Third Story.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum n Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

The Knox Insurance Co.

OF VINCENNES, IA.

CAPITAL $200,000.

DIRECTORS.

Robert N. Carnan, Vincennes, Ia.
William J. Wise, "
William J. Heberd, "
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Cyrus M. Allen, "
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PETER P. BAILEY, Agent, Fort Wayne.

The undersigned having been appointed agent of the Knox Insurance Co. at this place, is now prepared to insure against loss by fire on buildings, merchandise and all description of property, also on vessels and their cargoes, on the most reasonable terms. All losses promptly adjusted and paid. P. P. BAILEY, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, December 1, 1849. y22

Columbus Insurance Company,

OF COLUMBUS, OHIO.

Capital paid in $300,000.

INCORPORATED IN 1832.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, Agent.

THE Subscriber, agent at Fort Wayne of this successful and responsible Company continues to insure on risks in Allen and adjacent counties.

This Company, since its organization, has paid nearly $200,000 of dividends to its stockholders. The losses have always been promptly adjusted and paid. The subscriber during the past year paid over $2,500 for losses on policies issued by him. All losses are adjusted at the agency where the risk is taken, and persons insuring in the Company may have full confidence of its ability to pay, and of its liberal, prompt, and honorable dealing with the insured.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*

Fort Wayne, Nov. 27, 1849. y22

Protection

Fire & Marine Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Incorporated in 1825. Annual Premiums, Capital Stock, and Surplus Fund

$1,000,000.

This old and responsible Company continues to issue policies on the most favorable terms on Dwelling Houses, Household Furniture, Stores, Stock of Goods, Warehouses, and contents, Mills & Manufactories, &c., &c., against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,

Also, on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, against the hazard of

INLAND TRANSPORTATION,

And upon the

CARGOES OF SEA VESSELS.

The Protection Insurance Company having in the last twenty-five years, paid MANY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS at the several agencies throughout the United States and the British Provinces, have established a just reputation for solvency and fair dealing, which challenges comparison with any other insurance company on the Continent of America. The annexed extract from an article on the subject of Insurance Companies, taken from the "New York Day Book," exhibits briefly the standing and policy of the Company.

"The 'Moneyed men' of the ancient and always prosperous city of Hartford, have for half a century been famous throughout the Union for the care, discretion rigid honesty, and unvarying success, with which they have formed and managed corporations of this description. *No Hartford Bank or Insurance Company has ever failed!* These Companies have for more than a whole generation scattered their risks in nearly every State in the Union, and have never failed to pay the innumerable losses which they have insured against."

All losses arising upon policies issued by the undersigned, will be promptly adjusted and paid at the General Agency office, located at Cincinnati, O. A large portion of the funds of the Company, (including all premiums received at the Western agencies,) is deposited with the General Agent of the Company, at Cincinnati, for the payment of western and southern losses.

Apply to the subscriber, Agent for the town of Fort Wayne, and for Allen County.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, Oct. 20, 1849. y.

CASH PAID FOR

Land Warrants & County Orders

T. PRITCHARD will pay cash and the highest price for any quantity of Land Warrants and Allen County Orders. He also sells the same on favorable terms.

He also offers about two thousand acres of first rate WILD LAND in Adams, Wells, and Allen counties, which will be sold at from $2,00 to $2,50 per acre. Persons wishing to buy land would find it to their advantage to give him a call.

THOMAS PRITCHARD.

Fort Wayne, Sept. 15, 1849. 21y4.

New Supply of Yankee Notions

AT FILSON'S MULTUM IN PARVO.

THE undersigned is now receiving from Canal Boat H. McCulloch, Capt. Little, always through by daylight, the largest and best selected stock of

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS

right from Yankee Land. The following goods will be found on hands:

Heavy Buck Mitts and Gloves
100 doz. fine Woolen Comforts.
25 doz. do. for the Ladies.
10 doz. Gent's fine black Kid Gloves.
10 doz. Ladies do.
40 pcs. black and fancy col'd Alpacas.
50 pcs black and bullion Fringes.
50 doz. fancy Dress Buttons for Ladies' wear.
40 doz. Ladies' Lamb's Wool Hose.
25 doz. Children's do.
20 doz. Woolen Gloves, all sizes.
100 doz. fancy Combs.
50 doz. Buffalo Horn do.
200 doz. Coleman's Patent Thread.
500 doz Spool Thread.
Buttons, Pins, and Needles, by the quantity.
5 doz. Porte Monaires.
Violin Strings, Ladies' Suspenders, &c.
50 doz. Elastics.
100 doz. Whale Bone.
100 Reams Cap Paper.
25 " Letter Paper.
100 " Wrapping Paper
10,000 Envelopes.
500 fancy gilt do.
100 gross Blue Top Matches
10 doz. Expanded Hearts
300 packages Pins.

And ten thousand different articles to tedious to mention. All you have to do is to call and see E. C. spread himself.

J. E. FILSON.

Nov. 17, 1849 20—y.

NOTICE.

PHYSICIANS, Merchants and others desirous of securing *good* articles at fair prices, are invited to call and examine my

STOCK OF DRUGS, &C.

which is now complete, and not to be excelled in this city.

JAMES B. SHOAFF,

y6. DRUGGIST, Fort Wayne

The Last Arrival for the Season

THE STEAMBOAT OHIO

HAS just arrived direct from New York, and is landing at the Checkered Cash Store upwards of

Thirty Tons of Goods,

which we are bound to sell at WHOLESALE and RETAIL, and at very low prices. The goods we received by the steamer consists in part of

Prints, Sattinetts, Cassimeres, Jeans, Flannels, Linseys' Sheetings, Batting, Cotton Yarn, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Lead, Nails, Glass, Buckets, Brooms, Tubs, Churns, Tobacco, &c., &c.

which we pledge ourselves to *sell cheaper than can be bought elsewhere.*

Country Merchants will find it an object to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We are taking all kinds of *Country Produce* in exchange for Goods, wholesale or retail.

Cash paid for WHEAT and BLACK SALTS, and liberal advances made on Flour, Pork, Pearl and Pot Ashes received in store. Don't forget the place—the Checkered Cash Store.

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

200 Pieces Wall Paper, plain, ground ed, Blended, and satin finish, from 10 to 50 cents per piece, on hand and for sale by Dec. 15. AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

20 Pieces superior Canton Flannel for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

120 Reams Crown, Medium and Double Crown Wrapping Paper, very cheap by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

2000 Lbs. Bar Lead for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

1500 Lbs. Batting just rec'd and for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

20 Bales Heavy Brown Sheetings just rec'd and for sale low, wholesale or retail by, Dec. 8. AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

100 Bags Eastern Rio Coffee, prime article, on hand and for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

25 Hhds Strikly prime old N. O. Sugar now receiving and for sale low by the barrel or single pound. AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

25 Bbls. N. O. Molasses on and for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

300 Boxes Virginia Cavendish Tobacco for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

335 Boxes 8 by 10 and 10 by 12 Glass, a superior article, for sale by Dec. 8. AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

75 Kegs Shamberger Nails for sale very low by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

500 Doz. Wooden Buckets, also Tubs and Churns just received and for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

125 Doz. Brooms for sale by the doz. by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

R. SUTHERLAND,

TIN, SHEET IRON & COPPER WARE MANUFACTURER

AND

Dealer in Stoves,

RETURNS his most grateful thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, and respectfully informs them that he has now on hand a large variet

Parlor,

COOKING

AND

Box

STOVES,

of the most approved varieties, which he is determined to offer at such prices as will make it an object for those wanting Stoves to give him a call.

He particularly directs attention to a new and beautiful article of

Air-Tight Self-Regulating Parlor Stoves,

on an entirely new principle, which by means of a self acting valve will always keep the room at any required temperature.—For neatness, convenience and economy of fuel, this stove is unequalled by any in the market.

He also received a full supply of

Tin, Sheet Iron, & Copper,

which he will make to order on the most reasonable terms. A general assortment of TIN WARE kept on hand. Jobbing Mending, &c, promptly attended to.

Shop, on Columbia Street, one door east of C. A. Gay's Store, No. 18.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 24, 1849. 21

Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, **ENGINES** of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.

Fort Wayne, July 14, 1849. 2

Fall and Winter Styles of Goods.

MRS. DYKES is now receiving a large and general assortment of FANCY GOODS, suited to the approaching season, and of the latest styles.

A large assortment of Bonnet and Cap Ribbons, and Trimmings of every description. De Laines, Cashmeres, Mohair, Lustres, Silk and other *DRESS GOODS* of the newest styles.—A splendid assortment of Plaid Cashmere *Shawls*, &c., &c.

Sept. 22, 1849.

BRANDY & WINE.—A pure article of Brandy and Wine for Medicine use can be found at WALKER'S DStore.

100 Cans Baltimore OYSTERS, for sale at FILSON'S.

800 Lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale H. B. REED.

LAMP OIL.

A superior articles winter strained sperm oil. Also Tanner's Oil, and Neet's Foot Oil, for sale very low. H. B. REED.

POETRY.

LIKING AND DISLIKING.

Ye who know the reason, tell me
How it is that instinct still
Prompts the heart to like—or like not—
At its own capricious will!
Tell me by what hidden magic
Our impressions first are led
Into liking—or disliking—
Oft before a word is said!

Why should *smiles* sometimes repel us?
Bright eyes turn our feelings cold?
What is that which comes to tell us
All that glitters is not gold?
Oh—no feature, plain or striking,
But a power we cannot shun,
Prompts our liking or disliking,
Ere acquaintance hath begun!

Is it instinct—or some spirit
Which protects us—and controls
Every impulse we inherit
By some sympathy of souls?
Is it instinct?—is it nature?
Or some freak, or fault of chance,
Which our liking—or disliking—
Limits to a single glance?

Like presentiment of danger,
Though the sky no shadow flings;
Or that inner sense, still stranger,
Of unseen—unuttered things!
Is it—oh, can no one tell me,
No one show sufficient cause
Why our likings—or dislikings—
Have their own instinctive laws?

Something Rich—Bausman vs. Clayton.

Our Whig friend Wm. Bausman, late editor of the Lafayette Journal, is out in the Washington Union in an address of a column and a half, "to the President of the United States," in which he gives Mr. Secretary Clayton "thunder." He recites, with a stately pomposity which would do credit to Gibbon, that in January last, he filed with the Secretary of State, (or rather with his door keeper, for the Secretary himself could not be seen,) his application "for a commission of the consulate at Tangier, Morocco." Why this particular spot of "all the world" was selected in preference to the habitations of "the rest of mankind" as the scene of his glory, does not appear. Notwithstanding our friend B. was backed, by "recommendations of such an honorable and complete character as are seldom or never presented by applicants for office," he was destined to see his laudable ambition to serve his country nipped in the bud,—utterly squashed! Mr. Bausman says he waited for "several week" to see the effect of his recommendations, but becoming impatient, "sought *eight* different occasions, during the hours assigned by cabinet etiquette for an audience with the honorable Secretary," but "on eight different occasions was doomed to disappointment!" Then Ned. McGaughey tried it *eight* different times, and he couldn't come it either! At the eight round Mr. "gave it up," but not so with the pertinacious Bausman.—At the "ninth (auspicious number) attempt, his labors were actually crowned with success," and he looked upon the prodigious great man which it had taken him about 34 hours to get sight of! Clayton told him he had examined the numerous recommendations, and found them of "very excellent character," had spoken to the President on the subject, &c., who said he designed making no change in the office in question at present, but would inform the Secretary when he desired to do so, &c. But what was Bausman's surprise a few days after to see it announced in the newspapers, that the identical "consulate at Tangier had been conferred upon a Mr. Brown of New York!" Bausman says "well authenticated private rumor asserts, that among the applicants for this office besides myself, were Mr. Brown and Mr. Porter, at present in the city. Mr. Porter was refused the appointment at Tangier because, as the honorable Secretary stated, he had '*promised* it to a *personal friend of his*'—this Mr. Brown. "But," continued the Secretary 'I confer upon you the consulate at Tripoli, with like salary, in the same dominions in consideration of a long standing acquaintance with your father,' or some like unjustifiable reason."

Then Bausman proceeds to discuss Clayton's "malversations and duplicity in office," holding him up to "merited public indignation," calling him a "falsifier and paltroon," &c.—He says:

"The general course of the Secretary of State, in the exercise of the appointing power, has been such as to cover him with shame, to bring reproach upon your administration, and to scatter the whig party into such minute fragments as to deprive it even of a nucleus for a rallying point. His chief delight has appeared to be, to overlook the claims of the masses, to confer his rewards upon broken-down politicians, who have been twice, thrice, and irretrievably condemned by the people—to bestow the patronage of the government upon *great men's sons*, who have no claims but those derived from distinguished parentage—in fact, to subserve his own personal ambition at the expense of your reputation, and to the detriment of the whig party."

Bausman ventures to remind old Zuck that the "power behind the throne" is sometimes "greater than the throne itself," and that he obtained laurels as a General which I am afraid are withering on the brow of the Executive!" "It may be," he says, "that Indiana has no claims on the patronage of the government, as she failed, for want of numerical whig strength, to succeed—on the suggestion of a prominent Connecticut politician—in sending a strong enough whig delegation to Congress to secure her any fair proportion of that patronage. She was not wanting in volunteers, however, when a requisition was made upon her to fight the battles of Mexico."

Now all this comes, be it remembered, from a sworn friend of Taylorism, from one who "wasted" himself to secure its advent, even to the spending of "his whole substance."

Oh! Bausman, Bausman, your friends will surely have to give you another *public dinner!*—*Indiana State Sentinel.*

Completion of the Britannia Tubular Bridge.

The opening of this magnificent structure, looked forward to with so much interest, took place on March 5.

At 6½ o'clock in the morning, three powerful engines, (the Cambria, the St. David, and the Pegasus,) of from 50 to 60-horse power, each decorated with flags of all nations and union jacks, steamed up, and harnessed together, started from the Bangor station. At 7 o'clock the adventurous convoy, progressing at a speed of seven miles an hour, were lost sight of in the recess of the vast iron corridor. Instead of being driven through with a dispatch indicative of a desire on the part of those who manned it to get in and out with the utmost expedition, the locomotives were propelled to a slow and stately pace; with a view of boldly proving, by means of a dead weight, the calibre of the bridge at every hazard. The total weight of the locomotive was 90 tons.—The appearance of the interior of the tube during the interesting experiment was of a novel and remarkable character. The pauses that occurred during the progress of the transit, furnished an imposing view of the interior of the gigantic structure, which, as contrasted with that of a tunnel of similar length, was rendered comparatively cheerful by the recurrence at intervals of loopholes of light, which serve the three useful purposes of ventilating, and lighting, and divesting the tube of steam from the passing engines. The locomotives were brought to a standstill in the centre of each of the great spans, without causing the slightest strain or deflection. The first process—that of going through the tube and returning—occupied altogether ten minutes.

The second experiment convoy that went through consisted of twenty-four heavily laden wagons, filled with huge blocks of Brymbo coal, in all, engines included, an aggregate weight of 300 tons. This was drawn deliberately through, at the rate of from eight to ten miles an hour, the steam working at quarter power. During the passage of this experimental train through the tube, a breathless silence prevailed that was almost solemn, until the train rushed out exultingly, and with colors flying, on the other side of the tube, when loud acclamations arose, followed at intervals by the rattle of artillery down the straits.—Upon the return, which occupied about seven minutes, similar demonstrations ensued, and during the progress of the train, those who stood upon its top to ascertain any possible vibration reported they could detect no sensible deflection.

An ordeal stronger still was then resorted to; a train of 200 tons of coal was allowed to rest, with all its weight, for two hours in the centre of the Carnarvonshire tube, and at the end of the time, on the load being removed, it was found to have caused a deflection of only four tenths of an inch. It is remarkable this amount of deflection is not so much as one-half hour of sunshine would produce upon the structure, it being moreover calculated with confidence that the whole bridge might with safety and without injury to itself be deflected to the extent of thirteen inches. These loads, it is most material to remember, are immensely more than the bridge will ever be called upon to bear in the ordinary run of traffic, though engineers are of opinion that it would support with ease, and without much show of deflection, a dead weight on its centre of 1.000 tons. Twelve miles an hour is the limit of speed at which Mr. Stephenson intends that trains shall at first go through, more particularly as there are sharp curves at the termini of the tube.

About 12 o'clock another testing train was prepared to be taken through the tube. It consisted of the three engines, 200 tons of coal, and from 36 to 40 railway carriages, containing from 600 and 700 passengers, packed together as figs in a basket, all so clamorous and eager to "go through the tube," that it became impossible to accommodate them.

At length obediently to a long wild whistle, which was almost long enough to cover the extent of tube, they glided slowly into the interior, saluted by a loud burst of "Rule Britannia" from an array of Liverpool seamen up aloft in the towers at the entrance, on the front of which, cut deeply in the stone, were the words: "Erected Anno Domini 1850; Robert Stephenson, Engineer." As the huge train trailed slowly through the tube, successive salvos of artillery were fired at each end.

It may be interesting to know, that the general opinion of the numerous engineers present appears to be that the Britannia tube bridge is as trustworthy as any tunnel on *terra firma.*—*Scientific American.*

Good Example.—A most touching and appropriate definition of the command "*Pray without ceasing.*"

At an association of clergymen, on a certain occasion, it was proposed to hold a meeting for the purpose of considering the words of the apostle, "pray without ceasing." The meeting was to be holden in a month, and in the mean time, each clergyman was to write down his opinion and bring it in to be read. A religious servant girl, who lived in the house of one of the clergymen, overheard him talking about the matter, whereupon she exclaimed—

"What! a month wanted to tell the meaning of that text? It is one of the easiest and best texts in the Bible." "Well, well," said an old minister, "Mary what can you say about it? Let us know how you understand it; can you pray all the time?" "Oh yes, sir, the more I have to do the more I can pray." "Indeed! well Mary, do let us know how it is, for most people think otherwise."

"Well sir," said the girl, "when I first open my eyes in the morning, I pray, Lord, open the eyes of my understanding; and while I am dressing I pray that I may be clothed with a robe of righteousness; and I have washed me, I ask for the washing of regeneration; and as I begin work, I pray that I may have strength equal to my day; when I begin to kindle up the fire, I pray that God's work may revive in my soul; and as I sweep out the house, I pray that my heart may be cleansed of all its impurities; and while preparing and partaking of breakfast, I desire to be fed with the hidden manna, and the sincere milk of the word; and as I am busy with the little children, I look to God as my Father, and pray for the spirit of adoption, that I may be his child—and so on, all day, every thing I do furnishes me with a thought of prayer."

"Enough, enough!" cried the old divine. "these things are revealed to babes, and hid from the wise and prudent. Go on, Mary," said he, "pray without ceasing, and as for us, my brethren, let us bless the Lord for this exposition, and remember that he has said, the meek will he guide in judgment."

The essay, as a matter of course, was not considered necessary after this little event occurred.

Br. Whittemore very justly remarks:

"This young woman certainly spent her time in very profitable reflections, and we appeal to others who perhaps might jeer her, as being 'overmuch righteous,' whether her reflections were not more profitable, than thoughts on dances, dresses, balls, theatres, &c., &c.

CURE FOR SCURVY.—A correspondent of the Milwaukee Daily Wisconsin furnishes that paper the following cure for scurvy—a malady which has been and is likely to be so afflictive to California emigrants:

"In looking over the Penny Magazine of November 7th, 1832, I notice a preventive recommended by Rev. Mr. Walker, a chaplain in the British Navy. After describing the effect of scurvy on shipboard, he says, (and I give you the extract *verbatim*, which embraces all that may be necessary:) "How gratifying it is to know that the scurvy is almost entirely eradicated in the Navy. This desirable change has been produced, partly by great attention to cleanliness, diet, and comfort of the men, and partly by the constant use of the *acid of lemon*, which is a simple and effectual preventive. As long ago as the year 1600, Commodore Lancaster, on a voyage to the Cape of Good Hope, preserved his crew in health by administering three table spoonsful of *lemon juice* every morning to each of his men; while on board the other three ships of his squadron, where this precaution was neglected, the hands were so short through disease that the vessels were unmanageable.—And yet lemon-juice was not generally used in the British Navy till 1795. In 1780 there were 1,457 cases of scurvy received into Haslar Hospital—in 1806, one case only.

AMUSING INCIDENT.

Some three months since a romantic and amusing incident occured on board the splendid steamer "Gen. Lafayette," on her passage from Louisville to New Orleans. We think it at least worth recording.

The boat was crowded with ladies and gentlemen from every part of the country, some on pleasure excursions, others on business.—All seemed bent on enjoying themselves.—Every part of the boat was filled with passengers, and especially the ladies' cabin, every State Room and berth being occupied, a *merrier* party never rode the "Father of Waters."

Nothing out of the usual routine occured during the first two or three days. Every evening, as is usual on boats bound for the "Sunny South," card playing and tripping "the light fantastic toe" was the order of the programme.

About nine o'clock, on the evening of the fourth day, a signal light was discovered waving to and fro on the distant shore. The boat soon "rounded to" and an individual, enveloped in a cloak and closely veiled, stepped on board. Our passenger proved to be a maiden lady, of some thirty summers.

Where shall we "stow her" was now the enquiry. All of the ladies' berths being taken, the clerk was obliged to give her a state room in the gentleman's cabin near the ladies' saloon, and which was occupied by a tall, lank countryman, on his way "South" with a cargo of "notions." He being on the hurricane deck at this time, was not aware that he would have to give up his quarters for a female; the officers of the boat by some oversight, failing to apprise him of this "new feature."

The dancing having ceased, the "small hours of the morning being at hand, all now retired to their state-rooms; with the rest our unsuspecting maiden friend—she "turning in" the "lower birth," of the room, while our friend the countryman was fast asleep in the upper doubtless dreaming of the dimes he expected to pick up on his speculation.

Next morning the bell having announced breakfast, our maiden friend prepared to rise, when lo and behold! a pair of thick boots and a lot of "unmentionables" greeted her eyes!

At this moment our country friend also opened his "peepers." A lot of female apparel was the first thing that met his horrified vision. The truth flashed across his mind!—He had got into the "wrong box" perhaps: but that could not be, as his "duds" were where he placed them several days previous. Both were fairly caught! Who shall make the first move!

After much hesitation our friend in the upper berth ventured to look below—a pair of large eyes were staring him full in the face! After playing a regular game of "bo-peep" for some time, our country friend with all the gallantry of a gentleman suggested the propriety of her just covering her eyes a moment until he slipped on his——"inexpressibles." She did so and he vamosed like smoke.

His first business was to find the clerk who had placed him in such a "ridiculous fix."—Apologies were made, and a hearty laugh enjoyed at his expense. He agreed to treat all hands if his fellow passengers would keep cool.

All noticed that Jonathan paid his maiden friend great attention during the remainder of the trip. Several overheard him telling her about his prospects in life.

We simply add that we last saw them wending their way down Chatres street, enquiring for the nearest magistrate. It proved really a case of "love at first sight."—*Cin. Dispatch.*

Reduction of Tolls.—We are happy to learn that the Ohio Board of Public Works have offered to reduce the Tolls on the Wabash and Erie Canal, provided that the Trustees of the canal in this State will agree to a similar reduction. It will now be seen who is at fault in this matter, for if Mr. Butler does not accede to the proposition made to him by the Ohio Board it will be an evidence of his unwillingness to meet the liberal propositions made to him by them, and also to respond to the reduction which has been made by the New York Canal Commissioners. If Mr. Butler is influenced by an enlarged, liberal, and just view of the matter an arrangement can without doubt be made with the Ohio Board favorable to the agricultural and commercial interest of this State. It is equally the interests of the Bondholders to develope the resources of the State and increase there by the wealth of its citizens and their ability to pay their taxes to meet the interest of the public debt and eventually to liquidate it, as it is to increase the receipts of the Tolls from the canal. But we believe that a low rate of tolls while it favorably influences the first named consideration will have an equal effect in increasing the revenue of the canal.—*Lafayette Courier.*

MRS. POLK AND POLITICS.—A writer in Sartain's Magazine gives the following in relation to the wife of the late President—one of the most excellent and accomplished of women:

Mrs. Polk, though as far removed as possible from what would be called a politician, has yet taken pains to make herself well informed on public affairs. One who knows her intimately says, there are not twenty days in the year, that she does not spend a certain time each day, in reading the leading public journals, not those filled with trashy, "fashionable literature," but the solid productions of sterner intellect—the strong argumentive, philosophical matter, that none but strong and reflective minds can comprehend, that none other than healthy brains digest. Though perfectly acquainted with politics, yet with a rare judgment, and a comprehension of womanly delicacy, she seldom makes them a subject of conversation, and never takes sides in an objectionable manner.

Whatever was identified with the public career of her husband during his life, interested her. She made herself on this account, familiar with much that would have burdened others. An anecdote is here in point:

While Mr. Polk resided in Tennessee, a story was put in circulation, calculated to injure his reputation as a public man. He was, at the time of which we speak several hundred miles away from home. A gentleman well known, who was then editor of a political paper, eager to vindicate his fame, repaired to Mrs. Polk, and made known the circumstances to her. She instantly led him into her husband's private office, and selected different journals and manuscripts, referred immediately to the page and paragraph containing proofs of her husband's non-participation in the plot imputed to him. These soon were published to the world. Mr. Polk was then hurrying home. Rumors of these accusations had reached him, and he was anxious to confute them before they were generally received. As he was crossing one of the rivers of Tennessee, he accidentally met with a paper containing a complete refutation of the falsehood. In extreme but delightful surprise, he turned to a friend and remarked, "why! this is indeed singular—who could have done it? No one but Sarah knew so intimately my private affairs."

Went a Whaling.—In Pittsburgh, last week, a Mr. Shad cowhided a Mr. Mackerel The information is obtained of *fish*-ally.

No Party Delegates.—In those Counties and Senatorial districts, in which the two political parties are very nearly ballanced, or in which the Democrats have a majority, or are likely to have, how the Whigs cry for "no party candidates, select the best men—this should not be made a party question." Yet, as it happens, they are very careful that none of these "best men" are Democrats; even in our own district, where the Democrats have a small majority, the Whigs are surprised that it should be made a party question. But in our Representative district, is it no party? do they say elect the best man in the county? No! They know that they have the preponderance, and can elect their man. Therefore it is to be in the county, "party," but in the district, where they are a little uncertain of the result, "no party." Do they think they can deceive us by such a course? Do they think the Democrats have not yet lived nine days, and cannot see through their *project*? In the county they are strongly attached to principle, and they want Whig candidates, and nothing else; moreover they have their candidate already selected in the prospective, and is he not a Whig dyed in the wool? But in the district they are willing to go for a no party candidate, provided always that he is a Whig. Inconsistency always has been, and we presume ever will be, a jewel to the no party—Whig party.

It is utterly impossible in the present state of the two political parties, to select any man who would not be biased by his party predelections; if he has been a Whig, he will be a Whig still, and advocate, that cause, if a Democrat he will be found advocating democratic principles. This cannot be denied, for we have a complete demonstration of this, in the character of the great second Washington, President Taylor; and where was ever a greater no party man than he was in 1848 but, what is he now?.

Then away with this "no party" prattle, it is too weak, too shallow to deceive any one. Let the Democrats reflect upon their own interests, let them reflect that the constitution which the convention may frame will for years be the fundamental and restraining law of the state, and we have no fears but all will be right.—*Warsaw Democrat.*

Conjugal Harmony.—A man in Germany advertised that he had an organ that would play any tune out of an enumerated set at the *command of any one of the audience*; this made a great noise at the time, and puzzled all the conjurors and philosophers of the place. The organ was placed on a table with its back against the wall, the company were invited to examine it, then ask for a tune, which was immediately played, and if any one desired it was instantly silent. This went on for a long time, and the ingenious inventor was making a rapid fortune, and the secret would have been buried with him, had he not behaved most inharmoniously towards his loving wife one day, just before the performance was about to commence. The room was crowded, as usual, and a tune was called for, but not a note was heard; the owner became uneasy, and said, in a soothing, coaxing tone, "do play, my coot organs;" he got out of patience, and threatened to smash the instrument to pieces, when a hoarse female voice was heard to growl out—"Ay, do, you tyvel, break de organs, as you broke my head dis morning." This was too much for the choloric German; he took a chair and gave the instrument such a whack, that it drove it through the paper partition in the wall carrying with it another organ, which had been placed close at the back of the sham one, at which sat the obstinate grinder—his wife!

Cutting out her Daughter.—The Easton, (Md.) Star, of Tuesday, relates the following incident: It appears that a young man, who resided here a few years ago, by the name of F**, and afterwards removed to the village of R——, a few miles from C——, became enamored of a young lady in the neighborhood, the daughter of the widow C——, to whom he afterwards became engaged to be married, but from an opposition on the part of the parents—both of whom were then living,—or some other cause, the consumation of their "plighted vows" were deferred. Thus matters stood until a few weeks ago, when the wily mother sent the confiding and unsuspecting daughter on a short visit to C——, and during her absence drove into town in dashing style, in company with Mr. F**, and actually *—married him herself!* The astonishing news of her mother's marriage threw the poor girl into spasms, and at one time her life was despaired of, so overpowering was the shock that fell upon her young and confident heart. Her mother is said to be about *forty-five* years of age, and has been a widow only about *six months!* Beware of the viddlers, Samivel!

New Discovery.—The Galveston (Texas) News of the 15th ult., has an account of a process discovered by Mr. G. Borden, of that place, for making what is called "*meat biscuit.*" The biscuit, as prepared, have much the appearance of the ordinary kind, or of pilot bread. It is estimated that by this process, all the nutritive properties of meat are concentrated into less than one-fifth of their original bulk or weight. The meat in this form can be preserved for almost any length of time without trouble, expense or injury. No salt or other condiments whatever are put into it, so that it is always as fresh, and, as those who have tried it assert, as finely flavored as meat just killed. By simply grating the biscuit, an excellent soup may be made in a few minutes, and such seasoning or condiments applied as may suit the palate. It is asserted that a given quantity of this biscuit contains more nutrition than the same bulk or weight of any other food ever discovered; and those who have tried it, are astonished to find how very little of this soup entirely satisfies the appetite. It is estimated, that one pound of this biscuit is an ample three days' allowance of food for one man. If so, a mule can carry enough (say 300 pounds) to supply a company of fifteen men on a journey of two months. The News says that this biscuit has been examined by several gentlemen of eminence and scientific attainments at the north, who pronounced it an original, important and valuable discovery.

Stage Line to California.—By private and reliable information from Washington we learn that a proposition will be laid, in a few days before the Senate emenating from a company of the highest responsibility for running a line of Post Coaches from Independence, Mo., to California in 24 days, to be expressed in 12 days. The company only ask of Congress the strip of land 100 feet in width for the whole distance with the whole distance with the privilege of purchasing from government a quarter section of land for the purpose of stations, one in every ten miles. The company ask of government the use of the route for fifteen years, and agrees to make the franchise, and grants of land contingent upon their having the road in operation six months, and undertake to place 3,000 men upon the line of the road at once.

☞ Not a single case of cholera, thus far, has *originated*, on the Ohio river above the falls.—*Cin. Dispatch.*

The Eruption of Vesuvius—An Anecdote Killed.—Our foreign papers state that the eruption of Vesuvius, during the 2d week of February, was one of the most brilliant that ever taken place. It continued for five days and nights, and illuminated the whole region as far off as the island of Capri, some twenty miles. The railroads out of Naples ran all night to carry persons who went out to witness the grand spectacle. The emission of lava was so great that it flowed in a stream three miles wide and thirty feet deep to the distance of seven miles, on the side of the mountain opposite Naples. Thirty-two houses, two churches, and an immense number of vineyards and farms were destroyed by the burning lava. An entirely new crater, it is said, has been formed, though we have as yet no scientific account of the phenomenon. It appears that the eruption was remarkably sudden, as none of the usual signs had preceded it. A letter states that the mountain literally roared with the efforts it made to disgorge itself. The noise was like the firing of cannon at sea, and at every discharge, there was thrown up a mass of lava and rocks, which at night looked like balls of fire. A guide, who was on the mountain at the time, says:

"In the middle of the mountain, towards Somma, in an instant, a grotto was formed full of stalactites of sea salt and marine salt. I was about to gather some portion of it when the grotto began to open as if under the influence of an earthquake, and as I fled I found that my clothes were burned upon my back. Had I not quickened my speed my life would have been sacrificed, for in the same moment there issued forth a current of lava forty palms in breadth—whence, as also from the crater, were thrown up bombs and lightnings. In ten minutes the lava had extended to the foot of Somma, forming a most wonderful and beautiful scene."

A young American, named Charles Carrol Bayard, a Passed Midshipman in the United States Navy, and the son of a distinguished citizen of Philadelphia, died at Naples, on the 22d of February, in consequence of a wound received from a stone thrown from the crater of Vesuvius, while he was standing in company with other officers on the side of the mountain.—*N. Y. Post.*

What next?—The Montreal Gazette translates from L'Ayenir, a Canadian paper, the following extraordinary story, with the remark that the editors have *since* heard that the thing is dead:

Human Monster.—We learn that a female in the parish of St. Timothy has just given birth to an extraordinary child, which, in grotesque horror, exceeds all that humanity has yet produced in the way of infant phenomena. The new born child has nothing human about it but the had and arms; the rest is literally a tortoise, the back and belly covered with a hard shell, and the feet perfectly resembling the paws of the amphibious animal.

Like the tortoise, it can protrude and retract the feet within the shell, and articulates sounds which have not the slightest resemblance to the cry of a new-born child. We are even told that it can retract its head within the shell, until the top of it is level with the shoulders. The parents, obeying the first sentiments of horror, and dreading the disagreeable reputation which this occurrence might attach to their names, desired to destroy this prodigy immediately after its birth, but, having consulted their priest, they resigned themselves, and the child received baptism and is likely to live.

Corn Meal Sugar.—Experiment.—Drs. Bowers and Collins, of Moore's Hill, have been making experiments in converting corn meal into sugar, or rather subjecting corn meal to a chemical process which makes sugar.—Dr. B. is of opinion that the manufacture of sugar or molasses can be made profitable in his mode of operation by having the proper machinery, &c. He thinks one pound of unbolted meal will yield nearly or *quite a pound of sugar.* Should his theory prove practicable it will create a great revolution in matters and things in general, and sugar and whiskey in particular. We have a sample of these molasses in our possession, which—for aught we can see—is as good as New Orleans molasses. Dr. B. delivers a lecture on the subject to-night.—*Versailles Intelligencer.*

Clay's Opinion of Taylor's Generalship.—The following paragraph appears in a recent letter of the Washington correspondent of the Pennsylvanian.

"It is being whispered among the Taylor men, just now, that the President swears vengeance against Clay, because the latter, recently, at a dinner party, indulged in a free and bitter and sorrowful criticism upon the Generalship displayed at the battle of Buena Vista, where the gallant Col. Clay fell. You will recollect, a famous Taylor man was boring the bereaved father with a fulsome eulogy upon the skill displayed by Taylor on that occasion, when Mr. Clay took him up "short," saying that the victory was the *result merely* of a lucky chance—that no 'Generalship' was displayed by Taylor on that occasion, either before, in, or after the fight, and directly charging upon Taylor the loss of the many valuable American lives sacrificed on that occasion. His cheeks were suffused with tears, and he raised his voice to so high a note in his excitement, as to attract the attention of all present. He (Mr Clay) claimed to have made the subject a profound study, and, therefore, took the liberty of pronouncing, emphatically,

Democratic Conventions.

ALLEN COUNTY, at the court house in Fort Wayne, on Saturday, May 4th.

ADAMS COUNTY, at Decatur, on Saturday, the 27th April.

SENATORIAL DISTRICT, for *Allen, Adams, and Wells*, at Bluffton; on Wednesday, May 8th; at 11 o'clock A. M. Allen Co. is entitled to 19 delegates; Adams 9; and Wells 8

REPRESENTATIVE CONVENTION—*Adams & Wells.*—At Bluffton, on Wednesday, May 8th Adams will send 18 delegates, and Wells 16.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1850.

☞ Mr. V. B. PALMER, Tribune Buildings New York; Third and Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia; and No. 8 Congress Street, Boston, is *Sole Agent* for the Sentinel in those cities; and is alone authorised to receive subscriptions advertisments, &c. on our account.

☞ We are under obligations to Hon. JESSE D. BRIGHT, of the Senate, for a copy of the President's Message and Accompanying Documents, part I.

Allen County Democratic Convention.—We trust the democrats of this county will bear in mind that the County Convention will be held on the 4th May, (two weeks from this day.) If any townships have not yet appointed their delegates, they ought to do it immediately, as it is desirable that every township be represented in the convention. There are many important offices to be filled at the next August election, and we would recommend that the democrats of every township should have a voice in the selection of candidates. The delegates from this township will of course all be on hand, and if the country townships are not fully represented, it might give their town brethren rather an undue preponderance in the convention; we therefore urge on the democrats of every township to have their full complement of delegates in attendance. If they do not, it will of course be their own fault, and we hope they will not in that case complain of the nominations are not such as they would have preferred. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."

CONGRESS.—This august but garrulous body continues to employ itself in a great measure in talking about the various resolutions concerning the admission of California, the new territories, and the abolition or extension of slavery. The main point at issue seems to be, whether the question of the admission of California shall be acted upon singly, or in connection with the territories and slavery measures. The southern fanatics insist that these measures shall be acted upon and stand or fall together; and hope to secure the passage of a territorial bill without the Wilmot proviso, and the bill for compelling the citizens of free States to aid them in recapturing their runaway niggers, by coupling them with the admission of California, and making that admission depend upon the passage of the other measures. The northern members insist upon each measure's standing upon its own merits, and being acted and voted upon singly. Their position is so manifestly just, that we hope they will adhere to it, and urge through the bill for the admission of California with as little delay as possible, and then take up the other measures in succession, until the whole subject is disposed of and finally adjusted.—There are some symptoms that this will soon be done in the Senate; but in the House the slavery party still think they can stave off action on the admission of California except in conjunction with the other measures. In this we trust they may be disappointed; and we do hope that no northern member may be found so recreant to his duty to his constituents as to bow the knee to the slave power, and risk the failure of the admission of California this session to gratify the abstractions and obstinacy of the slaveholders.

DEMOCRATIC VICTORY!

CONNECTICUT REDEEMED!!

Full returns from the Connecticut election show our victory to be more complete and glorious than we had anticipated. Whiggery has sustained a regular Waterloo defeat, and is, we trust, prostrate for ever in Connecticut.—The general result is—

A Democratic majority on the popular Vote!
A Democratic majority of 9 in the Senate!!
A Democratic majority of 20 in the House!!!

Which ensures the election of

A Democratic Governor!
A Democratic Lieut. Governor!
A Democratic Treasurer!
A Democratic Comptroller!
A Democratic United States Senator!!!

The vote was the largest ever given in the State, and as the whigs made the most strenuous exertions, expending money lavishly, and courting the alliance of the abolitionists, while the democrats expressly repudiated the Wilmot Proviso, the conclusion is irresistible that Connecticut has at length seen the errors of whiggery; the weakness, imbecility, and gross corruption of the Cabinet at Washington, has shown that that party cannot safely be entrusted with power; and Connecticut has accordingly placed herself in the democratic column.

The democratic candidate for governor beats the whig over 1000 votes, and only lacks 2000 of an election by the people. A democratic U. S. Senator will be elected in place of Mr Baldwin, whose term expires in March next; and the democratic Governor and whole State Ticket will be elected by the Legislature.—Glory enough for one day!

OHIO CONVENTION.—*The Grand Result.*—The result of the election of delegates to the Ohio Convention for revising the Constitution of the State is most gratifying to every lover of liberty and equality. The democrats have elected 64 delegates, the whigs 41, and the free sellers 3! being a clear democratic majority over all of 20!! With such a convention we may reasonably hope to see such a constitution formed for our sister State as will merit the hearty support of the honest and liberal of all parties; and effectually guard the interests, the rights, and the liberties of the people from the encroachments of moneyed corporations, monopolies, and other similar allies of federalism.

A Crumb of Comfort for the Whigs.—We copy from the Lafayette Journal (whig):

"The "Galphin Claim" is more difficult of determination. While it may have been perfectly proper to allow the original amount, the interest swelling it from 48 to $198,000, renders the subject one of embarrasment to the immediate comprehension. It was wrong in Mr. Crawford to act as agent for its collection, and short-sighted for Reverdy Johnson to give an opinion which required his political friends to incur odium which previous administrations had dexterously avoided, by shifting responsibility.

"Gen. Taylor, a most excellent man himself—spotless in reputation, and scrupulously honest in all his motives—has unfortunately collected about him a Cabinet which has given dissatisfaction to his political supporters and the country. They have been just proscriptive enough to exasperate their opponents, without pleasing their friends. Public sentiment, which is first concentrated by the assembled Congress, and afterwards diffused through the same medium has been disappointed.

"I know of but a solitary Whig Congressman whom Mr. Clayton's conduct has entirely pleased, and that is a gentleman from his own State. He is profoundly reprobated on all hands I utter this as a Whig, and can prove it true to the letter. Expectation, so fondly indulged at first, has been succeded by mortification and defeat. He is denounced openly and above-board. His continuance as Premier, will wreck the Whig party, and public indignation says he must be decapitated.

"There was a fabled race of pigmies denominated *Ascii*, who in the full sun-blaze reflected no shadow. Two or three members of General Taylor's Cabinet, in their present position, may be said to resemble these *Ascians*. In the most elaborate problem of mathematical calculation they could not be worked out the fractional part of a decimal. Their false pride has blinded them to instruction. They are so inapproachable, that none of the heretofore prescribed rules of equality have an application to their self conceived ideas of personal dignity. They have courted their own destruction—they have set up a defence but it will not avail them. They "have rubbed the poor itch of their opinion till it is scabbed." Their day of grace has gone by "like the scuttle fish they may darken the water to escape the eye and aim of the pursuer;" but the device will not protect them from that thunderbolt of destruction which the Whig party holds impending over their devoted heads.

"This is strong language, you will say, to come from a Whig. It is, however the language of truth—it is the mere embodiment of public sentiment. If I know my own heart I wish to be ingenuous. In General Taylor I was not deceived—in his Cabinet I have been worse—the Whig party has been worse—we have been betrayed. The best way to recover our lost ground is to expel the traitors and preserve our principles, our integrity and our fidelity. These principles are high, pure, and lovely as they ever were. I could die in their defence; but in that terrible conflict, let me fight under proper colors; let me sail on no piratical vessel; let me struggle side by side with my friends; and if there be honor in victory the prize will be equally merited, since it is equally and honorable won."

Fort Wayne Female College.—The semi-annual examination of the students of this institution was held at the Methodist Church in this city on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday last. The examination was well attended by our citizens, and was, we understand highly gratifying and satisfactory.

More New Goods!—Messrs. AYLSWORTH & BORDEN have received their Spring Stock, which, if possible, exceeds everything of the kind they have heretofore offered for public inspection. Mr. Aylsworth, besides being an excellent judge of goods, and possessing great taste and skill in selecting his assortment, knows exactly what will best suit his customers; and as he purchases largely, with a view of wholesaling, he is enabled to sell at the very lowest prices.

And Still More!—Messrs. Orff & Schwegman, are now opening at their new store, near the Calhoun Street Bridge, a beautiful assortment of New Goods, of all kinds. They have been selected with much care and taste by the junior, who being a bachelor, and withal considerable of a ladies' man, has done his prettiest this time to preserve his popularity with the fairer portion of his customers. That he has succeeded, and will assuredly be rewarded with their smiles, none can doubt who take trouble to inspect the stock ne has laid in.—Rudolph is some and no mistake.

The Sweets of Life.—Mr. J. A. Colerick has just received a new stock of Confectionaries, Fruits, Groceries, &c. Also a few fine Oranges, Pickled Oysters, and other nicknacks. Those who have got a sweet tooth, will find this establishment the very place to gratify their taste.

He offers to sell Confectionary at wholesale, cheaper than any other man dare do; and as we know him to be a man of his word, we are satisfied he will do it.

☞ Mr. W. Campbell, of Tennessee, Clerk of the House of Representatives, died at Washington City on the 13th inst.

Adams Township Democratic Meeting.—At a meeting of the democrats of Adams Township, held at the house of Wm. H. McDonald, April 12th, the following were elected delegates to attend the county convention, to be held in Fort Wayne, May 4th: Wm. Smith, John Sheridan, R. McDonald, and Charles H. Smith. JACOB MILLER, Ch'n.

R. W. HULL, Sec.

GROSS CORRUPTION AT WASHINGTON.—The allowance by Mr. Secretary Meredith of the monstrous sum of $150,000 interest, on the $48,000 allowed by Congress in liquidation of an old claim arising out of depredations committed by the Cherokees on the property of a trader named Galphin, sometime previous to the war of independence, is freely commented on by the public press. Even some of the whigs themselves stand aghast at the enormity of the fraud. Its atrocity is increased by the fact that Mr. Crawford, a member of the cabinet, is professedly the agent for the claim, but is believed to be in reality the owner of it, and the money filched from the public coffers has found its way into his pockets. So far as the circumstances connected with the case are now known, Congressional opinion appears to be against him, Secretary Meredith and Attorney General Johnson, with great unanimity; the whigs being as anxious to have them exposed and convicted as the democrats. Full $800,000 in the way of claims for interest on previously liquidated demands, have been presented to the treasury since this payment was made, and the claim agents say that full fifty millions of similar demands, will soon be brought forward, based on the same *abstraction* of money from the treasury.

We trust the committee appointed by Congress may give the whole subject a thorough investigation; and if they would extend their scrutiny into the other departments, we believe similar acts of corruption would be brought to light. The Secretary of the Interior, it is well known, has allowed several fraudulent Indian claims to the amount of hundreds of thousands of dollars, which had been rejected by previous administrations as unjust. In acting thus corruptly he may reasonably be suspected of having received a share of the spoils, or seeking to buy the influence of the recipients of this public plunder in aid of his own schemes of self aggrandizement

The history of this country certainly affords no parallel to the corruption which now exists at Washington; and we hope the lesson may not be lost on the American people. They must now see that the whigs are not fit to be entrusted with power, and that whenever they are, corruption, extravagance, and a heavy public debt will be sure to follow in their train. Before the election we were told that the elevation of Gen. Taylor would not be a party triumph, but be the happy means of purifying the political atmosphere by removing all corrupt politicians from the reins of government, and restoring the administration to the purity which marked that of "the earlier Presidents!"

Was ever a whig prediction more outrageously falsified! and were "the earlier Presidents" ever so villainously libelled and belied?

We do not think it possible that Gen. Taylor's cabinet can much longer brave public opinion. It must soon sink beneath the condemnation and reprobation its corruption, imbecility, and incapacity have everywhere awakened. Who will succeed the present incumbents we know not; but if Gen. Taylor is the honest man he is represented to be by his friends, he must make a general change in his administration; and as the whigs have proved themselves unfit to be entrusted with the administration of the Government, surround himself with a democratic cabinet, and endeavor to repair the evils he has unfortunately and perhaps inadvertently inflicted upon the country.

To show the light in which the present cabinet is viewed by the intelligent whigs, we give the following extract from the Washington correspondence of the Lafayette Journal (whig):

"Gen. Taylor, a most excellent man himself—spotless in reputation, and scrupulously honest in all his motives—has unfortunately collected about him a Cabinet which has given dissatisfaction to his political supporters and the country. They have been just proscriptive enough to exasperate their opponents, without pleasing their friends. Public sentiment, which is first concentrated by the assembled Congress, and afterwards diffused through the same medium has been disappointed.

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The Re-union of the Democracy of New York Perfected.—The Buffalo Courier of the 30th ult., says: "It is with the greatest pleasure and gratification that we announce upon the authority of the Albany Argus and Atlas, that the Democrats of both branches of the Legislature on Wednesday evening last assembled in caucus have called a State Convention of one delegate from each Assembly district, to meet at Syracuse *on the 11th of September next* to nominate State officers, to be supported by the Democracy of the State. In compliance with the instructions of the Mass Convention at Syracuse, and other meetings, the said State Convention is requested to consolidate the two existing organizations, and to settle the mode of calling future Conventions."

Under these auspices the Democracy of New York must go on "conquering and to conquer.

Trustees of Wabash and Erie Canal.—We learn by a telegraphic despatch from a gentleman in New York that Charles Butler, Esq., of New York, and Col. Thomas Dowling, of this State, were, on the 10th inst., elected Trustees of the Wabash and Erie Canal.

Mr. Butler has served as Trustees since the creation of the trust. Col. Dowling will be a new member of the board, but his intimate acquaintance with our State affairs and the business of the trust, renders his selection very appropriate. A better one could not have been made.—*Ind. Jour.*

NEW YORK, April 5.

Arrival of the Cherokee.—Two Millions of Gold!—The Cherokee arrived from Chagres this morning with dates from San Francisco to the 1st of March, and nearly Two Millions of Gold!

Dry Season. Digging commenced and had given an impulse to business.

The steamers Oregon and Tennessee had arrived at Panama. A large fire had occurred at Chagres.

Commencement of the Ship Canal.—Messrs. White and Livingston, of New York city, had arrived at San Juan, Nicaragua, at last dates, with a small steamer, the Orus, intended to navigate the San Juan River and Lake Nicaragua. The engineers who were to make the reconnoisance for the canal, were on board.—This is the first steamer ever on the Lake.

Nashville and the Disunionists.—The people of Nashville, it seems, are disposed to turn a cold shoulder to the Disunion plotters. They very naturally seem unwilling that their city should be desecrated by the treasonable assemblage proposed The Legislature of Tennessee, as our readers are already advised, refused to send Delegates to the Convention, and now the Nashville papers contain a call for a meeting of the friends of the Union, signed by over six hundred persons, many of whom are among the most extensive slave holders in Tennessee. The signers to this call deprecate the action of the Disunionists in the strongest terms.

Earthquake in California.—Several shocks of an earthquake were felt at San Francisco on the 16th of January. The first two occurred at about 11 o'clock, A. M., and were of several seconds duration, succeeding each other at short intervals. The third took place at a quarter past 4, P. M., the vibrations of which were considerably more violent than the previous ones, and of greater duration. The Alta Californian says: "For a few seconds at intervals throughout the day the earth trembled violently, and we shall undoubtedly hear of an earthquake in some of the lower countries, probably South America, which has proved distructive to a considerable extent."

Only a few months ago, Mr. Webster was down upon the free soilers "like a thousand of brick," for exclusive claim to the paternity and guardianship of the Wilmot Proviso, and declared that it was his thunder! Now, however, he seems to think that such a declaration on his part was "not fit to be made," and hence he not only declares that he will not vote for it, but even attempts to ridicule the idea of its application for the New Territories. —*Lafayette Jour. (Whig.)*

The annual salaries of the President of the United States and his cabinet amount to about $85,000. The annual cost of the royal family and the executive staff in Great Britain amounts to the enormous sum of $8,433,675!

Further from California.

NEW YORK, April 6.

The Empire City arrived from Chagres last night, bringing about one million in gold dust. There are no material facts stated in San Francisco papers by the Cherokee beyond those mentioned in your telegraphic despatches yesterday. The Legislature was still in session and doing little or nothing. The rivers had all subsided to an ordinary level. In the mining regions everything was quiet. Some new diggings are reported, and miners were pouring into that region. There was an abundant supply of provisions. The present population of Upper California is estimated at 130,000. The general health of the State was good.

Another Report.—Money was very tight in San Francisco, commanding from ten to fifteen per cent.

Of the overland emigrants arriving in California, who reached the country by the way of Santa Fe and the Northern Route, many have suffered, particularly from the attacks of hostile Indians, but those who arrived from the Salt Lakes had undergone awful hardships, many of the unfortunate creatures having been compelled to subsist for some time on dead carcasses

A party of seventeen wandered off in search of a new pass, and a portion of them, it is thought, perished in the mountains, among whom was a Mr. Baker, formerly a publisher of a paper in Utica, N. Y., and this is the only one of the party whose name we could learn.

A joint stock company had been formed at San Francisco, to which $50,000 had been subscribed, and T. O. Larkins was appointed President. The object of the company is to build four Pacific steamers of 2000 tons burthen each. It was the design of Mr. Larkins to proceed to the States and there purchase the desired steamers, or to contract for building them.

The past winter had been more severe than usual. All the towns and villages are represented to be making active exertions to remove the seat of Government. A letter states as follows: The floating population is gradually drawing off, and digging and implements are being taken up again, or to speak more correctly, are preparing for the mines from whence to get stores of treasure, the news of which is wafted with every breeze from the golden regions. Those who have remained in the various diggings have labored at intervals during the winter, with astonishing fortitude. The average yield per day was from three to five dollars. Governor Burnett, in regard to the slavery question, says that the people will settle that for themselves as the people of Deseret did. He says it is their misfortune that the two countries are too far apart for Union.—Maine and Texas might as well be united.

New Mexico a State.—We have the New Mexican from Santa Fe to Feb. 1st, and we notice that it is filled with articles advocating the immediate formation of a State Constitution, and represent the feeling in favor of the measure as quite unanimous.

The Washington correspondent of the Journal of Commerce writes on the 2d, "that the party in favor of a State Government has prevailed in New Mexico, and that the people are about to form a State Government, and apply for admission into the Union, and present their application at the present session of Congress.

The claim set up by Texas to a considerable portion of the Territory of N. Mexico is urged by the New Mexican as a strong reason for the formation of State Government, and the immediate settlement of the slavery question by the people of New Mexico, who are all opposed to the institution, is also urged strongly in favor of a State organization.—*Cleveland Herald.*

Senator Benton's Scheme for a National Highway to the Pacific.—The Bill prepared by Senator Benton for a railway from St. Louis to the Bay of San Francisco, set apart the proceeds of the public lands for opening such a communication with California, New Mexico, Oregon, and Salt Lake settlements. A breadth of one mile of the public lands is to be appropriated to the central highway, and one thousand feet to the branch roads, on each side of which lines, are to be constructed a railroad and common road and lines of telegraph. The common road to be free of toll and the railroad to be taxed for transportation no higher than is necessary to keep it in repair. The Indian titles are to be extinguished on the route to the breadth of one hundred miles. Military stations are to be established, and 160 acres of land are to be given every male over eighteen years of age, who shall settle on the line of said road or branches within twelve months after the Indian titles are extinguished, and preëmption rights to those who shall afterwards settle. The bill also provides for surveys and examinations as to the best route, and for the completion of the common road in one year, and the central road in seven years, after located. The use of the railway when finished is granted to individuals or companies for a limited period, who shall contract to transport persons, mails, munitions of war, and freights of all kinds public and private, in vehicles furnished by themselves at such reasonable rates as may be agreed upon.

Sir. John Franklin said to be safe.—Suffering among the Indians.—An Indian War Expected.

ST. LOUIS, April 6.

The Minesota *Pioncer* of March 13th, publishes a letter from Capt. Todd, dated March 1st, stating that a rumor is in circulation at the mouth of Crow Wing river, that a party of Esquimaux had returned from Hudson Bay, where the ship "Plover" was frozen in.—The crew wintered at Fort George.

Another report mentions that Sir. John Franklin, is there also. The same paper states that great suffering and starvation prevails among the Chippewas. It is stated that 1500 Chippewas, Crows and Assineboines will march from Perndina against Siouxs, this spring.

Wirchester & Newport Plank road.—Mr. Robert Irvin, one of the Commissioners of this road, attended the Lynnville meeting on Monday, and gives a highly encouraging account of the determination of the people at south end to push the work forward with all possible despatch. Mr. Irvin states that between eight and nine thousand dollars have already been taken on the south end of the road, that part of the road is to be put under contract, in order that it may be completed to Lynnville, without delay. What are our folks doing to aid this important work to a speedy completion? Those living along and in the vicinity of the road, are certainly blind to their interests if they lag back and refuse to aid in its construction, to the fullest extent of their means; they cannot fail to be well remunerated when the road is completed in the way of dividends, besides having the satisfaction of riding or diving over a *good* road.—*Winchester Patriot.*

BOSTON, April 10.

Dr. Beperer, of the Park street Church, being appealed to, has thus explained in the Traveller, the circumstances which gave rise to the student's story.

A gentleman residing in the vicinity of the Medical College, saw a light in Prof. Webster's room on Friday night 23d. Nov. It being unusual, he took a spy glass and saw a man cutting up a human body, but supposing it to be an anatomical dissection, it being previous to the news of Dr. P.'s disappearance, he took no further notice of it. Dr. B. not feeling at liberty to say anything that might be of importance in the case, interrogated the Attorney General upon a hyothetical case, and learning that the testimony was seen through a glass, pursued the subject no further.

For the Sentinel.

MR. TIGAR.—As plank roads are all the rage now, and as much has been said about the different routes of the Fort Wayne & Columbia plank road, permit me through your paper to say a few words about the matter.

It appears to me, and also to many others, that the way in which the road has been conducted so far, is for the exclusive benefit of a few individuals; that the grant has been made for their exclusive benefit, and for the exclusive purpose of enhancing the value of their property without any farther regard to the good of the many, than will subserve their own individual interests.

Now sir, I have a route to propose which may not be known to every body, but nevertheless it is one that will bear comparison with any other that has been proposed. It is no other than the old Yellow River road to the Aboite bridge, then west on the section line to the county line, then diagonally across two sections, then 2 miles west on section line, then a straight course to Columbia, making from Fort Wayne to Columbia 19 miles. This has many advantages over the other routes; it is 3 miles shorter than any other route, needs less grading, can be made much the cheapest, has plenty of timber for the purpose.

Almost every body is acquainted with the Yellow River road to the Aboite, therefore it will be useless to say anything upon that part of it. The part 6 miles from the bridge will need no grading, except what is required to make the ditches on each side, it is good ground for a road and level; the rest of the route will need some grading, but nothing in comparison with the old Yellow River road.

This is a county road, cut out 40 feet wide and worked so as to be passable (almost); it passes through two settlements that would do all they are able, although not very wealthy. I think 2 or 3000 dollars might be obtained on the route and near it. Now, would it not be well for some of your Fort Wayne people that are interested in this matter, to examine this hitherto neglected route, and see if it does not really possess all and more advantages than I have stated? and as one great object is to get the shortest route, would it not be worthy of attention to those who intend to invest capital in this road? WHITLEY.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, April 12, 1850.

SENATE—After the transaction of the usual morning business, Mr. Dickinson moved that the Senate take up the deficiency appropriation bill.

Mr. Webster expressed the hope that the Senate would conclude the unfinished business of yesterday, before taking up any thing else.

Mr. Clay submitted a brief argument in favor of going on and appointing the committee instead of continuing to wage a war against that proposition—a war which must be useless because the question of the union of the California state bill, with the territorial bill was unavoidable, and must be met at one time or another.

Mr. Benton gave notice that if the business of yesterday should be resumed, he had an amendment to offer and perhaps some in addition to that. The amendments were read by the Secretary. They present nine different propositions, the object of which is to prevent the connection of California admission with others, and the making it dependent upon any other subject.

Mr. Foote's motion for a select committee, was then laid on the table temporarily, and the deficiency bill was taken up.

HOUSE.—Mr. Burt remarked that he was instructed by the select committee on the Galphin claim, to state that they are of opinion the restricts their enquiry to an investigation of the conduct of the Sec. of War, and does not authorize them to enquire whether there was anything unusual or improper in allowing the interest on the claim; and they asked the instruction of the House.

Mr. Moore was aware that certain reports are in circulation, and therefore would submit a resolution that the select committee, be authorized to enquire into all the circumstances attending the allowance of the principal and interest on the Galphin claim, under the act of August, 1848, and that they have power to send for persons and papers.

Various amendments were offered, and one by Mr. Harris of Illinois was adopted, viz: that "the select committee appointed by this House in relation to the Galphin claim; be instructed to make a full investigation, and report to the House the origin and nature of the claim, and the circumstances of the prosecution before the department of the Government as the passage of the law authorizing it; the names of the agents who have so prosecuted and urged the same; the amount paid on said claim with interest, and whether the same; was paid in conformity with law and precedent; the names of the individuals to whom paid; the amount received by each; how said interest originated to said persons; and all matters in any way pertaining to this subject; and that the committee have power to send for persons and papers."

The Mexican Boundary.—We learn from the correspondence of the New York Commercial Advertiser, that the commissioners for running the boundary line between the United States and Mexico had a meeting on the 15th of February at San Diego, when it was determined that, as it was impracticable during the present state of things in California to advance beyond the mouth of the Gila, toward New Mexico, and nothing of importance remained to be done on that side of the line, the commission should adjourn to meet at Paso del Norte, on the 4th of November next.

Col. Weller was a passenger in the last trip of the Oregon to San Francisco, and General Conde and suite, were also passengers in her to San Blas, on her trip down.

The most amicable feeling had continued to exist between the commissions, and letters expressive of such had passed after the adjournment. Col. Weller had also given a dinner to Gen. Conde's suite.

Look out for high Cavaulting at Washington.—The New York Express, whose Editor, Mr. Brookes, is a whig member of Congress, publishes a letter from Washington, admitting that there must soon be a general break up in corrupt Cabinet at Washington. The whole batch are to be dismissed and sent out of the country or into retirement. Solitude Ewing is designated as Mr. Toll's successor at Rio! And some of the others are designed for *private* places, some for abroad—the further off the better.

Whether they are to go off before the investigating committee gets through we know not, but the recent expenses in monstrous allowances and old claims by Ewing, Meredith, Crawford, and others, has created so great an excitement that any escape will be looked for!

Even the New York Tribune, is down upon the corrupt cabal with a vengeance and cries give it too them.

The Whig papers in Ohio are as silent as death—they have not a word to say except general puffs of Ewing and the very pure and honest government of which he is a part.

Let the investigating committee do its duty and lay bare the reckless course of men who are asking, or about to ask, we learn, for a Government loan of FIFTY MILLIONS in time of peace!—*Ohio Statesman.*

INFORMATION WANTED OF EDWARD S. MOPPS, late a sergeant in Captain Keating's company, 4th regiment Kentucky volunteers. A line addressed to this office will be thankfully received, and be of advantage to him.—Will our exchanges notice?—*State Sentinel.*

☞ Lieut. LOVE is at Indianapolis, for the purpose of purchasing horses for the Dragoon Service, for which the highest price will be paid.

CANDIDATES

For Nomination by the Democratic Convention.

MR. TIGAR: Please announce the name of Dr. CHARLES E. STURGIS as a candidate to represent Allen County in the Convention to amend the Constitution of the State—subject, of course, to the decision of the Democratic Convention. pd. MANY VOTERS.

MR. TIGAR: Please announce the name of NELSON MCLAIN as a candidate to represent Allen County in the State Convention—subject to the Democratic Convention. pd. MARION TOWNSHIP.

MR. TIGAR: Please announce the name of PETER HELLER as a candidate to represent Allen County in the next Legislature—subject to the Democratic Convention. pd MANY VOTERS.

We are desired to announce PLINY HOAGLAND, as a candidate for nomination to represent Allen County in the next Legislature. pd.

DECATUR, March 21st, 1850.

Mr. Editor—

DEAR SIR: A large portion of the Democracy of the Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Allen, Adams, and Wells, are desirous of electing SAMUEL S MICKLE, Esq. to the Senate from said district. Will you therefore, please to announce his name as a candidate for said office; subject to the decision of the Senatorial Convention.

We are desired to announce the name of THOMAS T. DEKAY as a candidate for Treasurer of Allen County.

WILLIAM MILLER, of Cedar Creek Township, for Treasurer of Allen County. pd

JAMES. L. WORDEN for Prosecuting Attorney of Allen County. pd.

SAMUEL C. FREEMAN for Sheriff of Allen County, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. pd.

MR. TIGAR: Please to announce the name of F. S. AVALINE, an old resident of Allen County, as a suitable candidate for Sheriff at the August election—subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention—and oblige many of his friends in [pd.] ALLEN COUNTY.

PETER PARKER for Sheriff of Allen County.

WM. H. McDONALD for Sheriff of Allen County. pd

S. S. MORSS for Auditor of Allen County. pd

ROBERT STARKWEATHER for Auditor of Allen Co. pd

Mr. Tigar: Please announce the name of Hon. J. W. BORDEN as a candidate for Senatorial Delegate from the counties of Allen, Adams, and Wells—subject to the decision of the District Convention to be held at Bluffton, on the 8th May next;—and oblige Many Voters of pd WELLS COUNTY.

☞ *The charge for announcing candidates is $1,00. Those who have paid are marked* (pd.)

W. B. FARRELL'S ARABIAN LINIMENT.—It will be observed by our advertising columns, that W. B. Farrell has removed from Peoria to this city, for the preparation of his Excellent and celebrated Liniment. The success and high reputation of this article, has required enlarged arrangements for its manufacture. Be ng a neighbor of Mr. Farrell at the time he was introducing this new preparation, we have heard it very highly praised by those who have proved it, in the cases in which it is recommended, and are of opinion that no family shhould be without a bottle of it.—*Chicago Com. Adv.*

See his Advertisement in our paper. 2w41.

GOOD JUDGES.

Du Buque, Iowa, March 15, 1849.

Mr. W. B. Sloan—Dear Sir: Last February 18th, near Mount Morris, Illinois, I had a horse wounded in the stifle joint, so deep that the joint water issued freely, many good judges of horses gave it as their opinion that the horse would never recover. I applied your Ointment freely and often, and notwithstanding, the animal could scarcely bear any weight on the diseased leg, yet in consequence of pressing business, I ventured to start with the horse on my return to Du Buque, a distance of some 100 miles just at the breaking up of streams through which I was obliged to ford and expose the leg and wound to frequent drenchings of water, snow and deep mud, still the horse continued to improve. One fifty cent box of your extraordinary Ointment entirely cured the horse in less than twenty days. Yours truly,

F. W. BOWDON.

☞ See Agents' names at the head of Sloan's Column.—For further particulars and testimonials, get Pamphlets of Agents.

MARRIED,—In this city, on the 16th inst. by W. Stewart, Esq. Mayor, Mr. Jacob Wimer to Mrs. Elthama Johnson, both of Perry township.

By the same, on the 17th inst. Mr. John B. Timme, of Adams township, to Miss Mary Hondorff, of this city.

NEW GOODS

At the FARMERS' DEPOT, foot of Calhoun Street Bridge, Fort Wayne.

THE Ladies are invited to examine our new stock of

Spring and Summer Goods,

just arrived, which includes all the newest styles of *Dress Goods*, Straw Goods, Summer Wear Shaple and Fancy Goods of all kinds, Ribbons, Artificials, &c., &c. No time for particulars this week.

We have also a full stock of

Groceries, Queensware, Clothing, &c.

all of which we are determined to sell *Cheaper than the Cheapest.*

April 20 ORFF & SCHWEGMAN

First Arrival from the Eastern Cities.

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN have received at the Chequered Store a large and splendid stock of

Spring and Summer Goods

direct from New York, which will be sold very cheap. We shall be happy to see our friends and customers, and show them our goods, and would say to the ladies that our stock of

DRESS GOODS, BONNETS, &c.

cannot be beat in point of style and the low price at which they will be sold. Come quick, as they are going fast. Also, a beautiful lot of

Ladies' Slippers, Buskins,

Excelsiors, Walking Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

We would say to the gentlemen, if they want a fashionable HAT, give us a call. We are also receiving a fine lot of CARPETS. Particulars next week. The CASH system will be strictly adhered to. Apr. 7.—42.

J. A. Colerick

RETURNS his thanks to the public for their liberal patronage, and respectfully informs them that he has received his Spring Supply of

Confectionaries, Fruits, &c.

and will furnish Dealers with CANDY at WHOLESALE, *cheaper* than any other man in the state *dare* do. This is no empty boast, as buyers will learn who give him a call.

He also has a general assortment of *Fruits, Spices, Pickles, Family Groceries*, &c. to which he invites public attention.

Clinton st., Ft. Wayne, April 20, '50. 42

A very superior article of genuine MUSTARD.—the best ever offered in this market.

J. A. COLERICK.

A Few Jars' choice PICKLED OYSTERS, calculated at once to tickle the palates, nourish the bodies, and infuse a feeling of calm content and satisfaction in the minds of those who partake of them. Call soon, or you will be too late. J. A. COLERICK.

ORANGES.—A lot of choice Sweet Oranges in prime condition, just rec'd.

JOHN A. COLERICK.

SODA BISCUIT, Crackers, Pic Nics &c., &c., a new supply just received.

J. A. COLERICK.

BONNETS.

MRS. DYKES has this week received a beautiful assortment of Ladies' Bonnets, of the prevailing styles, and most fashionable materials, including Parnelas, Bocade, Lace, Straw, Rice Straw, Devon, Gimp, French Lace, Florence, Pearl Rice, Pearl Straw, Jenny Linds, Madonnas, Chips, &c., &c. Also, a splendid stock of BONNET RIBBONS, *Artificials*, and other fashionable *Trimmings*.

DAILY EXPECTING—

A fashionable assortment of *Silk and Crape Bonnets*.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Fort Wayne and Columbia Plank Road Company, (by the Yellow River route,) that there will be a meeting of the Stockholders on FRIDAY, the 31 day of May next, at one o'clock P. M., at the Court House in Ft. Wayne, to elect seven Directors for said Company.

BY ORDER OF STOCKHOLDERS.

April 16, 1850. 42td.

Fort Wayne & Piqua Plank Road.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at the following assessments, the cash subscriptions of stock to the Fort Wayne & Piqua Plank Road, are required to be paid to the Treasurer, at his office in Fort Wayne, viz: The first assessment of Two Dollars per share, payable on the 13th May next; the second assessment of Two Dollars per share, payable on the 1st day of June next; the third assessment of Two Dollars per share, payable on the 1st day of July next; and the remainder of the cash subscriptions, payable on the 1st of August next. All subscriptions of land, the deeds for the same are to be made to said company within three weeks; and all subscriptions of merchandise, or trade of any description, to be paid over upon the order of the Treasurer, or Samuel Rugg, as the same may be wanted to pay out during the progress of the construction of said road. SAMUEL HANNA, Pres't.

Attest,

O. W. JEFFERDS, Cl'k and Treas.

Fort Wayne, April 18, 1850. td42.

State of Indiana, } Allen Probate Court.
Allen County, ss. } March Term, 1850.

Petition to Sell Real Estate.

Frederick Brandt, Adm'r of Charles F. Keel, deceased, vs. The Heirs of said Estate.

IT is ordered by the Court, that notice of the filing and pendency of said petition be given by publication, according to law, requiring said unknown heirs to appear on the first day of the next term of said court, to be holden at the Court House, on the third Monday in May next, to show cause, if any they have or can, why said real estate should not be sold, and made assets in the hands of said administrator to pay the debts of said estate.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.

April 16, 1850. [$1 70] 3w42.

First Arrival.

B. MASON has just received a tremendous assortment of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE

Spring and Summer Goods,

consisting of Lawns, Ginghams, Calicoes, Silks, Ribbons, Trimmings Shawls, Bonnets, Parasols; Muslins, Drillings, Cloths, &c., &c., to which he invites public attention, confident it will be found the cheapest, best, and most splendid stock ever offered in the place. He has no time to give particulars this week, and therefore recommends his friends to call and see for themselves.

Also, a choice stock of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.

April 12.

SPRING FASHIONS

JUST RECEIVED.

MRS.

PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS OF NEWSPAPERS

ARE informed that the subscribers are extensively engaged in the manufacturing of **PRINTING INK** of every color and quality, which they know to be equal to any manufactured, and which they will sell at the very lowest prices for cash. As they are determined that their INK shall recommend itself, they only ONE TRIAL relying upon its merits for future patronage. Their colored Inks are warranted superior to any manufactured. A circular containing prices, &c., will be sent to those who desire it. *Orders for cash on city agents accepted.*

Publishers of newspapers inserting this advertisement to the amount of $2 and sending us one paper containing it, by remitting $5 at any time, will receive a 30 lb. keg of Extra News Ink. T. F. ADAMS & Co.

Steam Printing Ink Manufacturers, Phila.

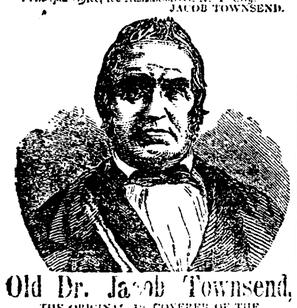
☞ Agents for the sale of New and Second-hand Printing Materials. 42.

IMPORTANCE OF GENUINE ARTICLE.

Let Everybody Read this Carefully.—There is a Sarsaparilla for sale in the different towns called S. P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It is advertised as the ORIGINAL, GENUINE, and all that. This Townsend is no doctor and never was; but was formerly a worker on railroads, canals, and the like—yet he assumes the title of Doctor for the purpose of gaining credit for what he sells. He says "he has attended two medical schools, and practiced for fifteen years!" Now the truth is, he never practiced medicine a day in his life! Such *artful, wicked* misrepresentation looks bad to the character and veracity of the man. I wish most sincerely, he had never made those statements of himself or of me. When will men learn to be honest and truthful in all their dealings and intercourse with their fellowmen! He applied to one Ruel Clapp to assist him in manufacturing his mixture, stating the large sums he would make, as an inducement to embark in the business. These men have been insulting and libelling me in all possible forms, in order to impress the public with the belief that the Old Doctor's Sarsaparilla was not the *genuine, original Sarsaparilla*, made from the *Old Doctor's Original Recipe*. This S. P. Townsend says I have sold the use of my name *for $7 a week*. I will give him $500 if he will produce one single solitary proof of this. His statements of Thompson, Skillman & Co., are nothing but a tissue of falsehoods, simply made to deceive the public, and keep the truth down in regard to his *scouring, fermenting compound*. This is to caution the public not to purchase none but Old Dr. JACOB Townsend's Sarsaparilla, having on it the Old Doctor's likeness, his *family Coat of Arms*, and his signature across the Coat of Arms.

Principal Office, 102 *Nassau-street, N. Y. City.*

JACOB TOWNSEND.



Old Dr. Jacob Townsend,

THE ORIGINAL DISCOVERER OF THE

Genuine Townsend Sarsaparilla.

Old Dr. Townsend is now 82 or 70 years of age, and has long been known as the *AUTHOR* and *DISCOVERER* of the "GENUINE ORIGINAL" "TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA." Being so, he was compelled to limit its manufacture, by which means it has been kept on of market, and the other ingredients of all those only who had proved its worth, and known it. Dr. Townsend is the cure of many nevertheless, as also persons who have been healed of sore diseases, and saved from death, too numerous to mention.

HEALING POWER.

The GRAND AND UNEQUALLED PREPARATION; manufactured on the largest scale, and in cellars, for thousands of the north and breadth of the land, exists, they are now beyond incapable of degeneration or deterioration.

Under young S. P. Townsend's improvements, and new and never changing, for the better, science is made, are, *in every ingredient*, to a *scientific* extent. The living knowledge of Chemistry, and the latest discoveries of every art, have all been brought into requisition in the mode for cure of the Old Dr's Sarsaparilla. The Sarsaparilla root is as well known to medical men, contains many medicinal properties, and some properties which are more or less, or others which if obtained in preparing it for use, are *more preservation and*, which is injurious to the system. Some of the properties in Sarsaparilla are so *volatile* that they entirely evaporate and are lost in the preparation, if they are not preserved by a *scientific process*, known only to the those experienced in its manufacture. Moreover these *volatile principles*, which fly off in vapor, or as an exhalation, under heat, are the very *essential medical properties* of the root, which give to it its value.

Any person can boil or stew the root till they get a dark colored liquid, which is none from the coloring matter in the root than from anything else; then strain this liquid or rapid liquid, sweeten with some molasses, and then call it "SARSAPARILLA EXTRACT or SYRUP." But such is not the article known as the

GENUINE OLD DR JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

This is so prepared that all the inert properties of the Sarsaparilla root are first removed, everything capable of becoming acrid or fermentation is extracted and rejected, then every particle of medical virtue is concentrated in pure and concentrated form; and thus it is rendered incapable of losing any of its valuable and healing properties. Prepared in this way, it is made the most powerful agent in the

Cure of Innumerable Diseases.

Hence the reason why we hear commendations on every side in its favor by men, women, and children. We find it doing wonders in the cure of

CONSUMPTION, DYSPEPSIA, and LIVER COMPLAINT; and in *RHEUMATISM, SCROFULA, PILES, CONSTIPATION, all CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES*, and all affections arising from

IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

It possesses a marvellous efficacy in all complaints arising from *Indigestion*, from *Acidity of the Stomach*, from unequal circulation, determination of blood to the head palpitation of the heart, cold feet and hands, cold chills and hot flashes over the body. It has no equal in *Colds and Coughs*; and promotes easy expectoration and gentle perspiration, relaxing strictures of the lungs, throat and every other part.

But in nothing is its excellence more manifestly seen and acknowledged than in all kinds and stages of

FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

It works wonders in cases of *Flour Albus* or *Whites*, *Falling of the Womb, Obstructed, Suppressed*, or *Painful Menses, Irregularity* of the menstrual periods, and the like; and is effectual in curing all the forms of *Kidney Diseases*.

By removing obstructions, and regulating the general system, it gives tone and strength to the whole body, and thus cures all forms of

Nervous Diseases and Debility,

and thus prevents or removes a great variety of other maladies, as *Spinal irritation, Neuralgia, St. Vitus' Dance, Screwing, Epileptic Fits, Convulsions, &c.*

It cleanses the blood, excites the liver to healthy action, tones the stomach, and gives good digestion, relieves the bowels of torpor and constipation, allays inflammation, purifies the skin, equalizes the circulation of the blood, increases vital warmth equally all over the body, and thus insensible perspiration; relaxes structures and ligatures, removes all obstructions, and invigorates the entire nervous system. In a word this one

The Medicine you pre-eminently need!

But can any of these things be said of S. P. Townsend's spurious article? This young man's breath is to be COMPARED WITH THE OLD DR'S.

because of one GRAND FACT, that the one is INCAPABLE of DETERIORATION, and

NEVER SPOILS,

while the other DOES: *souring, fermenting, and bursting the bottles* containing it into fragments; the sour, acrid liquid exploding, and damaging other goods! Most nauseous, horrible compound be poisonous to the system—*for the acid acid into a system already diseased with acid!* What causes Dyspepsia but acid? Do we not all know that when food sours in our stomachs, what inevitably it produces, flatulence, heartburn, palpitation of the heart, liver complaints, diarrhœa, dysentery, colic, and corruption of the blood? What is Scrofula but an acrid humor in the body. What produces all the humors which break out on Consumptives, the Skin, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, White Swellings, Fever Sores, and all ulcerations internal and external? It is nothing under heaven but an acrid substance in their sours, and thus spoils all the fluids of the body. Less, less. What causes Rheumatism but a sour and acrid which insinuates itself among the joints and elsewhere, irritating and inflaming the delicate membranes which *acts?* So of nervous diseases, of impurity of the blood, of deranged circulation, and nearly all the ailments which afflict human nature.

Now is it not horrible to make and sell, and *infinitely worse* use this

S. P. TOWNSEND.

SOUR, FERMENTING, ACID "COMPOUND" OF would-be would fain have it understood that Old Dr. Jacob Town- TATION'S Heaven for old's *Genuine Original Sarsaparilla*, is an IMI- should hear of his inferior preparation? but that we should deal in an article which some distant resemblance to S. P. Town- sends article. We think, because it is the *absolute truth* that S.P. Town- sends article and old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla are *heaven-wide apart, and infinitely dissimilar* stary that this is unlike in every particular, having not a single thing in common. As S. P. Townsend is no doctor, and never was, is no chemist—knows no more of the science of otherwise, no person medicine than any other common, unscientific, unprofessional can the public have that they are re- ceive such a genuine ar- scientific medicine, containing all the vir- tues of the articles it is well in preparing it, and which are in- cessible of change or which might render them the AGENTS of disease as stated of. health!

But what else should nothing comparatively If the connected from one who knows a person of some sense of medicine or disease! It requires would think of taking common decent meal, presence to cook and serve up even a that the persons who on How much more important is it MARK THOMAS- necessarily positive designed for should know well the im- AND ENFEEBLED SYSTEMS. manner of securing and c medicinal properties of plants, the best also an extensive knowle concentrating their healing virtues affect the delicate system lege of the various diseases which these diseases! and how to adapt remedies to

It is to arrest frauds up- on the unfortunate, to pour balm to a wounded humanity, to bosom, to restore health, kindle hope in the despairing attached and broken, and to and bloom and vigor into the JACOB TOWNSEND has anguish infirmity that OLD DR SOUGHT and FOUND the op- accuracy and means to bring his Grand Universal Co- concentrated Remedy within the reach, and to the knowledge of all who need it by joyful experience. its "benevolence and

Principle office for the Western States,—Vine street, 2d door above 4th, Cincinnati, Ohio.

G. W. CALHOUN, *General Agent*;

To whom all orders or applications for agencies must be addressed.

For sale in Fort Wayne by

JAMES B. SHOAFF,

Only Agent for Allen County.

cowly43.

Drugs & Medicines.

A Good assortment of choice Drugs & Medicines of all descriptions, for sale by

C. L. HILL.

THE GREAT ARABIAN REMEDY!

A Wonderful and Extraordinary Remedy for Man or Beast.

W. B. FARRELL'S

Celebrated Arabian Liniment.

IT is not many years since it was fully proven to the satisfaction of the medical faculty that the skin of our bodies as well as that of most animals, would absorb poisonous substances, producing disease and death. The wonderful cures performed by Arabian Physicia s with external application, is not a matter of so much surprise since it is ascertained that the surface of the body is the principal medium through which many medicines should operate, and hence it is that this great Remedy has gained such a high reputation in the diseases of both man and beast.

It is a composition of Balsams, Extracts and oils, as well as purified Gums, peculiar to Arabia, and is obtained by a certain mode of distillation which takes up only the most active, penetrating, and healing qualities of those rare Drugs It is specifically a Revulsive, Anodyne and Balsam; its anodyne qualities enable it to operate as a perfect antidote to all pain, which it does in many cases almost instantly, by its peculiar effects on the nervous system; its powerful Revulsive qualities enable it to search the very bones, thereby removing all swellings, and deep seated inflammations, and its Balsamic properties render it healing to the highest degree; nothing has ever been offered to the afflicted, combining these three great qualities to such a degree, that it is universally hailed with delight by the suffering, as the Great American Remedy.

On the Human System it is used with the most unabounded success in all kinds of Rheumatism, or loss of Muscular Power, and all other diseases of the Muscles and Joints, Numbness, Sprains and Bruises, Swellings of all kinds, Pains, &c.; Frosted Limbs, Burns, Wounds and Cuts, Spiral Affections, Crick or Lameness of the Back, Old Sores, Goitre, or Swelled Neck, Sore Throat, Bealings of the Female Breats, Bites of poisonous Snakes, Corns and Warts, Salt Rheum, Mange, Erysipelas, Sore Eyes, even to partial Blindness. Sore Lips, Sore Hands, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, or darting pains through the Head or Face, and all Inflammatory and Nervous diseases.

For the following diseases of Horses and Cattle it is an absolute specific, viz:—Sweeney, Stiff Complaint, Big Head, Founder, Spavin, Splint, Hard Tumors, Galls, Chafes, Sprains, Bruise, Scratches, old Wounds, or Cuts, and fresh ones, Sore Eyes, Hollow Horn, and all Inflammatory diseases.

☞ Bottles are of three sizes at 30 cts. 50 cts. and $1.

☞ Beware of a base counterfeit which has lately made its appearance, *called H. G. Farrell's Arabian Liniment.*

My signature is on the outside wrapper of every bottle thus, "W. B. FARRELL."

The original and genuine Article is for sale by the following Agents:—James B. Shoaff and Henry Wagner, Fort Wayne; Jesse Davis, Huntington; Reed & Co., Lagro; Dr. Peters, Wabashtown; M. M. Merriam, Wolf Lake; Peter Heller, Eel River; S. S. Strong, Elkhart Co.; Wm J. Matchd, Goshen; S. Linsley & Co., Toledo; J. Owen & Co., Detroit; and by merchants and Druggists duly appointed through the United States. Manufactory, 218 Lake Street, Chicago. W. B. FARRELL, Proprietor.

6m37.

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will expose to sale, at public auction, on Saturday, the 27th day of April inst, at the late residence of Dr. Bernhard Sevenick, deceased, in the city of Fort Wayne, all the personal property of said deceased, consisting of one dark bay gelding horse, 2 cows, 1 one-horse wagon and harness, 1 buggy 1 saddle and bridle, some hundred English, German, Latin and French books on medicine, pharmacy, phisics, chemistry, &c.; and also ancient and modern classical authors, a number of anatomical plates, a valuable set of medical and surgical instruments, a lot of drugs, medicine, and jars belonging thereto, household furniture, &c. A credit of six months will be given on all sums where the amount purchased exceeds three dollars; the purchaser giving his note with approved security. F. D. LASSELLE, *Adm'r.*

April 4, 1850. 3w40.

State of Indiana, } Allen Probate Court,
Allen County, ss. } March Term, 1850.

Petition to Sell Real Estate.

F. P. Randall, Adm'r of Charles O'Hara, deceased, vs. The Heirs of said estate.

IT is therefore ordered by the Court, that notice of the filing and pendency of said petition be given by publication, according to law, requiring said unknown heirs to appear on the first day of the next term of said court, to be holden at the court house, on the third Monday in May next, to show cause why said real estate should not be sold, and made assets in the hands of said administrator.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk

April 6, 1850. [$1 60] 3w40

State of Indiana, } Allen Probate Court,
Allen County, ss. } March Term, 1850.

Petition to sell Real Estate.

F. P. Randall, Adm'r of Adam Ruch, deceased, vs. The Heirs of said Estate.

IT is ordered by the Court, that Philip Somers and Margaret Somers his wife, Peter Ruch and Adam Ruch, non-residents of the State of Indiana, be notified by publication, according to law, of the filing and pendency of said petition, and that they are required by law to be and appear before the Judge of the Probate Court of the county of Allen on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden on the third Monday of May next, at the Court House in said county, and show cause if any they have, or can, why said real estate should not be sold, and made assets in the hands of the administrator.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.

April 6, 1850. [$2 00] 3w40.

State of Indiana, } Allen Probate Court,
Allen County, ss. } March Term, 1850

Petition to Sell Real Estate.

F. P. Randall, Adm'r of Ann Turner, deceased, vs. The Heirs of said Estate.

IT is therefore ordered by the Court, that notice of the filing and pendency of said petition be given by publication, according to law, to the non-resident heirs, to wit: William W. Wolcott, Mary Ann Wolcott, Henry C. Wolcott, Frederick Wolcott, and a reputed heir, whose name and residence is unknown, to appear on the first day of the next term of said court, to be holden at the court house in said county, on the third Monday of May next, to show cause, if any they can, why said real estate should not be made assets in the hands of said administrator.

R. E FLEMING, Clerk.

April 6, 1850. [$1 90] 3w40.

Saleratus.

THE subscriber tenders his thanks to his numerous friends and customers for past favors, and assures them that he is still at the old stand, prepared to supply them with the *best quality of SALERATUS* at the lowest market price and on his usually accommodating terms, and invites all dealers in the article to give him a call, next door to *Messrs.* Hill, Orbison & Co.

F. H. TYLER.

March 25, 1850. 6w39.

Fruit Trees, &c, &c,

A general assortment of FRUIT TREES for sale at the *Fort Wayne Nursery.* Also, finesized BLACK LOCUST; OSAGE ORANGE Plants—the finest thing in use for hedging, by

3w39. ROCKHILL & CO.

Marble Monuments & Tombstones.

THE subscriber has on hand a large supply of the above articles, of the BEST QUALITY, which he will sell very low. ☞ All persons wishing anything in that line are particularly requested to call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

CUT STONE OF ALL KINDS.

Principal Yard on the Canal, west of Ewing's Warehouse and Boat Yard. Finishing Shop in Columbia Street, in Block between H. B. Reed's Drug Store and Hill, Orbison & Co's warehouse.

JAMES HUMPHREY.

Fort Wayne, March 30, 1850. y39.

Huntington Cottage Inn

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell, at a very low price, the above well known *Tavern Stand* in Huntington, together with or without five acres of land adjoining. It is well situated for a public house—near the Court House and other public buildings. If not soon sold it can be RENTED for a term of years.

He will also sell the New STORE and HOUSE recently built by Patrick McCarty in said town of Huntington.

Also, FOUR OUT-LOTS on the Hill, in Murray's Addition to said town.

P. P. RANDALL.

Fort Wayne, March 30, '50. tf-39.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the subscribers of the capital stock of the Fort Wayne and Elliston Turnpike Company, that 15 per cent. of the capital stock of said company, or three dollars seventy-five cents on each share thereof, will be called for at the end of sixty days from the date hereof, which will be on the 28th May next, payable to the treasurer of the Company, at his office in Fort Wayne.

By order of the Board,

THOS W. SWINNEY, Pres't.

P. P. BAILEY, Treas'r.

Fort Wayne, March 28, 1850. 2m39.

Valuable Tavern for Sale

At Huntertown, 12 Miles North of Fort Wayne, on the Plank Road.

WILL be offered for sale until 1st of May next, after which, if not sold, will be RENTED. This property is an excellent stand or entertainment, with a large and convenient house, and stabling for about 50 horses, with a good young orchard, and about seventy acres of land. There is perhaps no more desirable or profitable stand for business in Northern Indiana. It affords a fine opportunity to any one who wants a good location for the above business.

SAMUEL HANNA.

For Fort Wayne, March 18, 1850. 38tf.

The Old Drug Store

Once more in Motion.

CHAS. R. WALKER having taken charge of the *Old Drug Store* formerly occupied by Dr. Beecher, is now ready to supply Physicians and Families and all others who may wish to purchase, with

Pure Drugs and Medicines

at the lowest prices. We would enumerate *articles* and *quantities regardless* of *expense*, but the Printers inform us that our neighbors have used all the Ciphers, and we shall have to wait until a fresh supply is received. "So mote it be."—We can only say that we could *Brag* equal to any; therefore we shall have to be modest in spite of ourselves in the way of advertising.—Come one, come all, examine prices and qualities and we shall be satisfied. Recollect the Old Drug Store is the place to buy cheap.

Fort Wayne Dye Establishment.

HENRY SCHŒNER, Dyer, (from Germany and France) returns his thanks to the public for the liberal patronage he has received since he commenced business in Fort Wayne, and respectfully informs the ladies that he is now prepared to Dye all shades of

Spring Colors

according to the latest and most admired Fashions.

Every description of Velvet, Ribbons, Silk, Cotton, and Woollen Goods Dyed, Pressed, and finished in a style warranted to give entire satisfaction.

He also *Scours, Cleans*, and *RENOVATES* every description of *Clothing*, removing all stains and grease spots.

His establishment is at H. Gephart's Carpet Weaving Shop, on Main Street, east of Spear's Blacksmith Shop.

March 16, 1850. 3m37.

The Old Tin Shop---Removal.

R. SUTHERLAND informs his friends that he has REMOVED to the *City Foundry Stove Depot*, one door east of Gray's Old Store, where he hopes for a continuation of the patronage received at his Old Stand. He has made arrangements with the Foundry to have a constant supply of superior STOVES; and having employed an additional number of workmen, will keep a full assortment of TINWARE on hand. All orders executed with dispatch, and in the most workmanlike style—terms moderate.

Feb. 16, 1850. 33

Drugs and Medicines.

THE undersigned is constantly receiving new Drugs and Medicines, which he offers at the usual low prices. His stock consists in part of

Quinine	Calomel	Piperine
Epsom Salts	Jujube Paste	Ext. Logwood
Dr'gts'G assware Ink (superior)		Matches, &c.

JAMES B. SHOAFF,

Calhoun street, at the Big "Drug Sign."

April 4, 1850. 3w40.

FARMERS' DEPOT REMOVED

TO Edsall's Old stand, at the foot of Calhoun Street Bridge, where we shall be happy to receive the calls of our old friends, and as many new ones as may find it to their interest to trade at a place where the BEST BARGAINS are always to be had. We are expecting in a very short time to receive an

ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

Spring and Summer Goods,

Groceries, Queensware, &c., &c, which we intend selling at such prices as must convince the most skeptical that "THE DEPOT" is the place to trade at. Call and be convinced.

April 5, 1850. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Flowers, Fruit Trees, & Garden Seeds,

MR. WM. JENISON, Florist, of Dayton Ohio, informs his friends and the public in general, that he will have on hand, for sale at low prices, in the city of Fort Wayne, between the 10th and 15th day of April inst., a large and well selected assortment of

Flower Plants, Bulbs, Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Garden Seeds,

and other articles in his line; and that he also has left a handsome stock of the said articles for sale with Mr. Frederick Bensmann, at Mr. Allen Hamilton's place, Fort Wayne, which if unsold until the 15th day of this month, will be taken back to Dayton.

2w40.

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale his farm, six miles east of Fort Wayne, near the canal, consisting of one hundred acres of excellent land, eighty acres of which are well improved; with frame DWELLING HOUSE, 36 by 47 feet, well finished with a first rate cellar under it; two good wells of water, and several fine springs; a good FRAME BARN, 36 by 45, with underground stables; an excellent orchard, producing from 5 to 700 bushels of the best kind of apples annually, with peaches, plums, grapes, &c. The farm is in first best order and repair, and will be sold at a great bargain. It is very pleasantly situated, and in all respects one of the most valuable and desirable farms in the county. Possession will be given at any time the purchaser may desire.

For further particulars inquire of the subscriber on the premises, or of the editor of this paper.

RUFUS McDONALD.

April 2, 1850. 30tf.

Dissolution.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between William Campbell, John Andrews, and Robert M. Martin, under the name and style of William Campbell & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

FRANCIS BURNARD,
Ag't for Wm Campbell,
JOHN ANDREWS,
ROBERT M. MARTIN,

Fort Wayne, March 27, 1850. 3w40.d.

THE "GREAT"

Indiana Land Agency

OUT DONE!

THE undersigned has been appointed an agent to sell all of the lands in Northern Indiana owned by the "*Knightstown and Shelbyville Rail Road Company.*"

As this company is successfully operating on the *High* pressure system on their road, they have resolved to put their lands on the *Low*; and have authorized sales to be made at *Two Dollars per acre*, on five years' credit; thus giving every one a rare chance to own a farm.

Emigrants can be accommodated with four or five sections in one locality if desired.

The undersigned has also on sale large tracts of other lands in this, and adjoining counties; and is giving better bargains, and more of them, than is generally known; as he is entirely too modest to puff himself, and is not disposed to pay any one to do it for him.

JAMES B. SHOAFF,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Jan. 26.—30 under Odd Fellows' Hall.

EDGAR CONKLING, WILLIAM WOOD, ALFRED WOOD.

Conkling, Wood & Co.

North side of Court Street, east of Broadway.

CINCINNATI, O.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Pure White Lead,	Paris Green,
No. 1 Do.	Chrome Green,
Red Lead,	" Yellow,
Litharge,	" Red,
Putty,	Chinese Blue,
Whiting, "fire dried,"	Assorted colored Paints
Paris White,	in Oil,
Cider Vinegar.	

WE have adopted the most approved method, as practised by the Eastern Manufacturers, in manufacturing WHITE LEAD, and will warrant it equal to any made in the United States. Will warrant the quality of each article we manufacture to be as good as can be procured, and to give entire satisfaction.—Offered at the lowest prices on usual time or discount for Cash.

***Cash paid for CASTOR BEANS & FLAX SEED

January 19, 1850. y29

ARE YOU INSURED?

NO EXCUSE NOW.

The Lafayette Insurance Co.

OF LAFAYETTE, INDIANA.

CAPITAL $200,000.

THE Charter of this Company was granted Feb. 8th, 1836. They are now ready to insure all kinds of property, such as Warehouses, Churches, Academies, and Public Schools, Hotels and Taverns, Livery Stables and Tavern Barns, Country stores, Flour Mills Lumber Yards, Iron Foundries, Breweries, Machine Shops, Tanneries, Saw Mills, Cargoes of Sail Vessels, Steam or Canal Boats, contents of Stores, &c., &c. Risks taken on Goods from all the Eastern cities to this place as low as any Company in the States. We now present to the good people of Fort Wayne an Insurance Company of our own state—an Insurance Company that in a very short time will take the lead of every other foreign company doing business in this State.—The question cannot now be raised; I do not know the company; it is a Yankee humbug.—Here we have the best men in the State of Indiana at the head and bottom of the Company; and another grand consideration to those who insure in this company, should losses happen and litigation and trouble occur, we have not to send East and receive just what they say will be a compensation to the loser. Here we have a Company located close to our own door. Lafayette, Indiana, with the very best of men as officers Directors and Stockholders.

The Stockholders of the Company are as follows:

Joseph S. Hanna,	Jerome B. Cox,
John Purdee,	Martin L. Pierce,
Rudolph S. Ford,	William A. Potter,
Godlove S. Orth,	Mark Jones,
James Spears,	Thos. S. Cox,
Erasmus M. Weaver,	Edward H. Brackett.
Sam'l Hoover,	Peter Ball,
Owen Ball,	Lorenzo Cadwell,
Henry T. Sample,	Jos. G. Wilson,
Alexander Wilson,	Nathan H. Stockwell,
Thos. P. Emerson,	Jacob Walker,
Addison M. Cran	Chas. W. Bangs.
Daniel Brawyer,	James H. Lee,
John Lily,	Cyrus Fall,
Lemuel Devault,	Austin P. Linn.

DIRECTORS.

F. S. Orth, James Spears, Jacob Walker, T. S. Cox, E. M. Weaver, N. H. Stockwell, Mark Jones, Martin L. Pierce, E. H. Brackett.

OFFICERS.

G. S. ORTH, Pres't, A. M. CRASE, Sec'y
E. H. BRACKETT, Sol. JACOB WALKER, Gen Ag't

The undersigned is happy to present to the people of Fort Wayne and vicinity a company like the above, of which not the least objection can be raised, and can assure the public that the rates will be as low as all responsible companies, and that all losses will be settled with honor liberality and dispatch. He would also claim that it is a duty for each and every man who has property to insure to do it in a good company of our own State Keep all the money at home; we need it as much as the rich Nabobs of the East

CHARLES WHITMORE, Agent.

Also, General Agent for the
Washington Co. Mutual Ins. Co.
Hartford Life & Health Ins. Co.
Corn Mutual Life Ins Co.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 22, 1850. 3m24

CITY

Insurance Company

OF CINCINNATI.

Will Insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE,

Houses, Buildings, Stores, Mills, Manufactories, Warehouses and Contents, Vessels in port and their Cargoes, Vessels building or repairing, Goods, Wares, and Merchandize generally.

DIRECTORS.

E. B. REEDER,	Wm. BURNET
GEORGE CARLISLE,	J. C. THORP,
J. M BLAIR,	H. RAPER,
J. P. K. LBRETH,	E. S. HAINES,
H. L. HOFFMAN	

E. B REEDER, *President.*

N. GREGORY, *Secretary.*

*** OFFICE,—No. 8 Front street, between Main and Sycamore, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The subscriber has been appointed agent of the above company in this city, to whom application can be made for policies, pamphlets, information, &c., at Room No 1 Court House.

EDWARD F. COLERICK.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 9, 1849. 28—tf.

WASHINGTON COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY. HARTFORD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. CHARLES WHITMORE.

Nov. 17, 1849 General Agent for Indiana.

BARNES & LITTLE,

Storage, Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS.

(In the Warehouse lately occupied by Bartlett & Co.)

FORT WAYNE, IA.

REFERENCES.

Noble & Sterling, *Monroe.*	Colton & Wing, *Toledo.*
Morton & Walbridge, "	P. Smyth, "
Holley & Johnson, *Buffalo.*	Marvin Minor, *New York,*
James Hollister, "	Jay Hollister, "

Fort Wayne, Dec. 8 1849 y23.

PHYSICIANS' & Family Prescriptions carefully prepared by day and by night at the OLD DRUG STORE.

NEW DRUG STORE.

WATSON WALL & CO.

On Calhoun Street, next door to Peter Kiser's.

ARE now opening a full and complete stock of

Drugs, Medicines,

Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Glassware, Oils, Surgical Instruments, Perfumery, Wines, Brandy, &c, &c.

fresh and of the best quality, selected with care in New York, Philadelphia, and Pittsburgh, which we offer to the medical profession and public generally confident of their being pure and unadulterated. Among which are

60 lbs. Eng. Calomel, extra.	30 lbs. Cantharides.
50 " Blue Mass,	25 " " powd.
100 " Turkish Opium opt.	20 " Fresh Ergot.
100 oz. John Farr's Ammon.	3 lbs's Camphor.
50 " Sulph. Acet. Morphine	5 " Epsom Salts.
300 lbs. Pulv. Jalap.	1 " Af. Cayenne Pepper.
10 " " Ipecac.	2 " Sup. Carb. Soda.
60 " " Rhenbarb opt.	3 boxes Tartaric Acid.
25 " Red Rhea.	100 lbs. Aqua Ammonia.
5 " Irish Moss (picked)	150 " Spts Nitre.
8 " Gum Arabic (white.)	50 " Sulph. Ether.
6 " India Senna.	200 " Sac. Alocs.
100 " Alex. "	30 " Oil Origanum.
100 " Spigilia.	20 " Peppermint.

Among a variety of CHEMICALS, to which we invite the attention of the medical profession, are

Ferrocyanuret Quinine.	Iodide Lead (Curries.)
Valerianet "	" Arsenic.
Citrate "	Sulph. Hyd. Sub.
Emetine	Proto Iodide Mer.
Elaterium	Bin Iodide "
Sucemic Acid.	Pure Nitrate Silver.
Tartrate Iron.	" " crystals.
Citrate Iron.	Tannic Acid.
Tart. Iron and Potassa.	Chloric Ether.
Tartrate Potassa.	Cod Liver Oil (pure.)
Cyanuret Potassa.	

To our friends and the public generally who are fond of a good CIGAR, we can offer a variety to suit all tastes.

10,000 Colorados.	5,000 Semiramis.
5,000 Cazadoras.	10,000 La Norma.
2,000 Regalias.	5,000 La Flora.
500 lbs. good Cavendish TOBACCO.	

We would invite the attention of *Cabinet Makers, Painters and Country Merchants* to examine our stock of PAINTS, &c., &c, before purchasing elsewhere, as we would like to show them

1000 lbs. best Eng. Ven. Red.	100 lbs. Ferra de Sienna.
2000 " 2d quality " "	10 packs good Gold Leaf.
100 " Turkish Umber.	200 papers Bronze, assorted
300 kegs Pure White Lead.	colors.
200 " No. 1 " "	10 bbls Turpentine.
2 bbls. Copal Varnish of Queen City V. Company.	
2 " Japan Dryer " "	
10 " Linseed Oil from Dayton Mills.	

and any quantity of Whiting, Window Glass Putty, Alum, Indigo, Copperas, Madder, &c. which we will be pleased to sell low for cash.

Also, on hand, for medical purposes, a choice article of WINES, BRANDY, &c

2 bbls. best Otard pale Brandy	2 " Mountain Malaga.
2 " " " dark "	1 " real Elliston of rish Whiskey.
1 " " Cognac "	1 " Pure Jim Hollands.
1 " Port Wine (Charrier.)	1 " Jamaica Rum.
3 " 2d quality Port Wine.	
2 " South side Maderia.	

We could offer thousands of other articles in our line, but have no wish to occupy the newspaper ourselves, nor pay heavily for advertising We expect to sell at a light profit, as we will convince those who favor us with a call.

WATSON WALL & Co.

Dec. 7, '49. y23 Druggists, Fort Wayne

Saleratus Manufactory.

THE undersigned being now engaged in the manufacturing of SALERATUS on the most approved principles, can fill orders for any quantity, and of a *quality far superior* to any before made in the place. He begs to call the attention of dealers along the canal line and surrounding country, to his establishment, as he is now able to compete with any other, and is determined that the quality and price of his article shall be such as to make it to the interest of buyers to deal with him; he would therefore invite the trade to call and examine quality, price, &c. before purchasing elsewhere. Orders attended to with dispatch.

OFFICE, on the canal, south side, east of Hanna's Block. OSCAR BLAIN

Fort Wayne, March 23, 1850. 38tf.

Books, Stationery, &c.

JUST received at the well known CHEAP BOOK STORE, *Hanna's Block*, a large and full assortment of

School, Miscellaneous, and Blank BOOKS,

including all the varieties of School Books in use in this place; a choice selection of Light Literature, cheap Novels, &c; Law, Scientific, Historical, Poetic, and Standrad Works; Day Books, Ledgers, Memorandum Books, &c. &c.

Also a heavy stock of

CAP AND LETTER PAPER

of all qualities and prices. Some beautiful Ladies' Note Paper; Blank Enamelled Cards, Envelopes; Gold and Steel Pens and holders, Sealing Wax, Wafers, Mottoes, Ink, Inkstands, Pencils, &c. &c.

Together with a large assortment of

FANCY ARTICLES,

such as, Card Cases, Pocket Books, Port Folios Albums, and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. C. L. HILL.

BLANK DEEDS, Blank Subpœnas, Executions, and Notes for sale by C. L. HILL.

Note Paper and Envelopes.

A large and splendid lot of various descriptions, now on hand and *for* sale.

C. L. HILL.

WHITE LEAD.

500 KEGS Lawrence's Lead, the best Brand in use. Also every thing else in the paint line, a little cheaper than the cheapest. H. B. REED

PERFUMERY, &c.

THE public, and especially the Ladies, are invited to examine my stock of

Perfumery, Soaps, Extracts, &c.

which have been received during the present week. The variety comprises all the best and most fashionable preparations now used in the eastern cities and in Paris. For sale by

JAMES B. SHOAFF,

Dec. 15, under Odd Fellows' Hall.

Drugs, Medicines,

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c., &c.

THE Subscriber having purchased the stock of Drugs, Medicines, Books and Stationery formerly owned by C. R. Walker, would respectfully announce to the Citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that he will still continue to transact at the old stand, No. 2, Hanna's Block, and earnestly solicits the patronage of all who may have occasion to want anything in his line.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 12, '49. C. L. HILL.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

THE undersigned have on hand a large quantity of the choicest LANDS in Northern Indiana; Improved and unimproved, located in the counties of Allen, Adams, Wells, Huntington, Whitley, Noble, Steuben and DeKalb, and offer them

For Sale on the Most Reasonable Terms.

They have also a number of improved and unimproved LOTS in this city, which they will dispose of on terms that cannot fail to suit purchasers. Persons desirous of

Purchasing Lands or Town Lots,

will do well to give them a call before making arrangements elsewhere.

N. B. Lands shown and descriptions given, *free of charge*, by application at our office at the Court House.

COLERICK & WITHERS,
General Land and Tax Agents.

Fort Wayne Nov. 22, 18 9. 21y

H. B. REED'S

Drug and Medical Circular

TO

Druggists, Physicians, Merchants, Manufactors, Artists, and Dealers generally.

HAVING just returned from the eastern cities with a very large stock of fresh and genuine

Drugs and Medicines,

and all other articles in his line, and being determined that he can sell them on as good terms as they can be purchased at any other place in the west, he would respectfully call the attention of his customers and trade generally to examination of his stock, amongst which will be found

500 ounces Farr's Quinine, (at a reduced price.)	100 do Balsam Copavia, 5 cases Magnesia.
250 do Piperine.	50 lbs Cantharides,
200 lbs. Powdered Red Bark,	25 do Ext. Colocynth comp.
500 do " Yellow "	1000 do Cream Tartar,
100 oz Morphine sulph &

P. P. Bibey

Has joined his NEW WARE HOUSE on the north side of the Canal, opposite his *Store*, and adjoining Hamilton & Williams' Mill where he is ready TO PAY CASH

For Flour, Wheat, Pork and Corn,

OR TAKE THE SAME ON STORAGE.

Country Merchants and Farmers, who wish to store their flour the winter instead of selling, can do so at a low rate of Storage, and have the same insured against loss by fire. If the proprietor be sold the purchaser while the produce is in store, in that case there will be no charge for Storage. *Cash Advances* made when ever desired on produce in store to go forward in Spring.

REFERENCES.

Messrs. Hamilton & Williams, *Fort Wayne, Ind.*
" Samuel Hanna, "
" Hugh M'Culloch, Cash'r of B'k "
" Peckham & Bradbury, *Toledo, Ohio.*
" Collins, Brown, & Co., "
" Brownlee & Brown, "
" G. S. Hazard, *Buffalo, N. Y.*
" W. S. Hawley, "
" Col. James H. Hooker, *Buffalo, Troy, New York, and Boston.*

N. B. HARDWARE BUSINESS continued as usual at the old stand, sign of Pad Lock.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 7, 1847. 23.

PHŒNIX BAKERY

And Family Grocery Store

The SAUNDERS informs his friends that his Bakehouse has arisen Phœnix like from the ashes; and having rented the building of R. W. Taylor's store (a few doors north of its late establishment) he again offers for sale his very description of

Bread, Cakes, Pastry, Crackers, &c.

of the best quality, trusting his old friends and customers will renew their patronage.

He will also keep on hand a general assortment of fresh

Family Groceries

to which he invites public attention. *No Liquors* will be kept in the establishment

June 8, 1849. 49.

DR. Hart's Vegetable Extract for Fits, also Dr. McKenzies Elixir of Opium just rec'd and for sale by H. B. REED.

Shoes for the Million.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY

HAVING replenished their stock, and made further arrangements to accommodate the public, offer to their numerous customers additional inducements for their continued patronage.

At Wholesale or Retail they offer

Patent Boots,	Over Shoes,	Thick Shoes
Gaiters,	Calf Boots,	Buskins,
Kip Boots,	Bootees,	Morocco Boots
Rubbers,	Youth's Boots,	Mens' Gaiters
Russia Boots,	Stockinett Rubbers	
Misses' Buskins,	Children's Shoes, &c	

FINDINGS.

Pegs, Nails, Kit, Thread; Lining, Bindings, Lasts, &c., &c.

All the above articles and many more, we offer to sell at the *lowest prices* for DOWN PAY, and we invite the people of North-eastern Indiana to call and be well provided with Boots and Shoes, and remind them of the danger of neglecting the feet in winter—to take care of the feet is to take care of the head, come one and all and be well shod—buy new Boots and get the old ones mended

EASTERN BOOTS.

Dealers can be supplied with Eastern Boots of the best quality, better than those usually offered in this market, at eastern prices.

ANDERSON & Co,

Fort Wayne, Jan. 27 1843. y30

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, for Cash, a valuable farm on the St. Mary's river, near the Goshen road, and within two miles of Fort Wayne. The property consists of one hundred and nine acres of land, seventy five acres of which is under cultivation; a good frame dwelling house of two stories, an excellent frame barn with stables below, and other out buildings; and a young orchard of choice grafted fruit.

The farm, from its location and other advantages, offers uncommon inducements to any desirous to purchase. The farm will be sold cheap as the owner is about to leave the country.

HOUGH & TURNER.

Fort Wayne Mar 31, 1849. 39.

VALUABLE

Mill Property for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Mill Property situate on the Elkhart River, in Noble County, Indiana, 40 miles north west from Fort Wayne and the Wabash and Erie Canal.—The property is now improved with a SAW-MILL, and Head Gates for GRIST and other MILLS. The Dam is one of the best in the country, and has been built only two years, but during that time has withstood without the slightest injury an usual freshets that caused more or less damage to other dams on the river. The supply of water is unfailing, and sufficient with the Head of 7½ feet of driving 4 run of 4½ feet stones, Saw Mill and Woollen Mill at all times, and during most of the year almost any amount of machinery could be propelled.

The Saw Mill has recently been put in first rate order, and is considered one of the best in the west. Logs in any quantity of the best kind, such as Poplar, Black Walnut, Ash, Oak, and Cherry, can always be obtained.

The property is situate in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and water power scarce, thereby insuring to the owner a monopoly of the milling business of the country, if well managed.

In connection with the mill and water power, will be sold

160 ACRES OF LAND

on which the mill is situated, together with Timber got out for the erection of a Flouring Mill.

For particulars as to the conduction of the business, amount, durability, and value of the water power, &c. inquire of Mr. S. V. Byrn, Millwright, Fort Wayne.

A. B. MILLER.

For particulars apply, if by letter post paid, to T. Tigar, editor of Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Fort Wayne, In. August 18, 1849. tf7

☞ *Ohio Statesman* (Weekly) publish 3 month, and send account to this office.

For Sale.

THE commodious Brick STORE and Ware house, eligibly situate on Columbia street and the canal, known as the Niagara Store, and occupied by A. B. MILLER. For terms, inquire on the premises or at the Sentinel office

August 4, 1849. tf5

Palo Alto Hotel.

THIS establishment is now fitted up in superior style for the accommodation of travellers and others. The subscriber will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom. His Table will at all times be furnished with the best the market affords. Having a careful ostler, travellers may be assured that their horses will be well attended to. A large and convenient Wagon Yard has recently been fitted up for the accommodation of teamsters, drovers, &c. His charges will be moderate to suit the times.

GEORGE MAYER,

October 13, 1849. 15v

500 Ounces Farr's Quinine, warranted pure, for sale at a reduced price.

v. 17, 1849. H. B. REED.

FT WAYNE OIL MILL.

THE subscribers have completed their Oil Mill, and are now engaged in the manufacture of LINSEED OIL, and will constantly keep the article on hand, to sell by wholesale or retail. They also have OIL CAKE to sell—an excellent article to feed stock.

The highest price paid in Cash or Oil for Flax Seed. Farmers who wish to sow Flax Seed for the purpose of raising seed can be supplied on liberal terms.

RUDISILL & WOLKE,

March 14, 1846 y37

Undertaking.

THE undersigned are now prepared to attend on Funeral occasions as they keep READY MADE COFFINS of all sizes and different qualities; viz. Mahogany, Walnut, and Cherry, flat and raised lids;—also, covered with Black Cloth or Silk Velvet if desired. They will be able to furnish the same promptly and lower than the usual rates. Strict attention will be paid to Funeral Hours, causing no delay.

☞ *A Hearse and good Carriage furnished, free of charge.*

Room on Calhoun st. near the Spencer House

JOHN M. MILLER,
LOUIS PELTIER.

Fort Wayne, June 1, 1849. y48

SCROFULA

If thousands of Cures of Scrofula, Cancers, Syphilis, and other impure diseases of the Blood—and if the VERY SMALL QUANTITY which was used of a Medicine to effect Cures of such Diseases, be any proof of the purifying medical power in the Medicine which has subdued and conquered such Diseases—then there is unquestionable evidence that—

BRANT'S INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT

is such a Medicine, in every respect; and there is abundant proof, in *great cures* effected, that ONE BOTTLE of it contains *more* purifying, healing virtue, and *medical power*, than there is contained in *Four Bottles* of any *sarsaparilla*, or any *other medicine* that has ever been offered for sale. There is undoubted proof in our pamphlets, that by the use of this great *Indian Purifier*, they that were DYING GET LIVE—they that were LAME and CRIPPLED can now WALK—they that were SICK, SCROFULOUS, and otherwise diseased, have been HEALED and CURED.

Hundreds—Thousands—

who have used BRANT'S PURIFIER after having used and tested ALL the *sarsaparillas* and other medicines recommended to cure blood diseases, have *decided* that—

Brant's is the Cheapest,

because *One Bottle* of it has *more* medicel, curative matter in it, and, in consequence, *cures more disease* in much *less time*, than *one bottle* of any other medicine.

If, then, *One Bottle* of BRANT'S PURIFIER will cure *FOUR TIMES* more disease than *one bottle* of *sarsaparilla*—"BRANT'S PURIFIER" would be as *cheap* at *four dollars a bottle*, as *sarsaparilla* at *one dollar*. But BRANT'S PURIFIER is sold for only ONE DOLLAR a bottle: and as a bottle of it *has* cured, and is *capable* of curing, *Four Times* as much disease as *one bottle* of *sarsaparilla*, therefore, sarsaparilla, in consequence of its *less* power and *less* medical efficacy, should be sold at *no more* than *Twenty-Five Cents* per bottle, to be as *cheap* as the PURIFIER at *One Dollar*.

One Dollar's Worth!

How much CANCER—how much SYPHILIS—how much SCROFULA—will *One Dollar's worth of Brant's PURIFIER* cure? Read the following statement, which is a specimen of its power.

CANCEROUS SCROFULA!

This is the case of a *Dying man* who *yet lives*. He was *cured* of a worse case of Scrofula, by only *Twelve Bottles* of Brant's Purifier, than ever was cured by the use of *Twenty Gallons* of the *best sarsaparilla* that was ever made. Sarsaparilla has not *sufficient medical power* to effect the cure of such a *terribly hideous* case.

Mr. J. B. HASKIN, of *Rome, Oneida Co., N. Y.*, had *Scrofula four years*—was confined to his bed the *last year*—he was so much diseased and debilitated as to be unable to raise his hand to his head. He had the best medical advice—and used *all* of the *best sarsaparillas* to no good effect—got *worse* and *worse*, and was considered to be in a *Dying State*, and could not live *twenty-four hours* longer, when he commenced using BRANT'S PURIFIER. His *neck* was *eaten nearly off* from *ear to ear*—a *hole* was eaten through his *windpipe*, under his chin, so that he breathed through the hole—his *ear* was so eaten around that it could be *lifted* up out of its place, it only holding by a small piece—the use of *one arm* was *destroyed* by two Ulcers—an Ulcer under the arm, as large as a man's *hand*, had nearly *eaten* through his side *into his body*. Thus, he was afflicted with *Twenty* such *putrid, acrid, offensive Ulcers*, as various parts of his person. For further and full particulars, see our *Pamphlets*.

Doct. THOMAS WILLIAMS, one of the most skilful physicians of Rome, was called to see Haskin the *day before* he commenced using *Brant's Purifier*. Doct. W. examined him, and then told him that *all* the *medicines* in the *world* could *not cure* him—that his case was

Worse than Hopeless!

Now hear Mr. HASKIN'S statement of cure. He said: My wife procured one bottle of *BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT*—THAT BOTTLE enabled me *to get off my bed*—the SECOND bottle enabled me to *get out of the house*—the THIRD enabled me to *walk two miles*, and when I had finished using *Nine Bottles*, SEVENTEEN out of *twenty Ulcers* had HEALED UP, and *three Ulcers* more effected a PERFECT CURE and restored me to *good health*.

FOURTEEN WITNESSES.

The above facts are certified to by DOCT. T. WILLIAMS, Mr. G. R. BROWN, of *West Rome Hotel*, Messrs. BISSELL & LEONARD, druggists, and ELEVEN other *respectable witnesses* at Rome.

CANCERS CURED.

Mr. O. B. KINNEY, merchant, *Clinton, Oneida county, N. Y.*, informed us that a cancer-doctor in said county was effecting wonderful cures of CANCERS through the efficacy of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT. A *cancer-doctor* in Oneida county, N. Y.—is also using said PURIFIER. Mr. A. B. SEELEY, druggist, at Canajoharie, Montgomery county, N. Y., has informed us of one important *cure of a cancer*, in which BRANT'S PURIFIER was effected on an aged lady of that place. If, therefore, this PURIFIER *cures Cancer*, by its purifying, healing power, what impure diseases of the blood can it not cure? Seventy years' experience and triumph says there are none: but what it will cure

FEVER-SORE CURED.

The Rev. RICHARD DUNNING, Pastor of the Presbyterian church, Adams Basin, Monroe county, N. Y., wrote to us: "I have just received a letter from Mr. CHANEY DUNNING, relative to the cure of his Fever-sore. You may depend on what it states, for he is a Christian man and an elder in the church. Some years since he had to have one of his *legs cut off*, to save his life, in consequence of a Fever-sore. The other leg being now affected, was about to be amputated, I recommended BRANT'S MEDICINE. Read the result. He says: "*I have used only* THREE BOTTLES of BRANT'S MEDICINE. *I placed* ALL HOPE, *from your recommendation, in that Medicine*, and I can now say that, with the blessing of God, *it has effected a cure of my leg*." See Pamphlets for full particulars.

LIVER-COMPLAINT!

Dr. NATHAN HUBBARD, of *Stamford, Conn.*, one of the oldest and most respectable physicians, was afflicted with *Liver-Complaint* many years, and was *perfectly cured by using* BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT. We could name hundreds of other cases, also cured.

FEMALE WEAKNESSES AND COMPLAINTS.

No remedy offered to the public has ever been *half as certain and effectual in restoring* ALL the incidental *weaknesses* and *irregularities* of the sex, as BRANT'S PULMONARY BALSAM. It makes no difference whether the derangement be *suppression, excess*, or other *weakness*—it REGULATES ALL, by *strengthening the* SYSTEM, *equalizing the* CIRCULATION, and *soothing and allaying* NERVOUS IRRITABILITY. ☞ See pamphlets.

CHANGE OF LIFE,

from *the girl* to *the woman*, and the *woman at middle age*—the one cause is *accelerated*, and the other so *gradually suppressed*, as to prevent any of the *fatal diseases* that frequently arise in consequence of such change.

Dyspepsia—Sour Stomach!

"ATTICA, Genesee Co., *February* 1, 1848.

"M. T. WALLACE & CO.—*Gentlemen:* I was, for more than a year, afflicted with a disease of the stomach. I could not eat any fat or greasy substance without causing great pain, sickness, and vomiting, and was continually afflicted with a sour stomach. I, as an experiment, tried one bottle of BRANT'S MEDICINE, which, to my utter disappointment, *eased and relieved the usual pain after eating*. I therefore used a second bottle, which has completely cured the disease. I am now well and hearty, and can eat almost anything without being pained, or the stomach becoming sour.

"Yours respectfully, T. S. WILCOX."

Mr. Wilcox is a respectable merchant of Attica.

NURSING SORE MOUTH, LUCORRHŒA, &c.

"BYRON, Genesee Co., N. Y., *Oct.* 19, 1847.

"Messrs. M. T. WALLACE & CO.: Some time last winter my wife became so debilitated from the effects of *Lucorrhea* and *Nursing Sore Mouth*, that she could not lift her child or perform any household labor. Her medical treatment was varied according to the advice and prescriptions of the most eminent physicians, until *our skill* was exhausted in useless efforts. She became so very a skeleton, that at the time she commenced using *Brant's Medicine* she weighed no more than eighty-five pounds; but by the time she had taken *four bottles*, she weighed perfectly well. The cure is so perfect, that she is now enable to do the necessary household work, and gained thirty pounds of flesh in four weeks.

"Yours truly, C. B. GALENTINE."

The reader will observe that Mr. GALENTINE says "*our* skill." He, we are informed by Z. S. TERRY, Esq., of the same place, has studied medicine.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.

BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT is a *perfect and thorough eradicator of all the effects of* MERCURY, or any of the various preparations of CALOMEL or MERCURY, *from the system*: and it restores the *blood, muscles, and all the parts diseased*, to their original, HEALTHY STATE.

GENERAL DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM!

Mr. A. HOLTSTANDER, merchant, *Oberlin, Lorrain Co, Ohio*, wrote, December 19, 1848, and after having stated how like a charm the PULMONARY BALSAM had effected the cure of his wife's consumptive cough, said: "I have personally used *BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT*, for the debility of my system, and I have no hesitation to say, that it is the best medicine to RESTORE and INVIGORATE THE SYSTEM that I have ever used. In *every instance* where we have sold BRANT'S MEDICINES, *they have proved their efficacy, and given the* BEST SATISFACTION."

SALT RHEUM,

and all impure *chronic diseases of the* BLOOD, are always cured *by BRANT'S EXTRACT*.

For sale by

HUGH B. REED, Fort Wayne.

Also, by the following:

N. Payne, Auburn.
J. B. Hanna, Homerstown
J. D. Nuttman & Co., Decatur.
Beacon & McDowell, Bluffton.
John Davis, Huntington.
Tuttle, Baker & Co., Columbia.
S. T. Clymer, Albion.

JUJUBE PASTE,—Four Boxes best Lemon Jujube Paste, for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. Please call and examine at

JAMES B. SHOAFF'S,
under Odd Fellow's Hall.

Look Here!

COLERICK & WITHERS have several choice pieces of Land in St. Joseph Township in Allen County, which on early application can be purchased lower than ever before offered in that quarter. Call on them at the Court House.

Jan 12, 1850. 28-tf.

A Large quantity of Russian bound County Records can be found at No. 2 Hanna's Block. 31

J. C. BOWSER. WILLIAM MOSS.

The Dead are Alive and the Lost is Found!

New California Store.

J. C. BOWSER & Co. just from the diggings are now opening a large and splendid assortment of WINTER GOODS, at wholesal and retail, consisting of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Drugs and Patent Medicines.

We call on the people to come and *see* our goods. We reason thus with you: If we are willing to scatter the gold dust on such things, the old, the young, the rich and the poor may all have a share of the dust, and be benefited by coming to the California Store, where you can get every thing from a needle to an anchor, and at such LOW RATES as to *astonish the natives!* In this way you may all have an interest in California. We make it so plain in figures that you can all see that we do not use any deception or imposition to which we have too long been subject. We will take all kinds of PRODUCE, and further we will buy *Hoop Poles, Staves, Saw Logs & Ashes*, so that we may remove all excuses.

N. B.—We are the sole agents for the sale of Dr J. WHITE'S *Family Medicine*, and have in our Store a pamphlet for every family. Also a Cure for Ruptures caused by strains or lifting.

Fort Wayne, corner of Pearl and Calhoun sts.

JUST RECEIVED.

T. P. ANDERSON & Co. have just received from the East one of the largest and most splendid stock of

Boots, Shoes, and Leather,

of every description, ever brought to this city.—Further particulars next week.

October 13, 1849.

Those who want to buy Goods Cheap would do well to call at

The Farmers' Depot,

No. 5 COLUMBIA STREET, FORT WAYNE.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN have received direct from New York a very large and well selected assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Boots & Shoes, Caps, &c.

Among the Dry Goods will be found a splendid lot of Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, and Fulled Cloth; Jeans, Linseys, & Falmels; Tickings, Batting, Sheetings, Shirtings, Furniture and Apron Checks; a beautiful lot of Calicoes—newest styles; Alpaccas, Merinoes, Woolen Plaids, Muslins de Laines, Cashmeres, and other

DRESS GOODS,

of the very latest fashions and best quality.

Fur, Silk & Worsted Plush, Cloth, & Glazed CAPS, in great variety, and very low. Silk, Gingham, & Cotton Umbrellas,—all qualities and prices.

WORSTED GOODS—Cashmere and Merino Hose and Half Hose; Comforters; Gloves and Mitts; Berlin Do; Zephyr Worsted. Black and mixed fine Stocking Yarn.

SHAWLS.—Cashmere, Worsted, Basket-braid, Rob Roy, and other fashionable Shawls.

BOOTS & SHOES.—Kid welted Buskins, Excelsiors, Patent Leather, Gaiters, Bootees, Slippers, &c. Children's Do. Do. in great variety—all sorts, sizes, qualities, and prices. Kip and Cowhide Boots, shoes, & Brogans.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

—not the poor Jew Shop Work, but a regular Simon pure serviceable article, calculated to keep out the cold, to adorn the person and to wear well. Blanket, Beaver, and Pilot Over Coats; Cloth, Drab & Frock Coats; Cassimere Sattinett, and Corduroy Pants. Winter Vests; Knit Shirts and Drawers; &c. &c.

Groceries.

Coffee Young Hyson, Old Hyson, Imperial, and Black Teas; Loaf, Clarified, Powdered, & New Orleans Sugars; Molasses; Pepper, Alspice, Ginger, Cinnamon, Cloves, & Nutmegs; Maiden Alum, Logwood, Indigo, Copperas, and other DYE STUFFS. Cavendish, Honey Dew Plug, and fine cut Pressed Chewing Tobacco, Mrs. Miller's best Smoking Do., Pipes. 4 few thousand prime Colorado Spanish Cigars; Rice, Pearl barley; Oatmeal, Corn-meal, Raisins; Soap, Starch &c.

HARDWARE.—Mill Saws Rowland's and English Plate & Cut, and Tenon Saws; Hand saws, Bucksaws; Simmons' Collins' and Ohio Cliy Axes; Augurs, Chisells, Gimblets, Braces and other Carpenters' Tools; a few Walls and Powell's Ship Carpenter's Adzes and Axes—Butts & Screws, Hinges, Latches, Locks, and all kin's of door trimmings; Knives & Forks; Pocket & Pen Knives; Razors & Strops; Snecles. Log, Trace and Coil Chains, &c. &c.

The above goods were bought on very advantageous terms, and will be sold Low. To this our customers may be assured. We do not intend making any blow on the subject, but invite all to call at the Depot and judge for themselves; this is all we ask, and we are satisfied that any discriminating person who will examine our goods and prices, will at once see that the Farmers' Depot is the place for Bargains.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

No. 3 Jones' Block, Fort Wayne, Ia.

ANOTHER GREAT ARRIVAL OF

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Hafdware, Queensware, Boots, Shoes

&c. at the old stand of

W. SMITH & Co.

Prices even Lower than our former Low Prices. Here, and here only, can be had

Real Heavy Yard Wide Sheetings Sixteen Yards for One Dollar!!

such as is sold for 8 or 10 cents per yard. All kinds of goods will be sold at the very Lowest Figure.

NO SHAVING OR GOUGING

On Due Bills, Orders, or Barter Trades.

No selling goods at one price, and on the presentation of an order or due bill a greater price charged. This doctrine is not only preached but practiced, and in no case deviated from. In a word to make a long story short,

OLD No. 3

still continues to lead all competitors, from the noisy little Conneaut Steam Boat, which puffs and blows at five knots an hour down to the long low black schooner, which is bobbing up and down on the troubled waters in our distant wake.

MOSES DRAKE, Jr *Captain.*

WANTED,—Black Salts and all kinds of PRODUCE, for which the highest cash price will be paid.

For. Wayne In. Oct. 26, 1849.

NEW Fashions FOR Fall and Winter.

MISS WELLS would announce to the Ladies that she has received her

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS

and the newest FASHIONS for Bonnets, Cloaks Visites, and Dresses, which are much improved in style, and very becoming for the season.

She has a great variety of *Straw and Leghorn Hats*, and Ready-made BONNETS of all kinds—also a large assortment of

Ribbons, Flowers, Plumes, Silks for Bonnets and Dresses, Zephyr Worsted, Caps, Collars, Gloves, &c.,

and will sell them very cheap. She feels truly grateful for the liberal patronage already received and will be happy to wait upon customers, as usual, at her old stand on Columbia street. All kinds of

Dress-Making and Millinery

made to order,

November 3, 1849. y18.

400 Boxes Imported SEGARS, very fine FILSON'S.

Ayer's, Lyon's and Sherley's Cathartic Pills.

C. L. RUDISILL has on hand a general assortment of ANNUALS for 1850, and other splendidly illustrated works, calculated for presents, among which are—

Odd Fellows' offering for 1850,
Brilliant " "
Friendship's Offering " "
Offering of Beauty, &c. &c.
Poet's Offering.

Also, some superbly bound and illustrated Bibles, Prayer Books,
Tupper's Proverbial Philosophy,
Tasso,
Poems, by Amelia,
Montgomery's Poems,
Lamb's Dramatic Poems, &c. &c.

well adapted for Presents and Keepsakes. Gold Pens, Pencils, Port Monnaies, Port Folios, &c.

Nov. 10, 1848. 19

BRUSHES.—A very large assortment of White Wash, Shoe, Marking, Graining, Flesh, Paint, Dusting, &c., for sale very cheap.

Oct. 9, 1848. H. B. REED

MOSES DRAKE, Jr.

No. 3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, Ia.

DEALER IN

Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods

GROCERIES,

Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c.*

Also, the best Northern Sole and Upper LEATHER just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.

SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.

CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

Notice to Farmers and

PRODUCE DEALERS.

THE undersigned having leased the well known CITY MILLS, in Fort Wayne, heretofore run by *Hamilton & Williams*, take this method of saying to all interested that they are prepared and ready to Flour promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one or more Run of Stones in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Will Feed* at all times for sale.

CASH Paid for WHEAT at the Highest Rates.

HOAGLAND, COMSTOCK, & CO.

Ft. Wayne, Aug. 23d, 1847. ly8

Fire Engine and Carding Machine

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, having been appointed agent for an extensive manufactory of Fire Engines, Carding Machines &c. is prepared to fill all orders that may be given him. The engines and machines are warranted, and will be afforded of any size and power. He sells on a liberal credit, or at a discount for cash. Inquire at the *Indiana Land and Tax Agency*—Calhoun st.

June 1 (48) JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

New Lots for Sale,

In the Indiana Land and Tax Agency

THE subscriber offers the following Lots for sale, situate in Fort Wayne as follows:

HANNA'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 166, 37, 38, 39, 40, 536, 278, and part of

COUNTY ADDITION AND OLD PLAT.—7, 49, 6, 48, 72, and e. 1-3 of 75, part 59.

EWING'S ADDITION.—Lot 3, Block 27; Lot 7, Block 3; lot 4, block 27; lot 8, block 3; lot 4, block 26; lot 9, block 3; lot 7, block 25; lot 1, block 4.

TABOR'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 2, 29, and 30.

They will be sold low for cash or on a credit.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,

Feb. 3, 1849. y31.

Ft. Wayne Woollen Factory.

RUDISILL & WOLKE having procured New Machinery for the MANUFACTURING of WOOL, inform their customers and the public in general that they will Manufacture Wool into

Stiinets or Full Cloth

of all kinds, on the most liberal terms, on shares or for pay. Those wanting their Wool manufactured must bring it in the fleece well washed.

May 6, 1848. y44

Fire Proof Paint.

RECEIVED a large supply of all the color of the article, to which we would call the attention of those desirous of making use of all the means to prevent loss from fire, for sale cheap by

H. R. REED.

NEW STOCK OF

Genuine Wines and Liquors

AT THE

WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

S. BEAL returns his thanks to the public for their liberal patronage, and respectfully informs them that he has just received a heavy stock of

Genuine Wines and Liquors,

which he can confidently recommend as far superior to any thing ever before offered in the market. Those in want of choice articles of pure old *French Cognac Brandies, Port Wine, Rum, Gin, &c.* for Medicinal use, warranted genuine and pure as imported, which he offers lower than has been paid for the adulterated articles usually sold in this market.

Common and Domestic Liquors, Cordials, &c., at very low rates.

His stock includes

Old Alex. Seignette Brandy,	dark	Pure Juice Port Wine	
" " "	pale	Durand's "	"
J. J. Dupuy	"	Other brands "	"
Scaeh	"	Sherry	"
Several fine Domestic	"	Sweet Malaga	"
Old Cherry		Native	"
Jamaica Rum		Madeira	"
St. Croix		Kimel	
Old Holland's Gin		Shap's Rectified Whiskey	
Rose	"	Old Rye	"
Wheeler's	"	East India Bitters	
American	"	Staughton	

He has recently enlarged his Rectifiers, and is now prepared to furnish any quantity of superior

DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKEY

at the lowest prices.

Also, *Decanters, Tumblers, Bottles, Loaf Sugar*, &c. All Brandies, Wines, and Glass will be sold from

20 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than has ever been sold in this market.

Persons wanting any quantity—from a quart to a barrel—of Wines or Liquors will do well to call, as they may depend on every article being exactly what it is represented, and at the lowest rates at all times.

Dec. 1, 1849. y—21.

FOR SALE.

A First rate THRESHING MACHINE, new and in good order. Cost $250 in Rochester New York. Liberal terms will be given.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun.

Fort Wayne, June 29, 1849. tf52

New Store---New Men---and New Goods.

BARNES & LITTLE are now opening at the store formerly occupied by Bartlett & Co., a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Queensware, &c.

which they intend to sell at such prices as they hope will insure them a portion of the custom of the community. A call is respectfully solicited.

Michigan and Canada Money taken for Goods.

Dec. 1, 1849

LAND AND TAX AGENCY.

THE subscriber, proprietor of the above Agency, will continue the business of a

"GENERAL LAND AGENCY"

in all its various branches, and tenders his services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a systematic and General Land Agency Business. He is provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—has personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana, and has numerous and careful correspondents, and is therefore prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the ownership, and, location and value of lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.

As agent for the owner, he offers for sale large bodies of valuable land, well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	18,706	Noble County	8,847
DeKalb "	7,024	Whitley "	8,808
Steuben "	2,868	Huntington "	5,364
Lagrange "	965	Wabash "	7,703
Kosciusko "	5,480	Miamie "	827
Blackford "	2,774	Carrol "	820
Jay "	594	Cass "	640
Wells "	2,420	Fulton "	1,289
Adams "	996	Marshall "	327
Elkhart "	720	White "	1,347
Fountain "	1,840	Montgomery "	720
Putnam "	897	Clinton "	897
Parke "	535	Marion "	320

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a reasonable credit. Title rendered indisputable.

He also offers for sale

Several Valuable Improved Farms.

in the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of

Town Lots

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION. Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase.

Office at the sign of the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY." on Calhoun Street. JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

Fort Wayne, February 3, 1849. y31.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

E. A. McMAHON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Fort Wayne, Ia.*, will practice in the courts of this (12th) judicial circuit, and in the Supreme Court of the State, and the Circuit Court of the United States at Indianapolis. OFFICE—Front room in the second story of Foelinger's new building, corner of Main and Calhoun streets,—where he can be consulted—during the usual business hours—by persons who feel it their interest to have his services.

Dec. 25, 1849. y26

I. H. BEECHER. W. LAWRENCE.

BEECHER & LAWRENCE, *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind. OFFICE—Over B. SMITH'S Store, on the Corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets. Will attend to COLLECTIONS, and all kinds of WRITING, LAND AGENCIES, &c., &c. y25.

E. F. COLERICK. [1849.] W. H. WITHERS.

COLERICK & WITHERS. *Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, and General Land and Tax Agents*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, and Securing of Debts, and Examination of TITLES, &c., in Indiana.

☞ OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.

Nov. 17, 1849. 20—y.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.

REFERENCES.

Hon. David McDonald } *Professors of Law*
" William T. Otto } *Indiana University.*
" Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur.*

☞ OFFICE—On Clinton Street, two doors north of the Bank. y38

JOHN G. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind., will attend to any business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.

Office on Calhoun Street, over B. Smith's store.

Sept. 30, 1848. y13.

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun-st. fy17.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

REFERENCES

Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne.*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*

OFFICE near the Bank, north of the Treasurer's Office

M. JENKINSON, Attorney at Law, &c. ANTHONY F. YAGER. Dr. of Laws & German Advocate

MR. JENKINSON informs his friends and the public generally, that he has formed a law co-partnership with Anthony F. Yager, Esq., who has been in the practice for twelve years in Germany. Their firm will be conducted under the name of Jenkinson & Yager. They will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to their care in the courts of Indiana, to making and translating of documents, powers of attorney, and other letters mandatory, deeds, mortgages, &c. in the English, German, and French languages, to the examination of land titles in Northern Indiana, collection, adjustment, and securing of debts, payment of taxes, purchase and sale of lands, &c. Mr. Yager especially offers his services to his German countrymen in all kinds of legal business and correspondences, as well as the collection of money in Germany, where his numerous and careful correspondents, in every part of that country, will enable him to accomplish all such mandates.

REFERENCES:

Allen Hamilton, Esq.	F. & J. Nirdlinger.
Samuel Hanna, Esq.	Dr Wehmer.
Hon. Judge W. Borden.	George Mayer, Esq.

Fort Wayne, Ia., August 25, 1849. y8.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish such services.

Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, on Clinton Street, two doors north of Wasl ington-st.

Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Calhoun street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.

Fort Wayne, August 15th, 1847. tf8

DR. ROBERT McNEILL (late Surgeon in the United States Volunteer Service in Mexico) offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity.—In addition to his experience in the army, he has had the advantage of several years' private practice in the West, and will be found familiar with the diseases incident to the western country.

He may be found at his office on Calhoun street, above T. K. Brackenridge's Store, or at the Spencer House, and will be happy to attend to *any* business entrusted to him; and at *all times* when not professionally engaged.

Fort Wayne, July 6, 1849. 6m1.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, on Main Street, north of the Treasurer's Office, *Fort Wayne.*

August 12, 1848. y6

1848. 1848.

J. E. HILL, A. M. ORBISON. G. WILSON

HILL, ORBISON, & CO.,

(Successors to Nichols & Hoagland,)

Forwarding & Commission MERCHANTS.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

☞ *Liberal advances made on Produce.*

REFERENCES:

E. Haskell & Co. } *Toledo!*
Smith,

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 10—No. 42. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, April 20, 1850. Whole No. 8:6.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE—Over *P. P. Bailey's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets Third Story.*

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.
No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.
Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.
A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch on the most reasonable terms.

The Knox Insurance Co.
OF VINCENNES, IA.
CAPITAL $200,000.
DIRECTORS.

Robert N. Carnan, Vincennes Ia.
William J. Wise, " "
William J. Hubard, "
Horace E. Peck, "
Cyrus M. Allen, "
Vincent F. West, M. D. Pike Co., Ia.
Peter P. Bailey, Fort Wayne, Ia.
Thomas T. Bonbridge, Lafayette, Ia.
Walter W. Early, Terre Haute, Ia.
David Wallace, Indianapolis, Ia.
Henry D. Allis, Evansville, Ia.
Henry R. Schoolcraft, Washington, D. C.
Zephaniah Platt, New York, N. Y.
ROBERT N. CARNAN, Pres't.
B. S. WHITNEY, Sec'y.
N. J. ELDRIDGE, Treas.
CYRUS M. ALLEN, } Counsellors.
SAMUEL JUDAH, }
PETER P. BAILEY, Agent, Fort Wayne.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent of the Knox Insurance Co. at this place, is now prepared to insure against loss by fire on buildings, merchandize and all description of property, also on vessels and their cargoes, on the most reasonable terms. All losses promptly adjusted and paid. P. P. BAILEY, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, December 1, 1849. 522

Columbus Insurance Company,
OF COLUMBUS, OHIO.
Capital paid in $300,000.
INCORPORATED IN 1833.
JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, Agent.

THE Subscriber, agent at Fort Wayne of this successful and responsible Company continues to insure on risks in Allen and adjacent counties.

This Company, since its organization, has paid nearly $200,000 of dividends to its stockholders. The losses have always been promptly adjusted and paid. The subscriber during the past year paid over 2,500 for losses on policies issued by him. All losses are adjusted at the agency where the risk is taken, and persons insuring in the Company may have full confidence of its ability to pay, and of its liberal, prompt, and honorable dealing with the insured.
JOSEPH K. EDGERTON, *Agent.*
Fort Wayne, Nov. 27, 1849. 1y23

Protection
Fire & Marine Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
Incorporated in 1825. Annual Premiums, Cap ital Stock, and Surplus Fund

$1,000,000.

This old and responsible Company continues to issue policies on the most favorable terms on Dwelling Houses, Household Furniture, Stores, Stock of Goods, Warehouses, and contents, Mills & Manufactories, &c., &c., against
LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,
Also, on Goods, Wares, and Merchandize, against the hazard of
INLAND TRANSPORTATION,
And upon the
CARGOES OF SEA VESSELS.

The Protection Insurance Company has in the last twenty-five years, paid MANY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS at the several agencies throughout the United States and the British Provinces, have established a just reputation for solvency and fair dealing, which challenges comparison with any other insurance company on the Continent of America. The annexed extract from an article on the subject of Insurance Companies, taken from the "New York Day Book," exhibits briefly the standing and policy of the Company.

"The 'Monied men' of the ancient and always prosperous city of Hartford, have for half a century been famous throughout the Union for the care, discretion rigid honesty, and unvarying success, with which they have formed and managed corporations of this description. No *Hartford Bank or Insurance Company has ever failed!* These Companies have for more than a whole generation scattered their risks in nearly every State in the Union, and have never failed to pay the innumerable losses which they have insured against."

All losses arising upon policies issued by the undersigned, will be promptly adjusted and paid at the General Agency office, located at Cincinnati, O. A large portion of the funds of the Company, (including all premiums received at the Western agencies) is deposited with the General Agent of the Company, in Cincinnati, for the payment of western and southern losses.

Apply to the subscriber, Agent for the town of Fort Wayne, and for Allen County.
JOHN HOUGH, Jr.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 20, 1849. y.

CASH PAID FOR
Land Warrants & County Orders

T. PRITCHARD will pay cash and the highest price for any quantity of Land Warrants and Allen County Orders. He also sells the same on favorable terms.

He also offers about two thousand acres of first rate WILD LAND in Adams, Wells, and Allen counties, which will be sold at from $2,00 to $2,50 per acre. Persons wishing to buy land would find it to their advantage to give him a call.
THOMAS PRITCHARD.
Fort Wayne, Sept. 15, 1849. 12tf.

New Supply of Yankee Notions
AT FILSON'S MULTUM IN PARVO.

THE undersigned is now receiving from Canal Boat H. McCulloch, Capt. Little, always through by daylight, the largest and best selected stock of

NOTIONS AND FANCY GOODS

right from Yankee Land. The following goods will be found on hands:

Heavy Buck Mitts and Gloves; 100 doz. fine Woolen Comforts.
25 doz. do. for the Ladies.
10 doz. Gent's fine black Kid Gloves.
10 doz. Lambs do.
60 pcs. black and fancy gold Alpacas.
60 pcs black and bullion Fringes.
50 doz. Fancy Dress Buttons for Ladies' wear.
50 doz. Ladies' Lambs Wool Hose.
25 doz. Children's do.
50 doz. Woolen Gloves, all sizes.
30 doz. fancy Combs.
20 doz. Buffalo Horn do.
200 doz. Coleman's Patent Thread.
500 doz. Spool Thread.
Buttons, Pins, and Needles, by the quantity.
5 doz. Pocket Wallets.
Violin Strings, Ladies' Satchels, Pocket Books.
50 doz. Elastics.
100 doz. Whistle Reeds.
100 Reams Cap Paper.
25 " Letter Paper.
100 " Wrapping Paper.
10,000 Envelopes.
200 Razor Strops.
100 gross Blue Top Matches.
1 doz. Expanded Hearts.
300 packages Pins.

And ten thousand different articles too tedious to mention. All you have to do is to call and see R. C. spread himself.
J. E. FILSON.
Nov. 17, 1849 30—y.

NOTICE.

PHYSICIANS, Merchants and others desirous of securing *good* articles at fair prices, are invited to call and examine my
STOCK OF DRUGS, &C.
which is now complete, and not to be excelled in the city.
JAMES B. SHOAFF.
Druggist, Fort Wayne.
y6.

The Last Arrival for the Season

THE STEAMBOAT OHIO

HAS just arrived direct from New York, and is unloading at the Checkered Cash Store upwards of

Thirty Tons of Goods.

which we are bound to sell at WHOLESALE and RETAIL, and at very Low prices. The goods we are loaded by the steamer consists in part of

Prints, Sattinetts, Cassimeres, Jeans, Flannels, Linseys' Sheetings, Batting, Cotton Yarn, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Lead, Nails, Glass, Buckets, Brooms, Tubs, Churns, Tobacco, &c., &c.

which we pledge ourselves to *sell cheaper than can be bought elsewhere.*

Country Merchants will find it an object to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. We are taking all kinds of *Country Produce* in exchange for Goods, wholesale or retail.

Cash paid for WHEAT and BLACK SALTS, and liberal advances made on Flour, Pork, Pearl and Pot Ashes received in store. Don't forget the place—the Checkered Cash Store.
AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

2100 Pieces Wall Paper, plain, ground ed, Blended, and satin finish, from 12 to 50 cents per piece, on hand and for sale by Dec. 15. AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

210 Pieces superior Canton Flannel for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

120 Reams Crown, Medium and Bonnet Crown Wrapping Paper, very cheap by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

2000 Lbs. Bar Lead for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

1500 Lbs. Batting just rec'd and for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

20 Bales Heavy Brown Sheetings just rec'd and for sale low, wholesale or retail by, Dec. 8. AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

100 Bags Eastern Rio Coffee, prime article, on hand and for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

25 Hhds Sug. for primed to N. O. Sugar now receiving and for sale low by the barrel or single pound. AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

25 Bbls. N. O. Molasses on hand and for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

250 Boxes Virginia Cavendish Tobacco for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

225 Boxes 8 by 10 and 10 by 12 Glass, a superior article, for sale by Dec. 8. AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

75 Kegs Shoebergen Nails for sale very low by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

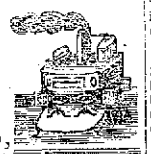
550 D.z. Wooden Buckets, also Tubs and Churns just received and for sale by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

125 Doz. Brooms for sale by the doz. by AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

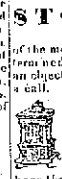
R. SUTHERLAND,
TIN, SHEET IRON & COPPER WARE MANUFACTURER
AND
Dealer in Stoves,

RETURNS his most grateful thanks to his numerous friends and the public for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on him, and respectfully informs them that he has now on hand a large variet

Parlor,
COOKING
AND
Box
STOVES,



of the most approved varieties, which he is determined to offer at such prices as will make it an object for those wanting Stoves to give him a call.



He particularly directs attention to a new and beautiful article of
Air-Tight Self-Regulating Parlor Stoves,
on an entirely new principle, which by means of a self acting valve will always keep the room at any required temperature.—For neatness, convenience and economy of fuel, that stove is unequalled by any in the market.

He also received a full supply of
Tin, Sheet Iron, & Copper,
which he will make to order on the most reasonable terms. A general assortment of TIN WARE kept on hand. Jobbing Mending, &c., promptly attended to.
Shop on Columbia Street, one door east of C. A. G & O's Store, No. 15.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 24, 1849. 21

Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, **ENGINES** of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.
Fort Wayne, July 14, 1849. 3

Fall and Winter Styles of Goods.

MRS. DYKES is now receiving a large and general assortment of FANCY GOODS, suited to the approaching season, and of the latest styles.

A large assortment of Bonnet and Cap Ribbons and Trimmings of every description. Do Laces, Cambrics, Mohair, Lustres, Silk and other DRESS GOODS of the newest styles.—A splendid assortment of Plaid Cashmere Shawls, &c., &c. Sept. 22, 1849.

BRANDY & WINE.—A pure article of Brandy and Wine for Medicine use can be found at WALKER'S DStore.

100 Cans Baltimore OYSTERS, for sale at FILSON'S.

800 Lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale by C. B. REED.

LAMP OIL.

A superior articles winter strained sperm oil. Also Tanner's Oil, and Neat's Foot Oil, for sale very low. R. B. REED.

POETRY.

LIKING AND DISLIKING.

Ye who know the reason, tell me
How it is that instinct still
Prompts the heart to like—or like not—
At its own capricious will?
Tell me by what hidden magic
Our impressions first are led
Into liking—or disliking—
Oft before a word is said?

Why should smiles sometimes repel us?
Bright eyes too with feelings cold?
What is that which comes to tell us
All that glitters is not gold?
Oh—no feature, plain or striking,
But a power we cannot shun,
Prompts our liking or dislikings,
Ere acquaintance hath begun!

Is it instinct—or some spirit
Which prompts us—and controls
Every impulse we inherit
By some sympathy of souls?
Is it instinct?—is it nature?
Or some freak, or fault of chance,
Which our liking—or disliking—
Limits to a single glance?

Like presentiment of danger.
Though the why no wisdom flings;
In that inner sense, still stranger,
Oft moves—unuttered things!
Is it—oh, can no one tell me,
No one show sufficient cause
Why our likings—or dislikings—
Have their own instinctive laws?

Something Rich—Bausman vs. Clayton.

Our Whig friend Wm. Bausman, late editor of the Lafayette Journal, is out in the Washington Union in an address of a column and a half, "to the President of the United States," in which he gives Mr. Secretary Clayton "thunder." He recites, with a stately pomposity which would do credit to Gibbon, that in January last, he filed with the Secretary of State, (or rather with his door keeper, for the Secretary himself could not be seen,) his application "for a commission of the consulate at Tangier, Morocco." Why this particular spot of "all the world" was selected in preference to the habitations of "the rest of mankind" as the scene of his glory, does not appear. Notwithstanding our friend B. was backed, by "recommendations of such an honorable and complete character as are seldom or never presented by applicants for office," he was destined to see his laudable ambition to serve his country nipped in the bud,—utterly squashed! Mr. Bausman says he waited for "several week" to see the effect of his recommendations, but becoming impatient, "sought *eight* different occasions, during the hours assigned by cabinet etiquette for an audience with the honorable Secretary," but "on eight different occasions was doomed to disappointment." Then Ned. McGaughey tried it *eight* different times, and he couldn't come it either! At the eight round Mr. "gave it up," but not so with the pertinacious Bausman.—At the "ninth (auspicious number) attempt, his labors were actually crowned with success," and he looked upon the prodigious great man which is had taken him about 34 hours to get sight of! Clayton told him he had examined the numerous recommendations, and found them of "very excellent character," had spoken to the President on the subject, &c., who said he designed making no change in the office in question at present, but would inform the Secretary when he desired to do so, &c. But what was Bausman's surprise a few days after to see it announced in the newspapers, that the identical "consulate at Tangier had been conferred upon a Mr. Brown of New York!" Bausman says "well authenticated private rumor asserts, that among the applicants for this office besides myself, were Mr. Brown and Mr. Porter, at present in the city. Mr. Porter was refused the appointment at Tangier because, as the honorable Secretary stated, he had '*presented it to a personal friend of his*' this Mr. Brown. "But," continued the Secretary "I confer upon you the consulate at Tripoli, with like salary, in the same dominions in consideration of a long standing acquaintance with your father,' or some like unjustifiable reason."

Then Bausman proceeds to discuss Clayton's "malversations and duplicity in office," holding him up to "merited public indignation," calling him a "falsifier and pultroon," &c.—He says:

"The general course of the Secretary of State, in the exercise of the appointing power, has been such as to cover him with shame, to bring reproach upon your administration, and to scatter the whig party into such minute fragments as to deprive it even of a nucleus for a rallying point. His chief delight has appeared to be, to overlook the claims of the masses, to confer his rewards upon broken-down politicians, who have been twice, thrice, and irretrievably condemned by the people—to bestow the patronage of the government upon *great men's sons*, who have no claims but those derived from distinguished parentage—in fact, to subserve his own personal ambition at the expense of your reputation, and to the detriment of the whig party."

Bausman ventures to remind old Zack that the "power behind the throne" is sometimes "greater than the throne itself," and that he obtained laurels as a General which I am afraid are withering on the brow of the Executive!" "It may be," he says, "that Indiana has no claims on the patronage of the government, as she failed, for want of numerical whig strength, to succeed—on the suggestion of a prominent Connecticut politician—in sending a strong enough whig delegation to Congress to secure her any fair proportion of that patronage. She was not wanting in volunteers, however, when a requisition was made upon her to fight the battles of Mexico."

Now all this comes, be it remembered, from a sworn friend of Taylorism, from one who "wasted" himself to secure its advent, even to the spending of "his whole substance."

Oh! Bausman, Bausman, your friends will surely have to give you another *public dinner!*
—*Indiana State Sentinel.*

Completion of the Britannic Tubular Bridge.

The opening of this magnificent structure, looked forward to with so much interest, took place on March 5.

At 64 o'clock in the morning, three powerful engines, (the Cambria, the St. David, and the Pegasus,) of from 50 to 60-horse power, each decorated with flags of all nations and union jacks, steamed up, and harnessed together, started from the Bangor station. At 7 o'clock the adventurous convoy, progressing at a speed of seven miles an hour, were lost sight of in the recess of the vast iron corridor. Instead of being driven through with a dispatch indicative of a desire on the part of those who manned it to get in and out with the utmost expedition, the locomotives were propelled to a slow and stately pace; with a view of holding, by means of a dead weight, the calibre of the bridge at every hazard. The total weight of the locomotive was 90 tons.—The appearance of the interior of the tube during the interesting experiment was of a novel and remarkable character. The pauses that occurred during the progress of the transit, furnished an imposing view of the interior of the gigantic structure, which, as contrasted with that of a tunnel of similar length, was rendered comparatively cheerful by the recurrence at intervals of loopholes of light, which serve the three useful purposes of ventilating, and lighting, and divesting the tube of steam from the passing engines. The locomotives were brought in a standstill in the centre of each of the great spans, without causing the slightest strain or deflection. The first process—that of going through the tube and returning—occupied altogether ten minutes.

The second experiment convoy that went through consisted of twenty-four heavily laden wagons, filled with huge blocks of Bramho coal, in all, engines included, an aggregate weight of 300 tons. This was drawn deliberately through, at the rate of from eight to ten miles an hour, the steam working at quarter power. During the passage of this experimental train through the tube, a breathless silence prevailed that was almost solemn, until the train rushed out exultingly, and with cheers flying, on the other side of the tube, when loud acclamations arose, followed at intervals by the rattle of artillery down the straits.—Upon the return, which occupied about seven minutes, similar demonstrations ensued, and during the progress of the train, those who stood upon its top to ascertain any possible vibration reported they could detect no sensible deflection.

An ordeal stronger still was then resorted to; a train of 200 tons of coal was allowed to rest, with all its weight, for two hours in the centre of the Carnarvonshire tube, and at the end of the time, on the load being removed, it was found to have caused a deflection of only four tenths of an inch. It is remarkable this amount of deflection is not so much as one-half hour of sunshine would produce upon the structure, it being moreover calculated with confidence that the whole bridge might with safety and without injury to itself be deflected to the extent of thirteen inches. These loads, it is most material to remember, are immensely more than the bridge will ever be called upon to bear in the ordinary run of traffic, though engineers are of opinion that it would support with ease, and without much show of deflection, a dead weight on its centre of 1,000 tons. Twelve miles an hour is the limit of speed at which Mr. Stephenson intends that trains shall at first go through, more particularly as there are sharp curves at the termini of the tube.

About 12 o'clock another testing train was prepared to be taken through the tube. It consisted of the three engines, 200 tons of coal, and from 30 to 40 railway carriages, containing from 600 and 700 passengers, packed together as figs in a basket, all so closely as not to allow of room "to go through the tube," that it became impossible to accommodate them.

At length obediently to a long wild whistle, which was almost long enough to cover the extent of tube, they glided slowly into the interior, saluted by a loud burst of "Rule Britannia" from an army of Liverpool seamen up aloft in the towers at the entrance, on the fronts of which, cut deeply in the stone, were the words: "Erected Anno Domini 1850; Robert Stephenson, Engineer." As the huge train trailed slowly through the tube, successive salvos of artillery were fired at each end.

It may be interesting to know, that the general opinion of the numerous engineers present appears to be that the Britannia tube bridge is as trustworthy as any tunnel *in terra firma*.—*Scientific American.*

Good Example.—A most touching and appropriate definition of the command "*Pray without ceasing.*"

As an association of clergymen, on a certain occasion, it was proposed to hold a meeting for the purpose of considering the words of the apostle, "pray without ceasing." The meeting was to be holden in a month, and in the mean time, each clergyman was to write down his opinion and bring it in to be read. A religious servant girl, who lived in the house of one of the clergymen, overheard him talking about the matter, whereupon she exclaimed—

"What! a month wanted to tell the meaning of that text! It is one of the easiest and best texts in the Bible." "Well, well," said an old minister, "Mary what can you say about it? Let us know how you understand it, or can you pray all the time?" "Oh yes, sir, the more I have to do the more I can pray." "Indeed! well Mary, do let us know how it is, for most people think otherwise."

"Well sir," said the girl, "when I first open my eyes in the morning, I pray, Lord, open the eyes of my understanding; and while I am dressing, I pray that I may be clothed with the robe of righteousness; and I have washed me, I ask for the washing of regeneration; and as I begin work, I pray that I may have strength equal to my day; when I begin to kindle up the fire, I pray that God's work may revive in my soul; and as I sweep out the house, I pray that my heart may be cleansed of all its impurities; and while preparing and partaking of breakfast, I desire to be fed with the hidden manna, and the sincere milk of the word; and as I am busy with the little children, I look to God as my Father, and pray for the spirit of adoption, that I may be his child—and so on, all day, every thing I do furnishes me with a thought of prayer."

"Enough, enough!" cried the old divine, "these things are revealed to babes, and hid from the wise and prudent. Go on, Mary," said he, "pray without ceasing, and as for us, my brethren, let us bless the Lord for this exposition, and remember that he has said, the meek will he guide in judgment."

The essay, as a matter of course, was not considered necessary after this little event occurred.

Br. Whittemore very justly remarks:

"This young woman certainly spent her time in very profitable reflections, and we appeal to others who perhaps might jeer her, as being overmuch righteous, whether her reflections were not more profitable, than thoughts on dances, dresses, balls, theatres, &c., &c.

CURE FOR SCURVY.—A correspondent of the Milwaukee Daily Wisconsin furnishes that paper the following cure for scurvy—a malady which has been and is likely to be so afflictive to California emigrants:

"In looking over the Penny Magazine of November 7th, 1832, I notice a preventive recommended by Rev. Mr. Walker, a chaplain in the British Navy. After describing the effect of scurvy on shipboard, he says, (now I give you the extract *verbatim*, which embraces all that may be necessary:) "How gratifying it is to know that the scurvy is almost entirely eradicated in the Navy. This desirable change has been produced, partly by great attention to cleanliness, diet, and comfort of the men, and partly by the constant use of the *medicated lemon*, which is a simple and effectual preventive. As long ago as the year 1600, Commodore Lancaster, on a voyage to the Cape of Good Hope, preserved his crew in health by administering three table spoonsfull of *lemon juice* every morning to each of his men; while on board the other three ships of his squadron, where this precaution was neglected, the hands were so short through disease that the vessels were unmanageable.—And yet lemon juice was not generally used in the British Navy till 1795. In 1780 there were 1,457 cases of scurvy received into Haslar Hospital.—in 1846, one case only.

AMUSING INCIDENT.

Some three months since a romantic and amusing incident occurred on board the splendid steamer "Gen. Lafayette," on her passage from Louisville to New Orleans. We think it at least worth recording.

The boat was crowded with ladies and gentlemen from every part of the country, some on pleasure excursions, others on business.—All seemed bent on enjoying themselves.—Every part of the boat was filled with passengers, and especially the ladies' cabin, every State Room and berth being occupied, a *mercier* party never rode the "Father of Waters."

Nothing out of the usual routine occurred during the first two or three days. Every evening, as is usual on boats bound for the "Sunny South," card playing and tripping "the light fantastic toe" was the order of the programme.

About nine o'clock, on the evening of the fourth day, a signal light was discovered waving to and fro on the distant shore. The boat soon "rounded to" and an individual, enveloped in a cloak and closely veiled, stepped on board. Our passenger proved to be a maiden lady, of some thirty summers.

Where shall we "stow her" was now the enquiry. All of the ladies' berths being taken the clerk was obliged to give her a state room in the gentleman's cabin near the ladies' saloon, and which was occupied by a tall, lank countryman, on his way "South" with a cargo of "notions." He being on the hurricane deck at this time, was not aware that he would have to give up his quarters for a female; the officers of the boat by some oversight, failing to apprise him of this "new feature."

The dancing having ceased, the "small hours of the morning being at hand, all now retired to their state-rooms; with the rest our unsuspecting maiden friend—she "tarning in" the "lower birth," of the room, while our friend the countryman was fast asleep in the upper double,less dreaming of the dinner he expected to pick up on his speculation.

Next morning the bell having announced breakfast, our maiden friend prepared to rise, when lo and behold! a pair of thick boots and a lot of "unmentionables" greeted her eyes!

At this moment our country friend also opened his "peepers." A lot of female apparel was the first thing that met his horrified vision. The truth flashed across his mind!—He had got into the "wrong box" perhaps; but that could not be, as his "duds" were where he placed them several days previous. Both were fairly caught! Who shall make the first move!

After much hesitation our friend in the upper berth ventured to look below—a pair of large eyes were staring him full in the face! After playing a regular game of "bo-peep" for some time, our country friend with all the gallantry of a gentleman suggested the propriety of her just covering her eyes a moment until he slipped on his ——inexpressibles." She did so and he vamosed like smoke.

His first business was to find the clerk who had placed him in such a "ridiculous fix." Apologies were made, and a hearty laugh enjoyed at his expense. He agreed to treat all hands if his fellow passengers would keep cool.

All noticed that Jonathan paid his maiden friend great attention during the remainder of the trip. Several overheard him telling her about his prospects in life.

We simply add that we last saw them wending their way down Chatres street, enquiring for the nearest magistrate. It proved really a case of "love at first sight."—*Cin. Dispatch.*

Re-action of Tolls.—We are happy to learn that the Ohio Board of Public Works have offered to reduce the Tolls on the Wabash and Erie Canal, provided that the Trustees of the canal in this State will agree to a similar reduction. It will now be seen who is at fault in this matter. for if Mr. Butler does not accede to the proposition made to him by the Ohio Board it will be an evidence of his unwillingness to meet the liberal propositions made to him by them, and also to respond to the reduction which has been made by the New York Canal Commissioners. If Mr. Butler is influenced by an enlarged, liberal, and just view of the matter, a arrangement can without doubt be made with the Ohio Board favorable to the agricultural and commercial interest of this State. It is equally the interests of the Bondholders to develope the resources of the State and increase there by the wealth of its citizens and their ability to pay their taxes to meet the interest of the public debt and eventually to liquidate it, as it is to increase the receipts of the Tolls from the canal. But we believe that a low rate of tolls while it favorably influences the first named consideration will have an equal effect in increasing the revenue of the canal.—*Lafayette Courier.*

MRS. POLK AND POLITICS.—A writer in Sartain's Magazine gives the following in relation to the wife of the late President—one of the most excellent and accomplished of women:

Mrs. Polk, though as far removed as possible from what would be called a politician,has yet taken pains to make herself well informed on public affairs. One who knows her intimately says, there are not twenty days in the year, that she does not spend a certain time each day, in reading the leading public journals, and these filled with trashy, "fashionable literature," but the solid productions of strong intellect—the strong argumentive, philosophical matter, that none but strong and reflective minds can comprehend, that none other than healthy brains digest. Though perfectly acquainted with politics, yet with a rare judgment, and a comprehension of womanly delicacy, she seldom makes them a subject of conversation,and never takes sides in an objectionable manner

Whatever was identified with the public career of her husband during his life, interested her. She made herself on this account, familiar with much that would have burdened others. An anecdote is here in point:

While Mr. Polk resided in Tennessee, a story was put in circulation, calculated to injure his reputation as a public man. He was at the time of which we speak several hundred miles away from home. A good-natured well known, who was then editor of a political paper, eager to vindicate his friend, repaired to Mrs. Polk, and made known the circumstance to her. She instantly led him into her husband's private office, and selected different journals and manuscripts, referred immediately to the page and paragraph containing proofs of her husband's non-participation in the plot imputed to him. These were published to the world. Mr. Polk was then hourly expecting Rumors of these accusations had reached him, and he was anxious to contest them before they were generally received. As he was passing one of the rivers of Tennessee, he accidentally met with a paper containing a complete refutation of the falsehood. In extreme but delightful surprise, he turned to a friend and remarked, "why! this is indeed unexpected and unlooked for." "Why!" this is indeed unexpected and unlooked for." "Why! this is indeed unexpected and unlooked for." "Why! this is indeed unexpected and unlooked for." "Why!

Democratic Conventions.

ALLEN COUNTY, at the court house in Fort Wayne, on Saturday, May 4th.

ADAMS COUNTY, at Decatur, on Saturday, the 27th April.

SENATORIAL DISTRICT, for *Allen, Adams, and Wells*, at Bluffton; on Wednesday, May 8th: at 11 o'clock A. M. Allen Co. is entitled to 19 delegates; Adams 9; and Wells 8.

REPRESENTATIVE CONVENTION—*Adams & Wells.*—At Bluffton, on Wednesday, May 8th. Adams will send 18 delegates, and Wells 16.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1850.

☞ Mr. V. B. PALMER, Tribune Buildings New York; Third and Chesnut Streets, Philadelphia; and No. 8 Congress Street, Boston, is *Sole Agent* for the Sentinel in those cities: and is alone authorized to receive subscriptions advertisments, &c. on our account.

☞ We are under obligations to Hon. JESSE D. BRIGHT, of the Senate, for a copy of the President's Message and Accompanying Documents, part I.

Allen County Democratic Convention.—We trust the democrats of this county will bear in mind that the County Convention will be held on the 4th May, (two weeks from this day.) If any townships have not yet appointed their delegates, they ought to do it immediately, as it is desirable that every township be represented in the convention. There are many important offices to be filled at the next August election, and we would recommend that the democrats of every township should have a voice in the selection of candidates. The delegates from this township will of course all be on hand, and if the country townships are not fully represented, it might give their town brethren rather an undue preponderance in the convention; we therefore urge on the democrats of every township to have their full complement of delegates in attendance. If they do not, it will of course be their own fault, and we hope they will not in that case complain of the nominations are not such as they would have preferred. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."

CONGRESS.—This august but garrulous body continues to employ itself in a great measure in talking about the various resolutions concerning the admission of California, the new territories, and the abolition or extension of slavery. The main point at issue seems to be, whether the question of the admission of California shall be acted upon singly, or in connection with the territories and slavery measures. The southern fanatics insist that these measures shall be acted upon and stand or fall together; and hope to secure the passage of a territorial bill without the *Wilmot proviso*, and the bill for compelling the citizens of free States to aid them in recapturing their runaway niggers, by coupling them with the admission of California, and making that admission depend upon the passage of the other measures. The northern members insist upon each measure's standing upon its own merits, and being acted and voted upon singly. Their position is so manifestly just, that we hope they will adhere to it, and urge through the bill for the admission of California with as little delay as possible, and then take up the other measures in succession, until the whole subject is disposed of and finally adjusted.—There are some symptoms that this will soon be done in the Senate; but in the House the slavery party still think they can stave off action on the admission of California except in conjunction with the other measures. In this we trust they may be disappointed; and we do hope that no northern member may be found so recreant to his duty to his constituents as to bow the knee to the slave power, and risk the failure of the admission of California this session to gratify the obstructions and obstinacy of the slaveholders.

DEMOCRATIC VICTORY!

CONNECTICUT REDEEMED!!

Full returns from the Connecticut election show our victory to be more complete and glorious than we had anticipated. Whiggery has sustained a regular Waterloo defeat, and is, we trust, prostrate for ever in Connecticut.—The general result is—

A Democratic majority on the popular Vote!
A Democratic majority of 9 in the Senate!!
A Democratic majority of 20 in the House!!!

Which ensures the election of

A Democratic Governor!
A Democratic Lieut. Governor!
A Democratic Treasurer!
A Democratic Comptroller!
A Democratic United States Senator!!!

The vote was the largest ever given in the State, and as the whigs made the most strenuous exertions, expending money lavishly, and courting the alliance of the abolitionists, while the democrats expressly repudiated the Wilmot Proviso, the conclusion is irresistible that Connecticut has at length seen the error of whiggery; the weakness, imbecility, and gross corruption of the Cabinet at Washington, has shown that that party cannot safely be entrusted with power; and Connecticut has accordingly placed herself in the democratic column.

The democratic candidate for governor beats the whig over 1000 votes, and only lacks 2000 of an election by the people. A democratic U. S. Senator will be elected in place of Mr Baldwin, whose term expires in March next; and the democratic Governor and whole State Ticket will be elected by the Legislature—Glory enough for one day!

OHIO CONVENTION.—*The Grand Result.*—The result of the election of delegates to the Ohio Convention for revising the Constitution of the State is most gratifying to every lover of liberty and equality. The democrats have elected 64 delegates, the whigs 41, and the free sollers 3! being a clear democratic majority over all of 20!! With such a convention we may reasonably hope to see such a constitution formed for our sister State as will merit the hearty support of the honest and liberal of all parties; and effectually guard the interests, the rights, and the liberties of the people from the encroachments of moneyed corporations, monopolies, and other similar allies of federalism.

A Crumb of Comfort for the Whigs.—We congratulate the whigs, that in this season of their tribulation, when almost every State, to say nothing of the rest of mankind, is turning against them, that the little State of Rhode Island remains true to its federal instincts, and has elected a whig governor. Little Rhody has been in the habit of imprisoning such of its citizens as dared to seek for a new and more liberal constitution; it is quite natural therefore that it should be found in the whig ranks.

Fort Wayne Female College.—The semi-annual examination of the students of this institution was held at the Methodist Church in this city on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday last. The examination was well attended by our citizens, and was, we understand highly gratifying and satisfactory.

More New Goods!—Messrs. AYLSWORTH & BORDEN have received their Spring Stock, which, if possible, exceeds everything of the kind they have heretofore offered for public inspection. Mr. Aylsworth, besides being an excellent judge of goods, and possessing great taste and skill in selecting his assortment, knows exactly what will best suit his customers; and as he purchases largely, with a view of wholesaling, he is enabled to sell at the very lowest prices.

And Still More!—Messrs. Orff & Schwegman, are now opening at their new store, near the Calhoun Street Bridge, a beautiful assortment of New Goods, of all kinds. They have been selected with much care and taste by the junior, who being a bachelor, and without considerable of a ladies' man, has done his prettiest this time to preserve his popularity with the fairer portion of his customers. That he has succeeded, and will assuredly be rewarded with their smiles, none can doubt who take trouble to inspect the stock he has laid in.—Rudolph is some and no mistake.

The Sweets of Life.—Mr. J. A. Colerick has just received a new stock of Confectionaries, Fruits, Groceries, &c. Also a few fine Oranges, Pickled Oysters, and other nicknacks. Those who have got a sweet tooth, will find this establishment the very place to gratify their taste.

He offers to sell Confectionary at wholesale, cheaper than any other man dare do; and as we know him to be a man of his word, we are satisfied he will do it.

☞ Mr. W. Campbell, of Tennessee, Clerk of the House of Representatives, died at Washington City on the 13th inst.

Adams Township Democratic Meeting.—At a meeting of the democrats of Adams Township, held at the house of Wm. H. McDonald, April 12th, the following were elected delegates to attend the county convention, to be held in Fort Wayne, May 4th: Wm. Smith, John Sheridan, R. McDonald, and Charles H. Smith. JACOB MILLER, Ch'n.

R. W. HULL, Sec.

GROSS CORRUPTION AT WASHINGTON.—The allowance by Mr. Secretary Meredith of the monstrous sum of $150,000 interest, on the $43,-000 allowed by Congress in liquidation of an old claim arising out of depredations committed by the Cherokees on the property of a trader named Galphin, sometime previous to the war of independence, is freely commented on by the public press. Even some of the whigs themselves stand aghast at the enormity of the fraud. Its atrocity is increased by the fact that Mr. Crawford, a member of the cabinet, a professedly the agent for the claim, but is believed to be in reality the owner of it, and the money fetched from the public coffers has found its way into his pockets. So far as the circumstances connected with the case are now known, Congressional opinion appears to be against him, Secretary Meredith and Attorney General Johnson, with great unanimity; the whigs being as anxious to have them exposed and convicted as the democrats. Full $300,000 in the way of claims for interest on previously liquidated demands, have been presented to the treasury since this payment was made, and the claim agents say that full fifty millions of similar demands, will soon be brought forward, based on the same *obtraction* of money from the treasury.

We trust the committee appointed by Congress may give the whole subject a thorough investigation: and if they would extend their scrutiny into the other departments, we believe similar acts of corruption would be brought to light. The Secretary of the Interior, it is well known, has allowed several fraudulent Indian claims to the amount of hundreds of thousands of dollars, which had been rejected by previous administrations as unjust. In acting thus corruptly he may reasonably be suspected of having received a share of the spoils, or seeking to buy the influence of the recipients of this public plunder in aid of his own schemes of self aggrandizement.

The history of this country certainly affords no parallel to the corruption which now exists at Washington; and we hope the lesson may not be lost on the American people. They must now see that the whigs are not fit to be entrusted with power, and that whenever they are, corruption, extravagance, and a heavy public debt will be sure to follow in their train. Before the election we were told that the election of Gen. Taylor would not be a party triumph, but be the happy means of purifying the political atmosphere by removing all corrupt politicians from the reins of government, and restoring the administration to the purity which marked that of "the earlier Presidents!"

Was ever a whig prediction more outrageously falsified? and were "the earlier Presidents" ever so villainously libelled and belied?

We do not think it possible that Gen. Taylor's cabinet can much longer brave public opinion. It must soon sink beneath the condemnation and reprobation its corruption, imbecility, and inexpacity have everywhere awakened. Who will succeed the present incumbents we know not; but if Gen. Taylor is the honest man he is represented to be by his friends, he must make a general change in his administration; and as the whigs have proved themselves unfit to be entrusted with the administration of the Government, surround himself with a democratic cabinet, and endeavor to repair the evils he has unfortunately and perhaps inadvertently inflicted upon the country.

To show the light in which the present cabinet is viewed by the intelligent whigs, we give the following extract from the Washington correspondence of the Lafayette Journal (whig):

"The "Galphin Claim" is more difficult of determination. While it may have been perfectly proper to allow the original amount, the interest swelling it from 43 to $150,000, readers the subject one of embarrassment to the immediate comprehension. It was wrong in Mr. Crawford to act as agent for its collection, and short-sighted for Reverdy Johnson to give an opinion which required his political friends to incur odium which previous administrations had dexterously avoided, by shifting responsibility.

"Gen. Taylor, a most excellent man himself—spotless in reputation, and scrupulously honest in all his motives—has unfortunately collected about him a Cabinet which has given dissatisfaction to his political supporters and the country. They have been just proscriptive enough to exasperate their opponents, without pleasing their friends. Public sentiment, which is first concentrated by the assembled Congress, and afterwards diffused through the same medium has been disappointed.

"I know of but a solitary Whig Congressman whom Mr. Clayton's conduct has entirely pleased, and that is a gentleman from his own State. He is profoundly reprobated on all hands. I utter this as a Whig, and can prove it true to the letter. Expectation, so fondly indulged at first, has been succeded by mortification and defeat. He is denounced openly and above board. His continuance as Premier, will wreck the Whig party, and public indignation says he must be decapitated.

"There was a failed race of pigmies denominated *Argil*, who in the full sun-blaze reflected no shadow. Two or three members of General Taylor's Cabinet, in their present position, may be said to resemble these *Acaeans*. In the most elaborate problem of mathematical calculation they could not be worked out the fractional part of a decimal. Their false pride has blinded them to instruction. They are so inapproachable, that none of the heretofore prescribed rules of equality have an application to their self conceived ideas of personal dignity. They have courted their own destruction—they have set up a defence but it will not avail them. They "have rubbed the poor itch of their opinion till it is scabbed." Their day of grace has gone by "like the scant bids they may darken the water to escape the eye and aim of the pursuer;" but the device will not protect them from that thunderbolt of destruction which the Whig party holds impending over their devoted heads.

"This is strong language, you will say, to come from a Whig. It is, however the language of truth—it is the mere embodiment of public sentiment. If I know my own heart I wish to be ingenuous. In General Taylor I was not deceived—in his Cabinet I have been worse—the Whig party has been worse—we have been betrayed. The best way to recover our lost ground is to expel the traitors and preserve our principles, our integrity and our fidelity. These principles are high, pure, and lovely as they ever were. I could die in their defence; but in that terrible conflict, let me fight under proper colors; let me sail on no piratical vessel; let me struggle side by side with my friends; and if there be honor in victory the prize will be equally merited, since it is equally and honorable won."

The Re union of the Democracy of New York, Perfected.—The Buffalo Courier of the 50th ult., says: "It is with the greatest pleasure and gratification that we announce upon the authority of the Albany Argus and Atlas, that the Democrats of both branches of the Legislature on Wednesday evening last assembled in caucus have called a State Convention of one delegate from each Assembly district, to meet at Syracuse on the *11th of September next* to nominate State officers, to be supported by the Democracy of the State. In compliance with the instructions of the Mass Convention at Syracuse, and other meetings, the said State Convention is requested to consolidate the two existing organizations, and to settle the mode of calling future Conventions."

Under these auspices the Democracy of New York must goon "conquering and to conquer.

Trustees of Wabash and Erie Canal.—We learn by a telegraphic despatch from a gentleman in New York that Charles Butler, Esq., of New York, and Col. Thomas Dowling, of this State, were, on the 19th inst., elected Trustees of the Wabash and Erie Canal.

Mr. Butler has served as Trustees since the creation of the trust. Col. Dowling will be a new member of the board, but his intimate acquaintence with our State affairs and the business of the trust, renders his selection very appropriate. A better one could not have been made.—*Ind. Jour.*

NEW YORK, April 5.

Arrival of the Cherokee.—Two Millions of Gold!—The Cherokee arrived from Chagres this morning with dates from San Francisco to the 1st of March, and nearly Two Millions of Gold!

Dry Season. Digging commenced and had given an impulse to business.

The steamers Oregon and Tennessee had arrived at Panama. A large fire had occurred at Chagres.

Commencement of the Ship Canal.—Messrs. White and Livingston, of New York city, had arrived at San Juan, Nicaragua, at last dates, with a small steamer, the Orus, intended to navigate the San Juan River and Lake Nicaragua. The engineers who came to make the reconnaissance for the canal, were on board.—This is the first steamer ever on the Lake.

Nashville and the Disunionists.—The people of Nashville, it seems, are disposed to turn a cold shoulder to the Disunion plotters. They very naturally seem unwilling that their city should be desecrated by the treasonable assemblage proposed. The Legislature of Tennessee, as our readers are already advised, refused to send Delegates to the Convention, and now the Nashville papers contain a call for a meeting of the friends of the Union, signed by over six hundred persons, many of whom are among the most extensive slave holders in Tennessee. The signers to this call deprecate the action of the Disunionists in the strongest terms.

Earthquake in California.—Several shocks of an earthquake were felt at San Francisco on the 16th of January. The first two occurred at about 11 o'clock, A. M., and were of several seconds duration, succeeding each other at short intervals. The third took place at a quarter past 5, P. M. the vibrations of which were considerably more violent than the previous ones, and of greater duration. The Alta Californian says: "For a few seconds at intervals throughout the day the earth trembled violently, and we shall undoubtedly hear of an earthquake in some of the lower countries, probably South America, which has proved distructive to a considerable extent."

Only a few months ago, Mr. Webster was down upon the free sollers "like a thousand of brick," for exclusive claim to the paternity and guardianship of the Wilmot Proviso, and declared that it was his thunder! Now, however, he seems to think that such a declaration on his part was "not fit to be made," and hence he not only declares that he will not vote for it, but even attempts to ridicule the idea of its application to the New Territories. —*Lafayette Jour. (Whig.)*

The annual salaries of the President of the United States and his cabinet amount to about $55,000. The annual cost of the royal family and the executive staff in Great Britain amounts to the enormous sum of $6,453,675!

Further from California.

NEW YORK, April 6.

The Empire City arrived from Chagres last night, bringing about one million in gold dust. There are no material facts stated in San Francisco papers by the Cherokee beyond those mentioned in your telegraphic despatches yesterday. The Legislature was still in session and doing little or nothing. The rivers had all subsided to an ordinary level. In the mining regions everything was quiet. Some new diggings are reported, and miners were pouring into that region. There was an abundant supply of provisions. The present population of Upper California is estimated at 130,000. The general health of the State was good.

Another Report.—Money was very tight in San Francisco, commanding from ten to fifteen per cent.

Of the overland emigrants arriving in California, who reached the country by the way of Santa Fe and the Northern Route, many have suffered, particularly from the attacks of hostile Indians, but those who arrived from the Salt Lakes had undergone awful hardships, many of the unfortunate creatures having been compelled to subsist for some time on dead carcasses.

A party of seventeen wandered off in search of a new pass, and a portion of them, it is thought, perished in the mountains, among whom was a Mr. Baker, formerly a publisher of a paper in Utica, N. Y., and this is the only one of the party whose name we could learn.

A joint stock company had been formed at San Francisco, to which $50,000 had been subscribed, and T. O. Larkins was appointed President. The object of the company is to build four Pacific steamers of 2000 tons burthen each. It was the design of Mr. Larkins to proceed to the States and there purchase the desired steamers, or to contract for building them.

The past winter had been more severe than usual. All the towns and villages are represented to be making active exertions to remove the seat of Government. A letter states as follows: The floating population is gradually drawing off, and digging and implements are being taken up again, or to speak more correctly, are preparing for the miner from whence to get stores of treasure, the news of which is wafted with every breeze from the golden regions. Those who have remained in the various diggings have labored at intervals during the winter, with astonishing fortitude. The average yield per day was from three to five dollars. Governor Burnett, in regard to the slavery question, says that the people will settle that for themselves as the people of Deseret did. He says it is their misfortune that the two countries are too far apart for Union.—Maine and Texas might as well be united.

New Mexico a State.—We have the New Mexican from Santa Fe to Feb. 1st, and we notice that it is filled with articles advocating the immediate formation of a State Constitution, and represent the feeling in favor of the measure as quite unanimous.

The *Washington* correspondent of the Journal of Commerce writes on the 24, "that the party in favor of a State Government has prevailed in New Mexico, and that the people are about to form a State Government, and apply for admission into the Union, and present their application at the present session of Congress.

The claim set up by Texas to a considerable portion of the Territory of N. Mexico is urged by the New Mexicans as a strong reason for the formation of State Government, and the immediate settlement of the slavery question by the people of New Mexico, who are all opposed to the institution, is also urged strongly in favor of a State organization.—*Cleveland Herald.*

Senator Benton's Scheme for a National Highway to the Pacific.—The Bill prepared by Senator Benton for a railway from St. Louis to the Bay of San Francisco, set apart the proceeds of the public lands for opening such a communication with California, New Mexico, Oregon, and Salt Lake settlements. A breadth of one mile of the public lands is to be appropriated to the central highway, and one thousand feet to the branch roads, on each side of which lines, are to be constructed a railroad and common road and lines of telegraph. The common road to be free of toll and the railroad to be taxed for transportation not higher than is necessary to keep it in repair. The Indian titles are to be extinguished on the route to the breadth of one hundred miles. Military stations are to be established, and 160 acres of land are to be given every mile over eighteen years of age, who shall settle on the line of said road or branches within twelve months after the Indian titles are extinguished, and preemption rights in those who shall afterwards settle. The bill also provides for surveys and examinations as to the best route, and for the completion of the common road in one year, and the central road in seven years, after located. The use of the railway when finished is granted to individuals or companies for a limited period, who shall contract to transport persons, mails, munitions of war, and freights of all kinds public and private, in vehicles furnished by themselves at such reasonable rates as may be agreed upon.

Sir John Franklin said to be safe.—Suffering among the Indians.—An Indian War Expected.

ST. LOUIS, April 6.

The Minesota *Pioneer* of March 13th, publishes a letter from Capt. Todd, dated March 1st, stating that a rumor is in circulation at the mouth of Crow Wing river, that a party of Esquimaux had returned from Hudson Bay, where the ship "Plover" was frozen in.—The crew wintered at Fort George.

Another report mentions that Sir. John Franklin, is there also. The same paper states that great suffering and starvation prevails among the Chippewas. It is stated that 1500 Chippewas, Crows and Assineboines will march from Pembina against Sioux, this spring.

Wirchester & Newport Plank road.—Mr. Robert Irvin, one of the Commissioners of this road, attended the Lynnville meeting on Monday, and gives a highly encouraging account of the determination of the people at south end to push the work forward with all possible despatch. Mr. Irvin states that between eight and nine thousand dollars have already been taken on the south end of the road, that part of the road is to be put under contract, in order that it may be completed to Lynnville, without delay. What are our folks doing in aid this important work to a speedy completion? Those living along and in the vicinity of the road, are certainly blind to their interests if they lag back and refuse to aid in the construction, to the fullest extent of their means; they cannot fail to be well remunerated when the road is completed in the way of dividends, besides having the satisfaction of riding or driving over a good road.—*Winchester Patriot.*

BOSTON, April 10.

Dr. Bepeter, of the Park street Church, being appealed to, has thus explained in the Traveller, the circumstances which gave rise to the student's story.

A gentleman residing in the vicinity of the Medical College, saw a light in Prof. Webster's room on Friday night 23d. Nov. It being unusual, he took a spy glass and saw a man cutting up a human body, but supposing it to be an anatomical dissection, it being previous to the news of Dr. P.'s disappearance, he took no further notice of it. Dr. B. not feeling at liberty to say anything that might be of importance in the case, interrogated the Attorney General upon a hypothetical case, and learning that the testimony was seen through a glass, pursued the subject no further.

For the Sentinel.

MR. TIDAL,—As plank roads are all the rage now, and as much has been said about the different routes of the Fort Wayne & Columbia plank road, permit me through your paper to say a few words about the matter.

It appears to me, and also to many others, that the way in which the road has been conducted so far, is for the exclusive benefit of a few individuals; that the grant has been made for their exclusive benefit, and for the exclusive purpose of enhancing the value of their property without any further regard to the good of the many, than will subserve their own individual interests.

Now sir, I have a mute to propose which may not be known to every body, but nevertheless it is one that will bear comparison with any other that has been proposed. It is no other than the old Yellow River road to the Aboite bridge, then west on the section line to the county line, then diagonally across two sections, then 2 miles west on section line, then a straight course to Columbia, making from Fort Wayne to Columbia 19 miles. This has many advantages over the other routes; it is 3 miles shorter than any other route, needs less grading, can be made much the cheapest, has plenty of timber for the purpose.

Almost every body is acquainted with the Yellow River road to the Aboite, therefore it will be useless to say anything upon that part of it. The part 6 miles from the bridge will need no grading, except what is required to make the ditches on each side, it is good ground for a road and level; the rest of the route will need some grading, but nothing in comparison with the old Yellow River road.

This is a county road, cut out 40 feet wide and worked as far as is possable (almost); it passes through two settlements that would do all they are able, although not very wealthy. I think 2 or 3000 dollars might be obtained on the route and near it. Now, would it not be well for some of your Fort Wayne people that are interested in this matter, to examine this hitherto neglected route, and see if it does not really possess all and more advantages than I have stated? and as one great object is to get the shortest route, would it not be worthy of attention to those who intend to invest capital in this road? WHITLEY.

CONGRESSIONAL.

WASHINGTON, April 12, 1850.

SENATE.—After the transaction of the usual morning business, Mr. Dickinson moved that the Senate take up the deficiency appropriation bill.

Mr. Webster expressed the hope that the Senate would conclude the unfinished business of yesterday, before taking up any thing else.

Mr. Clay submitted a brief argument in favor of going on and appointing the committee instead of continuing to wage a war against that proposition—a war which must be useless because the question of the union of the California state bill, with the territorial bill was unavoidable, and must be met at one time or another.

Mr. Benton gave notice that if the business of yesterday should be resumed, he had an amendment to offer and perhaps some in addition to that. The amendments were read by the Secretary. They present nine different propositions, the object of which is to prevent the connection of California admission with others, and the making it dependent upon any other subject.

Mr. Foote's motion for a select committee, was then laid on the table temporarily, and the deficiency bill was taken up.

HOUSE.—Mr. Bart remarked that he was instructed by the select committee on the Galphin claim, to state that they are of opinion the restricts their enquiry to an investigation of the conduct of the Sec. of War, and does not authorize them to enquire whether there was anything unusual or improper in allowing the interest on the claim; and they asked the instruction of the House.

Mr. Moore was aware that certain reports are in circulation, and therefore would submit a resolution that the select committee, be authorized to enquire into all the circumstances attending the allowance of the principal and interest on the Galphin claim, under the act of August, 1846, and that they have power to send for persons and papers.

Various amendments were offered, and one by Mr. Harris of Illinois was adopted, viz: that "the select committee appointed by this House in relation to the Galphin claim; be instructed to make a full investigation, and report to the House the origin and nature of the claim, and the circumstances of the prosecution before the department of the Government as the passage of the law authorizing it; the names of the agents who have so prosecuted and urged the same; the amount paid on said claim with interest, and whether the same was paid in conformity with law and precedent; the names of the individuals to whom paid; the amount received by each; how said interest originated to said persons; and all matters in any way pertaining to this subject; and that the committee have power to send for persons and papers."

The Mexican Boundary.—We learn from the correspondence of the New York Commercial Advertiser, that the commissioners for running the boundary line between the United States and Mexico had a meeting on the 15th of February at San Diego, when it was determined that, as it was impracticable during the present state of things in California to advance beyond the mouth of the Gila, toward New Mexico, and nothing of importance remained to be done on that side of the line, the commission should adjourn to meet at Paso del Norte, on the 4th of November next.

Col. Weller was a passenger in the last trip of the Oregon to San Francisco, and General Conde and suite, were also passengers in her to San Blas, on her trip down.

The most amicable feeling had continued to exist between the commissions, and letters expressive of such had passed after the adjournment. Col. Weller had also given a dinner to Gen. Conde's suite.

Look out for high Cavanlting at Washington.—The New York Express, whose Editor, Mr. Brookes, is a whig member of Congress, publishes a letter from Washington, admitting that there must soon be a general break up in corrupt Cabinet at Washington. The whole batch are to be dismissed and sent out of the country or into retirement. Solitude Ewing is designated as Mr. Toll's successor at Rome. And some of the others are designed for private places, some for abroad—the further off the better.

Whether they are to go off before the investigating committee gets through we know not, but the recent expenses in monstrous allowances and old claims by Ewing, Meredith, Crawford, and others, has created so great an excitement that any escape will be looked for!

Even the New York Tribune, is down upon the corrupt cabal with a vengeance and cries give it to them.

The Whig papers in Ohio are as silent as death—they have not a word to say except general puffs of Ewing and the very pure and honest government of which he is a part.

Let the investigating committee do its duty and lay bare the reckless course of men who are asking, or about to ask, we learn, for a Government loan of FIFTY MILLIONS in time of peace!—*Ohio Statesman.*

INFORMATION WANTED OF EDWARD S MOPPS. Late a sergeant in Captain Keating's company, 4th regiment Kentucky volunteers. A line addressed to this office will be thankfully received, and be of advantage to him.—Will our exchanges notice?—*State Sentinel.*

☞ Lieut. LOVE is at Indianapolis, for the purpose of purchasing horses for the Dragoon Service, for which the highest price will be paid.

CANDIDATES

For Nomination by the Democratic Convention.

MR. TIDAL: Please announce the name of Dr. CHARLES E. STURGIS as a candidate to represent Allen County in the Convention to amend the Constitution of the State—subject, of course, to the decision of the Democratic Convention. pd. MANY VOTERS.

MR. TIDAL: Please announce the name of NELSON McLAIN as a candidate to represent Allen County in the State Convention—subject to the Democratic Convention. pd. MARION TOWNSHIP.

MR. TIDAL: Please announce the name of PETER HELLER as a candidate to represent Allen County in the next Legislature—subject to the Democratic Convention. pd. MANY VOTERS.

We are desired to announce PLINY HOAGLAND, as a candidate for nomination to represent Allen County in the next Legislature. pd.

DECATUR, March 31st, 1850.

Mr. Editor—

DEAR SIR: A large portion of the Democracy of the Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Allen, Adams and Wells, are desirous of electing SAMUEL S. HICKLE, Esq. to the Senate from said district. Will you therefore, please to announce his name as a candidate for said office; subject to the decision of the Senatorial Convention.

We are desired to announce the name of THOMAS T. DEKAY as a candidate for Treasurer of Allen County.

WILLIAM MILLER, of Cedar Creek Township, for Treasurer of Allen County. pd

JAMES L. WORDEN for Prosecuting Attorney of Allen County. pd.

SAMUEL C. FREEMAN for Sheriff of Allen County, subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention. pd.

MR. TIDAL: Please to announce the name of F. S. AVALINE, an old resident of Allen County, as a suitable candidate for Sheriff at the August election—subject to the decision of the Democratic Convention—and oblige many of his friends in pd.] ALLEN COUNTY.

PETER PARKER for Sheriff of Allen County. pd

WM. H. McDONALD for Sheriff of Allen County. pd

S. S. MORSS for Auditor of Allen County. pd

ROBERT STARRIVENTHER for Auditor of Allen Co. pd

MR. TIDAL: Please announce the name of HON. J. W. BORDEN as a candidate for Senatorial Delegate from the counties of Allen, Adams, and Wells—subject to the decision of the District Convention to be held at Bluffton, on the 8th May next;—and oblige Many Voters of pd WELLS COUNTY.

☞ *The charge for announcing candidates is $4,00. Those who have paid are marked (pd.)*

W. B. FARRELL'S ARABIAN LINIMENT.—It will be observed by our advertising columns, that W. B. Farrell has removed from Peoria to this city, for the preparation of his Excellent and celebrated Liniment. The success and high reputation of this article, has required enlarged arrangements for its manufacture. Being a neighbor of Mr. Farrell at the time he was introducing this new preparation, we have heard it very highly praised by those who have proved it, in the cases in which it is recommended, and are of opinion that no family should be without a bottle of it.—*Chicago Com. Adv.*

See his Advertisement in our paper. 3w41.

GOOD JUDGES.

DU BUQUE, Iowa, March 18, 1849.

MR. W. B. SIGEL—Dear Sir: Last February 12th, near Mount Morris, Illinois, I had a horse wounded in the stifle joint, so deep that the joint water issued freely, many good judges of horses gave it as their opinion that the horse would never recover. I applied your Ointment freely and often, and notwithstanding, the animal could scarcely bear any weight on the diseased leg, yet in consequence of pressing business, I ventured to start with the horse on my return to Du Buque, a distance of some 100 miles just at the breaking up of streams through which I was obliged to ford and expose the leg and wound to frequent drenchings of water, these and deepened, still the horse continued to improve. One fifty cent box of your extraordinary Ointment entirely cured the horse in less than twenty days. Yours truly,

F. W. BOWDON.

☞ See Agents' names at the head of Sloan's Column.—For further particulars and testimonials, get Pamphlets of Agents.

MARRIED,—In this city, on the 16th inst. by W. Stewart, Esq. Mayor, Mr. Jacob Winer to Mrs. Elthana Johnson, both of Perry township.

By the same, on the 17th inst. Mr. John B. Timins, of Adams township, to Miss Mary Hondorff, of this city.

NEW GOODS

At the FARMERS' DEPOT, foot of Calhoun Street Bridge, Fort Wayne.

THE ladies are invited to examine our new stock of

Spring and Summer Goods,

just arrived, which includes all the newest styles of *Dress Goods*, Straw *Goods*, Summer Wear of Apple and Fancy Goods of all kinds, Ribbons, Artificials, &c., &c. No time for particulars this week.

We have also a full stock of

Groceries, Queensware, Clothing, &c.

all of which we are determined to sell *Cheaper than the Cheapest.*

April 20 ORFF & SCHWEGMAN

First Arrival from the Eastern Cities.

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN have received at the Chequered Store a large and splendid stock of

Spring and Summer Goods

direct from New York, which will be sold very cheap. We shall be happy to see our friends and customers, and show them our goods, and would say to the ladies that our stock of

DRESS GOODS, BONNETS, &c.

cannot be beat in point of *tyle* or the low price at which they will *be* sold. Come quick, as they are going *fast*. Also, a beautiful lot of

Ladies' Slippers, Buskins,

Excelsiors, Walking Shoes, Gaiters, &c.

We would say to the gentlemen, if they want a fashionable HAT, give us a call. We are also receiving a fine lot of CARPETS. Particulars next week. The CASH system will be strictly adhered to. Apr. 7.—42.

J. A. Colerick

RETURNS his thanks to the public for their liberal patronage, and respectfully informs them that he has received his Spring Supply of

Confectionaries, Fruits, &c.

and will furnish Dealers with CANDY at WHOLESALE, *cheaper* than any other man in the state dare do. This is no empty boast, as buyers will learn who give him a call.

He has also a general assortment of *Fruits, Spices, Pickles, Family Groceries, &c.* to which he invites public attention.

Clinton st., Ft. Wayne, April 20, '50. 42

A very superior article of genuine MUSTARD—the best ever offered in this market.

J. A. COLERICK.

A Few Jars choice PICKLED OYSTERS, calculated at once to tickle the palates, nourish the bodies, and infuse a feeling of calm content and satisfaction in the minds of those who partake of them. Call soon, or you will be too late. J. A. COLERICK.

ORANGES.—A lot of choice Sweet Oranges in prime condition, just recd.

JOHN A. COLERICK.

SODA BISCUIT, Crackers, Pic Nic &c., &c., a new supply just received.

J. A. COLERICK.

BONNETS.

MRS. DYKES has this week received a beautiful assortment of Ladies' Bonnets, of the prevailing styles, and most fashionable materials, including: Parisian, Brocade, Loop Straw, Rice Straw, Dorsa, Gimp, French Lace, Florence, Pearl Rice, Pearl Straw, Jenny Lind, Madonna, Chips, &c., &c. Also, a splendid stock of BONNET RIBBONS, *Artificials*, and other fashionable *Trimmings*.

DAILY EXPECTING—

A fashionable assortment of *Silk and Crape Bonnets.*

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Fort Wayne and Columbia Plank Road Company, (by the Yellow River route,) that there will be a meeting of the Stockholders on FRIDAY, the 31 day of May next, at one o'clock P. M. at the Court House in Ft. Wayne, to elect seven Directors for said Company.

BY ORDER OF STOCKHOLDERS.

April 15, 1850. 42td.

Fort Wayne & Piqua Plank Road.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the following assessments, the each subscriptions of stock to the Fort Wayne & Piqua Plank Road, *are required* to be paid to the Treasurer, at his office in Fort Wayne, viz: The first assessment of Two Dollars per share, payable on the 13th May next; the second assessment of Two Dollars per share, payable on the 1st day of June next; the third assessment of Two Dollars per share, payable on the 1st day of July next; and the remainder of the each subscriptions, payable on the 1st of August next. All subscriptions of land, the deeds for the same are to be made in said company within three weeks; and all subscriptions of merchandize, or trade of any description, to be paid over upon the order of the Treasurer, or Samuel Rugg, as the same may be wanted to pay out during the progress of the construction of said road. SAMUEL HANNA, Pres't.

Attest,

O. W. JEFFERIS, Cl'k and Treas.

Fort Wayne, April 18, 1850. 4td.

State of Indiana, } Allen Probate Court.
Allen County, ss. } March Term, 1850.

Petition to Sell Real Estate.

Frederick Brandt, Admr of Charles F. Keel, deceased, vs. The Heirs of said Estate.

IT is ordered by the Court, that notice of the filing and pendency of said petition be given by publication, according to law, requiring said unknown heirs to appear on the first day of the next term of said court, to be holden at the Court House, on the third Monday in May next, to show cause, if any they have or can, why said real estate should not be sold, and made assets in the hands of said administrator to pay the debts of said estate.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.

April 16, 1850. ($1 75) 3w42.

First Arrival.

B. MASON has just received a tremendous assortment of

NEW AND FASHIONABLE

Spring and Summer Goods,

consisting of Lawns, Ginghams, Calicoes, Silks, Ribbons, Trimmings Shawls, Bonnets, Parasols, Muslins, Drillings, Cloths, &c., &c., to which he invites public attention, confident it will be found the cheapest, best, and most splendid stock ever offered in the place. He has no time to give particulars this week, and therefore recommends his friends to call and see for themselves.

Also, a choice stock of GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.

April 19.

SPRING FASHIONS

JUST RECEIVED.

MRS. DYKES informs her friends and the public in general that she is now receiving a NEW and

FASHIONABLE ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING GOODS

of the latest styles and best qualities. She has made such arrangements in New York as will enable her to be in the constant receipt of

New Goods Every Month,

by which means she can always present her customers with the latest fashions. Every novelty in Ladies' Dress will be received here as soon as it appears in the Eastern markets.

April 13, 1850. 1y40.

LADIES' SHOES.

WHITE Satin Slippers, White Kid do. Patent Leather, Kid, Morocco and Lasting Shoes, Buskins, and Gaiters; Children's Shoes, &c., &c. A new and full assortment.

MRS. DYKES.

PARASOLS.—Satin Turk, Silk, and Gingham—a beautiful lot just received by express.

MRS. DYKES.

MUSLIN DE LAINES, Grandilla, Mar de Foie, &c., &c., a great spring fashion, just received.

MRS. DYKES.

SWISS MUSLINS; Cambric, Jaconet, Mull Spotted Swiss, and Barred Muslin; Bishop's and Victoria Lawns, &c. &c.

MRS. DYKES.

LADIES' GLOVES—Black, White and colored Kid: Silk, Cotton, and Lisle Thread. Children's and Misses' do.

MRS. DYKES.

HOSIERY—Ladies' Black and White Silk Hose; Black and White Cotton do., Black Worsted do.; Black and White Merino and Cashmere do.; Children's Cotton and Worsted do.

MRS. DYKES.

CALICOES, Spring styles; Linen Ginghams, Lawns, French and Swiss Ginghams, Organdie Lawns, Chambray Ginghams, Berages, plain, striped and figured, black and colored Silks, and a great variety of other seasonable DRESS GOODS just received.

April 12. MRS. DYKES.

NEEDLEWORK.

CAPES, Cuffs, Alberettes and Jenny Lind Collars, Ladies' and Infants' Caps, Bon

PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS OF NEWSPAPERS.

ARE informed that the subscribers are extensively engaged in the manufacturing of **PRINTING INK**, of every color and quality, which they answer to be equal to any manufactured, and which they will sell at the very lowest prices for cash. As they are determined that their **INK** shall recommend itself, they only ONE TRIAL, relying upon its merits for future patronage. Their colored inks are warranted superior to any manufactured. A circular containing prices, &c., will be sent to those who desire it. Orders for cash or city agents accepted.

Publishers of newspapers inserting this advertisement to the amount of $2 and sending us one paper containing it, by remitting $5 at any time, will receive a 20 lb. keg of Extra News Ink. T. F. ADAMS & Co.

Steam Printing Ink Manufacturers, Phila.

☞ Agents for the sale of New and Second-hand Printing Materials. 42.

DR. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA.

THE EXTRAORDINARY MEDICAL DISCOVERY—Offered to a Sarsaparilla for sale in the different towns erected in Townsend's Sarsaparilla. It is advertised in the COUNTRY, SAL. GAZETTE, and all over. The Proprietors are in order and invest what part was borrowers in various collections Value, and the Blue—and the numerous cures of Dropsy in the continuance of grateful credit for a number years. He says—"He has attended you in their efforts, and discovered the Medicine Sarsaparilla." Now the result, he never proposed nothing as a day in his life! Sores, scrofula, ulcerated throat, rheumatism, boils, blotches, tetter, salt rheum, and scurvy, in short, all diseases arising from impure blood are conquered by this powerful medicine. In many cases where it has been taken for a few days, the patient has been astonished at the rapid manner in which it has driven disease and pain from the system. Many have been benefited and lost their lives on all possible means to no purpose, when by the use of this wonderful medicine they have been restored to perfect health. Let the afflicted read the following certificates, and be convinced that this is no humbug. Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is not a new thing, but has been before the public for many years, and is universally acknowledged by all who have used it to be the best preparation of the kind ever offered to the public. Let no one suffer himself to be persuaded to take any other preparation that may be recommended to be as good as Dr. Townsend's, but insist upon having Dr. Townsend's, and no other. Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is for sale by all druggists throughout the United States, the Canadas, and the West Indies, at one dollar per bottle, or six bottles for five dollars. Full directions for using and the most wonderful cures will accompany each bottle.

HEALING POWER.

THE GRAND AND UNRIVALLED PAIN ALLEVIATOR, Dr. TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA, is now offered to the afflicted and invalid of both sexes, with the full confidence that it will prove a sovereign remedy for all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, or derangement of the digestive organs.

Dyspepsia & Indigestion.—Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is now offered to the afflicted with the full confidence that it will prove a sovereign remedy for all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, or derangement of the digestive organs.

Nervous Diseases and Debility.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is now offered to the afflicted with the full confidence that it will prove a sovereign remedy for all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, or derangement of the digestive organs.

Female Complaints.

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is now offered to the afflicted with the full confidence that it will prove a sovereign remedy for all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, or derangement of the digestive organs.

The Medicine you are constantly need!

Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla is now offered to the afflicted with the full confidence that it will prove a sovereign remedy for all diseases arising from impurity of the blood, or derangement of the digestive organs.

COMPARED WITH THE OLD DR'S.

Because of our GRAND FACT that the one is ENCAPABLE of DETERIORATING, and

NEVER SPOILS.

while the other DOES: *sourness, fermentation, and thereby* the *bottle* containing it into incompetent, the worse and deadly poison, and consequent colic and the horrible consequences to the system. What good acid into a system already diseased and weak? What assault by an acid? Do we see an acid in our stomachs, what murderer is produced by dyspepsia, heartburn, palpitation of the heart, liver complaint, piles, colic, dizziness, cramp, and consumption of the blood? What if Scrofula has an acid humor in the body. What produces all the humors which bear so sympathetic the Skin, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Rheumatism, Salt Swellings, Fever Sores, and all ulcerous sores and diseases? Is it nothing under heaven but an acid substance in the blood and humors that produces all the dreadful diseases? What causes Rheumatism? Is it sour and acid? Is it Infinite humorous itself causes? The Scurvy and Salt Rheum

P. P. Bailey

Has opened his NEW WARE HOUSE on the North side of the Canal, opposite his Grocery Store, and adjoining Bradford & Wilson's Mill where he is ready TO PAY CASH For Flour, Wheat, Pork and Corn.

OR TAKE THE SAME ON STORAGE.

Country Merchants and Farmers, who wish to make their purchases the winter instead of selling, can do so at a low rate of Storage, and have the same insured against loss by fire. If the proprietor be not a ready purchaser while the produce is in store, that case there will be no charge for Storage. Cash Advances made on produce when ever desired. Produce in store to go forward in Spring.

References:
- Messrs. Hamilton & Williams, *Fort Wayne, Ind.*
- " Samuel Hanna, "
- " Hugh McCulloch, Cashier of Bk's "
- " Peckham & Bradbury, *Toledo, Ohio.*
- " Collins, Brown, & Co., "
- " Brownlee & Brown, "
- " H. S. Huntard, *Buffalo, N. Y.*
- " W. E. Hawley, "
- " Col. James H. Hooker, *Buffalo, Troy, New York, and Boston.*

N. B. HARDWARE BUSINESS continued as usual at the old stand, sign of Pad Lock.

Fort Wayne, Dec. 7, 1847. 23.

CHEAP GROCERY.

And Family Grocery Store

THE SUBSCRIBER informs his friends that his old Rockhouse has arisen Phœnix like from the ashes: and having rented the building adjoining the R. W. Taylor's store (a few doors north of the late establishment) he again offers for sale a heavy assortment of

Bread, Cakes, Pastry, Crackers, &c.

of the best quality, trusting his old friends and customers will renew their patronage.

He will also keep on hand a general assortment of fruit

Family Groceries

to which he invites public attention. *No Liquors* will be kept in the establishment

June 8, 1849. 49.

D. H. Hurd's Vegetable Extract for Fits, also Dr. McKenzies Elixir of Opium just rec'd and for sale by H. B. REED.

Shoes for the Million.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE

BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY

HAVING replenished their stock, and made further arrangements to accommodate the public, offer to their numerous customers additional inducements for their continued patronage.

At Wholesale or Retail they offer

Tasia Boots,	Over Shoes,	Thick Shoes
Gaiters,	Calf Boots,	Bushins,
Kip Boots,	Bootees,	Morocco Boots,
Rubbers,	Youth's Boots,	Mens' Gaiters,
Extra Boots,	Stockinett	Rubbers,
Misses' Bushins,	Children's Shoes, &c	

FINDINGS.

Pegs, Nails, Rit, Thread; Lining, Bindings, Lasts, &c., &c.

All the above articles and many more, we offer to sell at the *lowest prices* for DOWN PAY, and we invite the people of North-eastern Indiana to call and be well provided with Boots and Shoes, and remind them of the danger of neglecting the feet in winter,—to take care of the feet is to take care of the head, coms one and all and be well shod—buy new Boots and get the old ones mended

EASTERN BOOTS.

Dealers can be supplied with Eastern Boots of the best quality, better than those usually offered in this market, at eastern prices.

ANDERSON & Co,

Fort Wayne, Jan. 27 1843. y30

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, for Cash, a valuable farm on the St. Mary's river, near the Lima road, and within two miles of Fort Wayne. The property consists of one hundred & three acres of land, seventy five acres of which is under cultivation; a good frame dwelling house of two stories, an excellent frame barn with stables below, and other out buildings; and a young orchard of choice grafted fruit.

This farm, from its location and other advantages offers uncommon inducements to any wishing to purchase. The farm will be sold cheap as the owner is about to leave the country.

HOUGH & TURNER.

Fort Wayne Mar 31, 1849. 39.

VALUABLE

Mill Property for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Mill Property situate on the Elkhart River, in Noble County, Indiana, 40 miles north west from Fort Wayne and the Wabash and Erie Canal.—This property is now improved with a SAW-MILL, and Head Gates for GRIST and other MILLS. The Dam is one of the best in the country, and has been built only two years, but during that time has withstood with out the slightest injury an usual freshets that caused more or less damage to all other dams on the river. The supply of water is unfailing, and sufficient with the Head of 7½ feet of driving 4 run of 44 feet stones, a Saw Mill and Woollen Mill at all times, and during most of the year almost any amount of machinery could be propelled.

The Saw Mill has recently been put in first rate order, and is considered one of the best in the west. Logs in any quantity of the best kind, such as Poplar, Black Walnut, Ash, Oak, and Cherry can always be obtained.

The property is situate in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and water power scarce, thereby insuring to the owner a monopoly of the milling business of the country, if well managed.

In connection with the mill and water power, will be sold

160 ACRES OF LAND

on which the mill is situated, together with Timber got out for the erection of a Flouring Mill.

For particulars as to the con truction of the dam an out, durability, and value of the water power, &c., inquire of M. S. V. Byrd, Millwright, Fort Wayne.

A. B. MILLER.

For particulars apply, if by letter post paid, to T. Tigar, editor of Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Fort Wayne, In. August 18, 1849. tf7

Ohio Statesman (Weekly) put 6th 3 month, and send account to this office.

For Sale.

THE commodious Brick STORE and Ware house, eligibly situate on Columbia street and the canal, known as the Niagara Store, and occupied by A. B. MILLER. For terms, inquire on the premises or at the Sentinel office.

August 4, 1849. tf5

Palo Alto Hotel.

THIS establishment is now fitted up in superior style for the accommodation of travellers and others. The subscriber will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who may favour him with their custom. His Table will at all times be furnished with the best the market affords. Having a careful ostler, marshlers may be assured that their horses will be well attended to. A large and convenient Wagon Yard has recently been fitted up for the accommodation of wagoners, drovers, &c. His charges will be moderate to suit the times.

GEORGE MAYER.

October 13, 1849. 15v

500 ounces Farr's Quinine, warranted pure, for sale at a reduced price.

v 1. 17, 1849. U. B. REED.

FT WAYNE OIL MILL.

THE subscribers have completed their Oil Mill, and are now engaged in the manufacture of LINSEED OIL, and will constantly keep for sale on hand, to sell by wholesale or retail. They also have OIL CAKE to sell—an excellent article to feed stock.

The highest price paid in Cash or Oil for Flax Seed. Farmers who wish to sow Flax Seed for the purpose of raising seed can be supplied on liberal terms.

RUDISILL & WOLFE.

March 11, 1848. y37

Undertaking.

THE undersigned are now prepared to attend on Funeral occasions as they keep READY MADE COFFINS of all sizes and different qualities; viz. Mahogany, Walnut and Cherry, flat and raised lids—also, covered with Black Cloth or Silk Velvet if desired. They will be able to furnish the same promptly and lower than the usual rates. Strict attention will be paid to Funeral Hours, causing no delay.

☞ *A Hearse and good Carriage furnished, free of charge.*

Room on Calhoun st. near the Spencer House

JOHN M. MILLER,
LOUIS PELTIER.

Fort Wayne, June 1, 1849. y36

SCROFULA

Is a subject of which every respectable man and woman is ashamed to speak, but which every one should know, that ONE BOTTLE of it contains more purifying, healing virtues, and medical power, than three is contained in four bottles of any sarsaparilla, or any other preparation of the kind ever before offered for sale. There is undoubtedly proof in our pamphlets, that by the use of this great Indian Purifier, they (the worst Scrofulous) HAVE BEEN CURED after having used various other boasted remedies in vain—for

CHANGE OF LIFE.

from the girl to the woman, and the woman at mid-life age—the change is a serious one, and the other is painfully suppressed, by its personal ugly—the three diseases that frequently arise in consequence of such change.

BRANT'S INDIAN PURIFYING EXTRACT

is such a Medicine, in every respects, and there is abundant proof, in the private letters received, that ONE BOTTLE of it contains more purifying, healing virtues, and medical power, than there is contained in four bottles of any sarsaparilla, or any other preparation of the kind ever before offered for sale. There is undeniable proof in our pamphlets, that by the use of this great Indian Purifier, they (the worst Scrofulous) HAVE BEEN CURED after having used various other boasted remedies in vain—for

CHANGE OF LIFE.

from the girl to the woman, and the woman at mid-life age—the change is a serious one, and the other is painfully suppressed, by its personal ugly—the three diseases that frequently arise in consequence of such change.

Dyspepsia—Sour Stomach!

AUTICA, Genesee Co., February 2, 1848.

MR. T. WALLACE & CO.—Gentlemen,—I was for a long time afflicted with a disease of the stomach. I could not even take gruel, without immediately causing me to throw it up. Medicine, and everything else would cause a sour stomach. I, as an experiment, tried one bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT, which relieved me astonishingly, and *cured me before the second pint after eating.* I therefore used a second bottle, which has completely cured the disease. I am now well and hearty, and can eat almost anything without being pained, or the stomach becoming sour.

T. S. WILCOX.

Mr. Wilcox is a respectable merchant of Attica.

NURSING SORE MOUTH, LUCORRHŒA, &c.

SYRACUSE, Genesee Co., N. Y., Oct. 19, 1847.

MESSRS. M. T. WALLACE & CO.—Some time last winter, my wife was taken with a bad case of Sore Mouth, commonly called Nursing Sore Mouth; she carried me for about five months, during which time she was under the care of two physicians, but received no benefit from them, and finally gave up all hopes of ever getting well. She continued to grow worse, until she was reduced to a mere skeleton. Her mouth was one mass of sores, and she was unable to take any nourishment, except a little milk and water, which she could only take with a spoon, as she could not open her mouth sufficiently to admit a cup. She was also troubled with a severe cough, and had a hectic flush on her cheeks. In this condition she remained for about two months, when I was induced to purchase a bottle of BRANT'S PURIFYING EXTRACT, which I had seen advertised in the papers. She commenced using it, and before she had taken one bottle, the sores in her mouth commenced healing, and she was able to take some nourishment. She continued using the Extract, and in a few weeks was entirely restored to health, and has remained so ever since. I have also used the Extract in my family for Scrofula, and have found it a most excellent medicine. I have also used it for Sore Eyes, and have found it to be a most excellent remedy for that complaint. I have also used it for Liver Complaint, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Dyspepsia, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Rheumatism, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Piles, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Fever and Ague, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Consumption, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Asthma, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Bronchitis, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Whooping Cough, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Croup, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Measles, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Scarlet Fever, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Typhus Fever, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Typhoid Fever, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Yellow Fever, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Black Vomit, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Cholera, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Cholera Morbus, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Cholera Infantum, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Dysentery, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Diarrhœa, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Colic, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Cramp, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Spasms, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Hysterics, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Nervousness, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Debility, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Weakness, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Lassitude, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Languor, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Loss of Appetite, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Want of Appetite, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Indigestion, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Flatulency, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Heartburn, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Headache, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Side, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Back, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Limbs, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Joints, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Feet, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Hands, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. 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I have also used it for Pain in the Grave, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Resurrection, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Judgment, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Heaven, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Hell, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Devil, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the God, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Christ, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. 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I have also used it for Pain in the Sun, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Moon, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Stars, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Planets, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Comets, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Meteors, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Aurora Borealis, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Rainbow, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. 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I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of Women and Children, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of Men, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Skin, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Eye, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Ear, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Nose, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Mouth, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. 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I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Feet, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Toes, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Nails, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Hair, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Skin, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Flesh, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Bones, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Marrow, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Blood, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Veins, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Arteries, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Nerves, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Brain, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Mind, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Soul, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Body, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Spirit, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Life, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Death, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Grave, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Resurrection, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Judgment, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Heaven, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Hell, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Devil, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the God, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Christ, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Holy Ghost, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Trinity, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Unity, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Eternity, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Infinity, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Universe, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the World, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Earth, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Sun, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Moon, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Stars, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Planets, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Comets, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Meteors, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Aurora Borealis, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Rainbow, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Clouds, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Rain, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Snow, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Hail, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Thunder, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Lightning, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Wind, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Storm, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Tempest, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Hurricane, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Whirlwind, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Waterspout, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Earthquake, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Volcano, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Eruption, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Lava, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Ashes, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Cinders, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Coals, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Fire, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Flames, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Smoke, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Steam, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Water, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Ice, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Frost, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Dew, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Air, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Vapour, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Gas, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Electricity, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Magnetism, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Galvanism, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Chemistry, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Alchemy, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Astrology, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Geology, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Mineralogy, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Botany, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Zoology, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Anatomy, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Physiology, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Pathology, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Therapeutics, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Materia Medica, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Practice of Medicine, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Surgery, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Midwifery, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Diseases of Women and Children, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Diseases of Men, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Diseases of the Skin, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Diseases of the Eye, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Diseases of the Ear, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Diseases of the Nose, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Diseases of the Mouth, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Diseases of the Teeth, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Diseases of the Gums, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Diseases of the Tongue, and have found it to be a most excellent medicine for that complaint. I have also used it for Pain in the Diseases of the Diseases of the Throat, and have found it to be a most excellent medic